intention to call up the following resolution, as a question of the privileges of the House:

Whereas the inability of the House to pass a bill to raise the public debt limit will cause the Federal Government to default on its obligations and affect the dignity and integrity of House proceedings; and

Whereas the inability of the House to pass a bill to raise the public debt limit will cause severe hardship on Federal employees, Federal contractors, and the American people and cause millions of American citizens to hold the House in disrepute: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved. That upon the adoption of this resolution, the Speaker of the House shall take such action to keep the House in session until the House considers a clean bill regarding the debt ceiling to avoid default of the full faith and credit of the United States.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, responded to the foregoing notice, and said:

"Under rule IX, a resolution offered from the floor by a Member other than the majority leader or the minority leader as a question of the privileges of the House has immediate precedence only at a time or place designated by the Speaker in the legislative schedule within two legislative days of its being properly noticed. That designation will be announced at a later time. In the meantime, the form of the resolution proffered by the gentlewoman from Texas will appear in the Record at this point.

"The Chair is not at this point making a determination as to whether the resolution constitutes a question of privilege. That determination will be made at the time designated for consideration of the resolution.".

# ¶10.17 WAIVING POINTS OF ORDER

AGAINST THE CONFERENCE REPORT ON H.R. 2546

Mr. LINDER, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 351):

Resolved, That upon adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to consider the conference report to accompany the bill (H.R. 2546) making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of said District for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, and for other purposes. All points of order against the conference report and against its consideration are waived. The conference report shall be considered as read.

When said resolution was considered. After debate,

On motion of Mr. LINDER, the previous question was ordered on the resolution to its adoption or rejection and under the operation thereof, the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

# ¶10.18 D.C. APPROPRIATIONS, FY 1996

Mr. WALSH, pursuant to House Resolution 351, called up the following conference report (Rept. No. 104–455):

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the

amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 2546) "making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of said District for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, and for other purposes," having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the matter stricken and inserted by said amendment, insert:

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, and for other purposes, namely:

#### TITLE I—FISCAL YEAR 1996 APPROPRIATIONS

FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For payment to the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, \$660,000,000, as authorized by section 502(a) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, Public Law 93–198, as amended (D.C. Code, sec. 47–3406.1).

# FEDERAL CONTRIBUTION TO RETIREMENT FUNDS

For the Federal contribution to the Police Officers and Fire Fighters', Teachers', and Judges' Retirement Funds, as authorized by the District of Columbia Retirement Reform Act, approved November 17, 1979 (93 Stat. 866; Public Law 96-122), \$52,070,000.

# FEDERAL CONTRIBUTION FOR EDUCATIONAL REFORM

For a Federal contribution to Education Reform, \$14,930,000 which shall be deposited into an escrow account of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority, pursuant to section 205 of Public Law 104-8, approved April 17, 1995 (109 Stat. 131), and shall be disbursed from such account pursuant to the instructions of the Authority and in accordance with title II of this Act, where applicable, as follows:

\$200,000 shall be available for payments to charter schools;

\$300,000 shall be available for Public Charter School Board:

\$2,000,000 shall be transferred directly, notwithstanding any other provision of law, to the United States Department of Education for awarding grants to carry out Even Start programs in the District of Columbia as provided for in Subtitle C of title II of this Act; \$1,250,000 shall be available to establish core curriculum, content standards, and assessments:

\$500,000 shall be available for payment to the Administrator of the General Services Administration for the costs of developing engineering plans for donated work on District of Columbia public school facilities;

\$100,000 shall be available to develop a plan for a residential school;

\$860,000 shall be available for the District Education and Learning Technologies Advancement Council;

\$1,450,000 shall be available to the District Employment and Learning Center;

\$1,000,000 shall be available for a professional development program for teachers and administrators administered by the nonprofit corporation selected under section 2701 of title II of this Act; \$1,450,000 shall be available for the Jobs for

\$1,450,000 shall be available for the Jobs for D.C. Graduates Program;

\$70,000 shall be available for the Everybody Wins program: Provided, That \$35,000 of this amount shall not be available until the Superintendent certifies to the Chairman of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority that he has raised a like amount from private sources;

\$100,000 shall be available for the Fit Kids program: Provided, That \$50,000 of this amount shall not be available until the Superintendent certifies to the Chairman of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority that he has raised a like amount from private sources;

\$250,000 shall be transferred directly, notwithstanding any other provision of law, to the United States Department of Education to carry out the evaluation of the scholarship program as provided for in Subtitle N of title II of this Act;

\$400,000 shall be available to the District of Columbia Public Schools to improve security (such as installing electronic door locking devices) at such schools, including at a minimum the following schools: Winston Education Center; McKinley High School; Ballou High School; and Cardozo High School; and

\$5,000,000 shall be available for scholarships for low-income students and shall not be disbursed by the Authority until the Authority receives a certification from the District of Columbia Scholarship Corporation that the proposed allocation between the tuition scholarships and enhanced achievement scholarships has been approved by the Council of the District of Columbia consistent with the Scholarship Corporation's most recent proposal concerning the implementation of the low-income scholarship program. These funds shall lapse and be returned by the Authority to the U.S. Treasury on September 30, 1996, if the required certification from the Scholarship Corporation is not received by July 1, 1996: Provided, That no funds provided under this heading may be used for any indirect cost charges of the District of Columbia Board of Education, the District of Columbia Public Schools or the District of Columbia government.

### DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The following amounts are appropriated for the District of Columbia for the current fiscal year out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, except as otherwise specifically provided.

### GOVERNMENTAL DIRECTION AND SUPPORT

Governmental direction and support, \$149,130,000 and 1,498 full-time equivalent positions (end of year) (including \$117,464,000 and 1,158 full-time equivalent positions from local funds, \$2,464,000 and 5 full-time equivalent positions from Federal funds, \$4,474,000 and 71 full-time equivalent positions from other funds, and \$24,728,000 and 264 full-time equivalent positions from intra-District funds): Provided, That not to exceed \$2,500 for the Mayor, \$2,500 for the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia, and \$2,500 for the City Administrator shall be available from this appropriation for expenditures for official purposes: Provided, further, That any program fees collected from the issuance of debt shall be available for the payment of expenses of the debt management program of the District of Columbia: Provided further, That no revenues from Federal sources shall be used to support the operations or activities of the Statehood Commission and Statehood Compact Commission: Provided further, That the District of Columbia shall identify the sources of funding for Admission to Statehood from its own locally-generated revenues: Provided further, That \$29,500,000 is for pay-as-you-go capital projects of which \$1,500,000 shall be for a capital needs assessment study, and \$28,000,000 shall be for a new financial management system, if so determined following

the evaluation and review process subsequently described in this paragraph, of which \$2,000,000 shall be used to develop a needs analysis and assessment of the existing financial management environment, and the remaining \$26,000,000 shall be used to procure the necessary hardware and installation of new software, conversion, testing and training: Provided, further, That the \$26,000,000 shall not be obligated or expended until: (1) the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority submits a report to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and the Senate, the Committee on Governmental Reform and Oversight of the House, and the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate reporting the results of a needs analysis and assessment of the existing financial management environment, specifying the deficiencies in, and recommending necessary improvements to or replacement of the District's financial management system including a detailed explanation of each recommendation and its estimated cost; and (2) 30 days lapse after receipt of the report by Congress.

### ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND REGULATION

Economic development and regulation, \$140,983,000 and 1,692 full-time equivalent positions (end-of-year) (including \$68,203,000 and 698 full-time equivalent positions from local funds, \$38,792,000 and 509 full-time equivalent positions from Federal funds, \$17,658,000 and 258 full-time equivalent positions from other funds, and \$16,330,000 and 227 full-time equivalent positions from intra-District funds): Provided, That the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency, established by section 201 of the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Act, effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 2-135; D.C. Code, sec. 45-2111), based upon its capability of repayments as determined each year by the Council of the District of Columbia from the Housing Finance Agency's annual audited financial statements to the Council of the District of Columbia, shall repay to the general fund an amount equal to the appropriated administrative costs plus interest at a rate of four percent per annum for a term of 15 years, with a deferral of payments for the first three years: Provided further, That notwithstanding the foregoing provision, the obligation to repay all or part of the amounts due shall be subject to the rights of the owners of any bonds or notes issued by the Housing Finance Agency and shall be repaid to the District of Columbia government only from available operating revenues of the Housing Finance Agency that are in excess of the amounts required for debt service, reserve funds, and operating expenses: Provided further, That upon commencement of the debt service payments, such payments shall be deposited into the general fund of the District of Columbia.

### PUBLIC SAFETY AND JUSTICE

Public safety and justice, including purchase of 135 passenger-carrying vehicles for replacement only, including 130 for policetype use and five for fire-type use, without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year, \$963,848,000 and 11,544 full-time equivalent positions (end-of-year) (including \$940,631,000 and 11,365 full-time equivalent positions from local funds, \$8,942,000 and 70 full-time equivalent positions from Federal funds, \$5,160,000 and 4 full-time equivalent positions from other funds, and \$9,115,000 and 105 full-time equivalent positions from intra-District funds): Provided, That the Metropolitan Police Department is authorized to replace not to exceed 25 passenger-carrying vehicles and the Fire Department of the District of Columbia is authorized to replace not to exceed five passenger-carrying vehicles annually when-

ever the cost of repair to any damaged vehicle exceeds three-fourths of the cost of the replacement: Provided further, That not to exceed \$500,000 shall be available from this appropriation for the Chief of Police for the prevention and detection of crime: Provided further, That the Metropolitan Police Department shall provide quarterly reports to the Committees on Appropriations of the House and Senate on efforts to increase efficiency and improve the professionalism in the department: Provided further, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, or Mayor's Order 86-45, issued March 18, 1986, the Metropolitan Police Department's delegated small purchase authority shall be \$500,000: Provided further, That the District of Columbia government may not require the Metropolitan Police Department to submit to any other procurement review process, or to obtain the approval of or be restricted in any manner by any official or employee of the District of Columbia government, for purchases that do not exceed \$500,000: Provided further, That \$250,000 is used for the Georgetown Summer Detail; \$200,000 is used for East of the River Detail; \$100,000 is used for Adams Morgan Detail; and \$100,000 is used for the Capitol Hill Summer Detail: Provided further, That the Metropolitan Police Department shall employ an authorized level of sworn officers not to be less than 3,800 sworn officers for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996: Provided further, That funds appropriated for expenses under the District of Columbia Criminal Justice Act, approved September 3, 1974 (88 Stat. 1090; Public Law 93-412; D.C. Code, sec. 11-2601 et seq.), for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, shall be available for obligations incurred under the Act in each fiscal year since inception in the fiscal year 1975: Provided further, That funds appropriated for expenses under the District of Columbia Neglect Representation Equity Act of 1984, effective March 13, 1985 (D.C. Law 5-129; D.C. Code, sec. 16-2304), for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, shall be available for obligations incurred under the Act in each fiscal year since inception in the fiscal year 1985: Provided further, That funds appropriated for expenses under the District of Columbia Guardianship, Protective Proceedings, and Durable Power of Attorney Act of 1986, effective February 27, 1987 (D.C. Law 6-204; D.C. Code, sec. 21-2060), for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, shall be available for obligations incurred under the Act in each fiscal year since inception in fiscal year 1989: Provided further, That not to exceed \$1,500 for the Chief Judge of the District of Columbia Court of Appeals, \$1,500 for the Chief Judge of the Superior Court of the District of Columbia, and \$1,500 for the Executive Officer of the District of Columbia Courts shall be available from this appropriation for official purposes: Provided further, That the District of Columbia shall operate and maintain a free, 24-hour telephone information service whereby residents of the area surrounding Lorton prison in Fairfax County, Virginia, can promptly obtain information from District of Columbia government officials on all disturbances at the prison, including escapes, riots, and similar incidents: Provided further, That the District of Columbia government shall also take steps to publicize the availability of the 24hour telephone information service among the residents of the area surrounding the Lorton prison: Provided further, That not to exceed \$100,000 of this appropriation shall be used to reimburse Fairfax County, Virginia, and Prince William County, Virginia, for expenses incurred by the counties during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, in relation to the Lorton prison complex: Provided further, That such reimbursements shall be paid in all instances in which the District requests the counties to provide police, fire,

rescue, and related services to help deal with escapes, fires, riots, and similar disturbances involving the prison: Provided further, That the Mayor shall reimburse the District of Columbia National Guard for expenses incurred in connection with services that are performed in emergencies by the National Guard in a militia status and are requested by the Mayor, in amounts that shall be jointly determined and certified as due and payable for these services by the Mayor and the Commanding General of the District of Columbia National Guard: Provided further. That such sums as may be necessary for reimbursement to the District of Columbia National Guard under the preceding proviso shall be available from this appropriation, and the availability of the sums shall be deemed as constituting payment in advance for emergency services involved.

### PUBLIC EDUCATION SYSTEM

Public education system, including the development of national defense education programs, \$795,201,000 and 11,670 full-time equivalent positions (end-of-year) (including \$676,251,000 and 9,996 full-time equivalent po-(including sitions from local funds, \$87,385,000 and 1,227 full-time equivalent positions from Federal funds, \$21,719,000 and 234 full-time equivalent positions from other funds, and \$9.846,000 and 213 full-time equivalent positions from intra-District funds), to be allocated as follows: \$580,996,000 and 10,167 full-time equivalent positions (including \$498,310,000 and 9,014 fulltime equivalent positions from local funds \$75,786,000 and 1,058 full-time equivalent positions from Federal funds, \$4,343,000 and 44 full-time equivalent positions from other funds, and \$2,557,000 and 51 full-time equivalent positions from intra-District funds), for the public schools of the District of Columbia; \$111,800,000 (including \$111,000,000 from local funds and \$800,000 from intra-District funds) shall be allocated for the District of Columbia Teachers' Retirement Fund; \$79,396,000 and 1,079 full-time equivalent positions (including \$45,388,000 and 572 full-time equivalent positions from local funds, \$10,611,000 and 156 full-time equivalent positions from Federal funds, \$16,922,000 and 189 full-time equivalent positions from other funds, and \$6,486,000 and 162 full-time equivalent positions from intra-District funds) for the University of the District of Columbia; \$20,742,000 and 415 full-time equivalent positions (including \$19,839,000 and 408 full-time equivalent positions from local funds, \$446,000 and 6 full-time equivalent positions from Federal funds, \$454,000 and 1 full-time equivalent position from other funds, and \$3,000 from intra-District funds) for the Public Library; \$2,267,000 and 9 full-time equivalent positions (including \$1,725,000 and 2 fulltime equivalent positions from local funds and \$542,000 and 7 full-time equivalent positions from Federal funds) for the Commission on the Arts and Humanities: Provided. That the public schools of the District of Columbia are authorized to accept not to exceed 31 motor vehicles for exclusive use in the driver education program: Provided further, That not to exceed \$2,500 for the Superintendent of Schools, \$2,500 for the President of the University of the District of Columbia, and \$2,000 for the Public Librarian shall be available from this appropriation for expenditures for official purposes: Provided further, That this appropriation shall not be available to subsidize the education of nonresidents of the District of Columbia at the University of the District of Columbia, unless the Board of Trustees of the University of the District of Columbia adopts, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, a tuition rate schedule that will establish the tuition rate for nonresident students at a level no lower than the nonresident tuition rate charged at comparable public institutions of higher education in the metropolitan area.

#### EDUCATION REFORM

Education reform, \$14,930,000, to be allocated as follows:

\$200,000 shall be available for payments to charter schools as authorized under Subtitle B of title II of this Act;

\$300,000 shall be available for the Public Charter School Board as authorized under Subtitle B of title II of this Act;

\$2,000,000 shall be transferred directly, notwithstanding any other provision of law, to the United States Department of Education for awarding grants to carry out Even Start programs in the District of Columbia as provided for in Subtitle C of title II of this Act;

\$1,250,000 shall be available to establish core curriculum, content standards, and assessments as authorized under Subtitle D of title II of this Act;

\$500,000 shall be available for payment to the Administrator of the General Services Administration for the costs of developing engineering plans for donated work on District of Columbia public school facilities as authorized under Subtitle F of title II of this Act:

\$100,000 shall be available to develop a plan for a residential school as authorized under Subtitle G of title II of this Act;

\$860,000 shall be available for the District Education and Learning Technologies Advancement Council as authorized under Subtitle I of title II of this Act:

\$1,450,000 shall be available to the District Employment and Learning Center as authorized under Subtitle I of title II of this Act;

\$1,000,000 shall be available for a professional development program for teachers and administrators administered by the nonprofit corporation selected under section 2701 of title II of this Act as authorized under Subtitle I of title II of this Act:

\$1,450,000 shall be available for the Jobs for D.C. Graduates Program as authorized under Subtitle I of title II of this Act;

\$70,000 shall be available for the Everybody

Wins program; \$100,000 shall be available for the Fit Kids

program; \$250,000 shall be transferred directly, not-

withstanding any other provision of law, to the United States Department of Education to carry out the evaluation of the scholarship program as provided for in Subtitle N of title II of this Act;

\$400,000 shall be available to the District of Columbia Public Schools to improve security (such as installing electronic door locking devices) at such schools, including at a minimum the following schools: Winston Education Center; McKinley High School; Ballou High School; and Cardozo High School; and

\$5,000,000 shall be paid to the District of Columbia Scholarship Corporation authorized under Subtitle N of title II of this Act for scholarships for low-income students:

Provided, That the District of Columbia government shall enter into negotiations with Gallaudet University to transfer, at a fair market value rate, Hamilton School from the District of Columbia to Gallaudet University with the proceeds, if such a sale takes place, deposited into the general fund of the District and used to improve public school facilities in the same ward as the Hamilton School.

### HUMAN SUPPORT SERVICES

Human support services, \$1,855,014,000 and 6,469 full-time equivalent positions (end-of-year) (including \$1,076,856,000 and 3,650 full-time equivalent positions from local funds, \$726,685,000 and 2,639 full-time equivalent positions from Federal funds, \$46,799,000 and 66 full-time equivalent positions from other funds, and \$4,674,000 and 114 full-time equiva-

lent positions from intra-District funds): Provided, That \$26,000,000 of this appropriation, to remain available until expended, shall be available solely for District of Columbia employees' disability compensation: Provided further, That the District shall not provide free government services such as water, sewer, solid waste disposal or collection, utilities, maintenance, repairs, or similar services to any legally constituted private nonprofit organization (as defined in section 411(5) of Public Law 100-77, approved July 22, 1987) providing emergency shelter services in the District, if the District would not be qualified to receive reimbursement pursuant to the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act, approved July 22, 1987 (101 Stat. 485; Public Law 100-77; 42 U.S.C. 11301 et seq.).

#### PUBLIC WORKS

Public works, including rental of one passenger-carrying vehicle for use by the Mayor and three passenger-carrying vehicles for use by the Council of the District of Columbia and purchase of passenger-carrying vehicles for replacement only, \$297,568,000 and 1,914 full-time equivalent positions (end-of-year) (including \$225,915,000 and 1,158 full-time equivalent positions from local funds, \$2,682,000 and 32 full-time equivalent positions from Federal funds, \$18,342,000 and 68 full-time equivalent positions from other funds, and \$50,629,000 and 656 full-time equivalent positions from intra-District funds): Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for collecting ashes or miscellaneous refuse from hotels and places of busi-

### WASHINGTON CONVENTION CENTER FUND TRANSFER PAYMENT

For payment to the Washington Convention Center Enterprise Fund, \$5,400,000 from local funds.

### REPAYMENT OF LOANS AND INTEREST

For reimbursement to the United States of funds loaned in compliance with An Act to provide for the establishment of a modern, adequate, and efficient hospital center in the District of Columbia, approved August 7, 1946 (60 Stat. 896; Public Law 79-648); section 1 of An Act to authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to borrow funds for capital improvement programs and to amend provisions of law relating to Federal Government participation in meeting costs of maintaining the Nation's Capital City, approved June 6, 1958 (72 Stat. 183: Public Law 85-451: D.C. Code, sec. 9-219); section 4 of An Act to authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to plan, construct, operate, and maintain a sanitary sewer to connect the Dulles International Airport with the District of Columbia system, approved June 12, 1960 (74 Stat. 211; Public Law 86-515); sections 723 and 743(f) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act of 1973, approved December 24, 1973, as amended (87 Stat. 821; Public Law 93-198; D.C. Code, sec. 47-321, note; 91 Stat. 1156; Public Law 95-131; D.C. Code, sec. 9-219, note), including interest as required thereby, \$327,787,000 from local funds.

# REPAYMENT OF GENERAL FUND RECOVERY DEBT

For the purpose of eliminating the \$331,589,000 general fund accumulated deficit as of September 30, 1990, \$38,678,000 from local funds, as authorized by section 461(a) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved December 24, 1973, as amended (105 Stat. 540; Public Law 102-106; D.C. Code, sec. 47-321(a)).

# REPAYMENT OF INTEREST ON SHORT-TERM BORROWING

For repayment of interest on short-term borrowing, \$9,698,000 from local funds.

# PAY RENEGOTIATION OR REDUCTION IN COMPENSATION

The Mayor shall reduce appropriations and expenditures for personal services in the amount of \$46,409,000, by decreasing rates of compensation for District government employees; such decreased rates are to be realized from employees who are subject to collective bargaining agreements to the extent possible through the renegotiation of existing collective bargaining agreements: Provided, That, if a sufficient reduction from employees who are subject to collective bargaining agreements is not realized through renegotiating existing agreements, the Mayor shall decrease rates of compensation for such employees, notwithstanding the provisions of any collective bargaining agreements: Provided further, That the Congress hereby ratifies and approves legislation enacted by the council of the District of Columbia during fiscal year 1995 to reduce the compensation and benefits of all employees of the District of Columbia government during that fiscal year: Provided further, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, the legislation enacted by the Council of the District of Columbia during fiscal year 1995 to reduce the compensation and benefits of all employees of the District of Columbia government during that fiscal year shall be deemed to have been ratified and approved by the Congress during fiscal year 1995

#### RAINY DAY FUND

For mandatory unavoidable expenditures within one or several of the various appropriation headings of this Act, to be allocated to the budgets for personal services and nonpersonal services as requested by the Mayor and approved by the Council pursuant to the procedures in section 4 of the Reprogramming Policy Act of 1980, effective September 16, 1980 (D.C. Law 3-100; D.C. Code, sec. 47-363), \$4,563,000 from local funds: Provided, That the District of Columbia shall provide to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate quarterly reports by the 15th day of the month following the end of the quarter showing how monies provided under this fund are expended with a final report providing a full accounting of the fund due October 15, 1996 or not later than 15 days after the last amount remaining in the fund is disbursed.

### INCENTIVE BUYOUT PROGRAM

For the purpose of funding costs associated with the incentive buyout program, to be apportioned by the Mayor of the District of Columbia within the various appropriation headings in this Act from which costs are properly payable, \$19,000,000.

#### OUTPLACEMENT SERVICES

For the purpose of funding outplacement services for employees who leave the District of Columbia government involuntarily, \$1.500.000.

#### BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

The Mayor shall reduce appropriations and expenditures for boards and commissions under the various headings in this Act in the amount of \$500.000.

### GOVERNMENT RE-ENGINEERING PROGRAM

The Mayor shall reduce appropriations and expenditures for personal and nonpersonal services in the amount of \$16,000,000 within one or several of the various appropriation headings in this Act.

#### CAPITAL OUTLAY

#### (INCLUDING RESCISSIONS)

For construction projects, \$168,222,000 (including \$82,850,000 from local funds and \$85,372,000 from Federal funds), as authorized by An Act authorizing the laying of water mains and service sewers in the District of Columbia, the levying of assessments there-

for, and for other purposes, approved April 22, 1904 (33 Stat. 244; Public Law 58-140; D.C. Code, secs. 43-1512 through 43-1519); the District of Columbia Public Works Act of 1954, approved May 18, 1954 (68 Stat. 101; Public Law 83-364); An Act to authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to borrow funds for capital improvement programs and to amend provisions of law relating to Federal Government participation in meeting costs of maintaining the Nation's Capital City, approved June 6, 1958 (72 Stat. 183; Public Law 85-451; including acquisition of sites, preparation of plans and specifications, conducting preliminary surveys, erection of structures, including building improvement and alteration and treatment of grounds, to remain available until expended: Provided, That \$105,660,000 from local funds appropriated under this heading in prior fiscal years is rescinded: Provided further, That funds for use of each capital project implementing agency shall be managed and controlled in accordance with all procedures and limitations established under the Financial Management System: Provided further, That all funds provided by this appropriation title shall be available only for the specific projects and purposes intended: Provided further, That notwithstanding the foregoing, all authorizations for capital outlay projects, except those projects covered by the first sentence of section 23(a) of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1968, approved August 23, 1968 (82 Stat. 827; Public Law 90-495; D.C. Code, sec. 7-134, note), for which funds are provided by this appropriation title, shall expire on September 30, 1997, except authorizations for projects as to which funds have been obligated in whole or in part prior to September 30, 1997: Provided further, That upon expiration of any such project authorization the funds provided herein for the project shall lapse.

### WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund, \$242,253,000 and 1,024 full-time equivalent positions (end-of-year) (including \$237,076,000 and 924 full-time equivalent positions from local funds, \$433,000 from other funds, and \$4,744,000 and 100 full-time equivalent positions from intra-District funds), of which \$41,036,000 shall be apportioned and payable to the debt service fund for repayment of loans and interest incurred for capital improvement projects.

For construction projects, \$39,477,000 from Federal funds, as authorized by An Act authorizing the laying of water mains and service sewers in the District of Columbia, the levying of assessments therefor, and for other purposes, approved April 22, 1904 (33 Stat. 244; Public Law 58-140; D.C. Code, sec. 43-1512 et seq.): Provided, That the requirements and restrictions that are applicable to general fund capital improvement projects and set forth in this Act under the Capital Outlay appropriation title shall apply to projects approved under this appropriation title.

# LOTTERY AND CHARITABLE GAMES ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Lottery and Charitable Games Enterprise Fund, established by the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1982, approved December 4, 1981 (95 Stat. 1174, 1175; Public Law 97-91), as amended, for the purpose of implementing the Law to Legalize Lotteries, Daily Numbers Games, and Bingo and Raffles for Charitable Purposes in the District of Columbia, effective March 10, 1981 (D.C. Law 3-172; D.C. Code, secs. 2-2501 et seq. and 22-1516 et seq.), \$229,950,000 and 88 full-time equivapositions (end-of-year) (including lent \$7,950,000 and 88 full-time equivalent positions for administrative expenses \$222,000,000 for non-administrative expenses

from revenue generated by the Lottery Board), to be derived from non-Federal District of Columbia revenues: Provided, That the District of Columbia shall identify the source of funding for this appropriation title from the District's own locally-generated revenues: Provided further, That no revenues from Federal sources shall be used to support the operations or activities of the Lottery and Charitable Games Control Board.

#### CABLE TELEVISION ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Cable Television Enterprise Fund, established by the Cable Television Communications Act of 1981, effective October 22, 1983 (D.C. Law 5-36; D.C. Code, sec. 43–1801 et seq.), \$2,351,000 and 8 full-time equivalent positions (end-of-year) (including \$2,019,000 and 8 full-time equivalent positions from local funds and \$332,000 from other funds), of which \$572,000 shall be transferred to the general fund of the District of Columbia.

#### STARPLEX FUND

For the Starplex Fund, \$6,580,000 from other funds for the expenses incurred by the Armory Board in the exercise of its powers granted by An Act To Establish A District of Columbia Armory Board, and for other purposes, approved June 4, 1948 (62 Stat. 339; D.C. Code, sec. 2-301 et seq.) and the District of Columbia Stadium Act of 1957, approved September 7, 1957 (71 Stat. 619; Public Law 85-300; D.C. Code, sec. 2-321 et seq.): Provided, That the Mayor shall submit a budget for the Armory Board for the forthcoming fiscal year as required by section 442(b) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 824; Public Law 93–198; D.C. Code, sec. 47–301(b)).

#### D.C. GENERAL HOSPITAL

For the District of Columbia General Hospital, established by Reorganization Order No. 57 of the Board of Commissioners, effective August 15, 1953, \$115,034,000, of which \$56,735,000 shall be derived by transfer as intra-District funds from the general fund, \$52,684,000 is to be derived from the other funds, and \$5,615,000 is to be derived from intra-District funds.

### D.C. RETIREMENT BOARD

For the D.C. Retirement Board, established by section 121 of the District of Columbia Retirement Reform Act of 1989, approved November 17, 1989 (93 Stat. 866; D.C. Code, sec. 1-711), \$13,440,000 and 11 full-time equivalent positions (end-of-year) from the earnings of the applicable retirement funds to pay legal, management, investment, and other fees and administrative expenses of the District of Columbia Retirement Board: Provided, That the District of Columbia Retirement Board shall provide to the Congress and to the Council of the District of Columbia a quarterly report of the allocations of charges by fund and of expenditures of all funds: Provided further, That the District of Columbia Retirement Board shall provide the Mayor, for transmittal to the Council of the District of Columbia, an item accounting of the planned use of appropriated funds in time for each annual budget submission and the actual use of such funds in time for each annual audited financial report.

### CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES FUND

For the Correctional Industries Fund, established by the District of Columbia Correctional Industries Establishment Act, approved October 3, 1964 (78 Stat. 1000; Public Law 88–622), \$10,516,000 and 66 full-time equivalent positions (end-of-year) (including \$3,415,000 and 22 full-time equivalent positions from other funds and \$7,101,000 and 44 full-time equivalent positions from intra-District funds).

Washington Convention Center Enterprise Fund

For the Washington Convention Center Enterprise Fund, \$37,957,000, of which \$5,400,000 shall be derived by transfer from the general fund

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FINANCIAL RESPONSI-BILITY AND MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE AU-THORITY

For the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority, established by section 101(a) of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Act of 1995, approved April 17, 1995 (109 Stat. 97; Public Law 104–8), \$3,500,000.

# PERSONAL AND NONPERSONAL SERVICES ADJUSTMENTS

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Chief Financial Officer established under section 302 of Public Law 104-8, approved April 17, 1995 (109 Stat. 142) shall, on behalf of the Mayor, adjust appropriations and expenditures for personal and nonpersonal services, together with the related fulltime equivalent positions, in accordance with the direction of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority such that there is a net reduction of \$165,837,000, within or among one or several of the various appropriation headings in this Act, pursuant to section 208 of Public Law 104-8, approved April 17, 1995 (109 Stat. 134).

### GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 101. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3109, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order issued pursuant to existing law.

SEC. 102. Except as otherwise provided in

SEC. 102. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all vouchers covering expenditures of appropriations contained in this Act shall be audited before payment by the designated certifying official and the vouchers as approved shall be paid by checks issued by the designated disbursing official.

SEC. 103. Whenever in this Act, an amount is specified within an appropriation for particular purposes or objects of expenditure, such amount, unless otherwise specified, shall be considered as the maximum amount that may be expended for said purpose or object rather than an amount set apart exclusively therefor.

SEC. 104. Appropriations in this Act shall be available, when authorized by the Mayor, for allowances for privately owned automobiles and motorcycles used for the performance of official duties at rates established by the Mayor: Provided, That such rates shall not exceed the maximum prevailing rates for such vehicles as prescribed in the Federal Property Management Regulations 101-7 (Federal Travel Regulations).

SEC. 105. Appropriations in this Act shall be available for expenses of travel and for the payment of dues of organizations concerned with the work of the District of Columbia government, when authorized by the Mayor: Provided, That the Council of the District of Columbia and the District of Columbia Courts may expend such funds without authorization by the Mayor.

SEC. 106. There are appropriated from the applicable funds of the District of Columbia such sums as may be necessary for making refunds and for the payment of judgments that have been entered against the District of Columbia government: Provided, That nothing contained in this section shall be construed as modifying or affecting the pro-

visions of section 11(c)(3) of title XII of the District of Columbia Income and Franchise Tax Act of 1947, approved March 31, 1956 (70) Stat. 78; Public Law 84-460; D.C. Code, sec. 47-1812.11(c)(3)).

SEC. 107. Appropriations in this Act shall be available for the payment of public assistance without reference to the requirement of section 544 of the District of Columbia Public Assistance Act of 1982, effective April 6, 1982 (D.C. Law 4-101; D.C. Code, sec. 3-205.44), and for the non-Federal share of funds necessary to qualify for Federal assistance under the Juvenile Delinquency Prevention and Control Act of 1968, approved July 31, 1968 (82 Stat. 462; Public Law 90–445, 42 U.S.C. 3801 et

seq.).
SEC. 108. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year un-

less expressly so provided herein. SEC. 109. No funds appropriated in this Act for the District of Columbia government for the operation of educational institutions, the compensation of personnel, or for other educational purposes may be used to permit, encourage, facilitate, or further partisan political activities. Nothing herein is intended to prohibit the availability of school buildings for the use of any community or partisan political group during non-school hours.

SEC. 110. The annual budget for the District of Columbia government for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1997, shall be transmitted to the Congress no later than April 15, 1996 or as provided for under the provisions of Public Law 104-8,

April 17, 1995.

SEC. 111. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be made available to pay the salary of any employee of the District of Columbia government whose name, title, grade, salary, past work experience, and salary history are not available for inspection by the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, the House Committee on Government Reform and Oversight, District of Columbia Subcommittee, the Subcommittee on Oversight of Government Management, of the Senate Committee on Governmental Affairs. and the Council of the District of Columbia, or their duly authorized representative: Provided, That none of the funds contained in this Act shall be made available to pay the salary of any employee of the District of Columbia government whose name and salary are not available for public inspection.

SEC. 112. There are appropriated from the applicable funds of the District of Columbia such sums as may be necessary for making payments authorized by the District of Columbia Revenue Recovery Act of 1977, effective September 23, 1977 (D.C. Law 2-20; D.C.

Code, sec. 47–421 et seq.).
SEC. 113. No part of this appropriation shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes or implementation of any policy including boycott designed to support or defeat legislation pending before Congress or any State

legislature.
SEC. 114. At the start of the fiscal year, the Mayor shall develop an annual plan, by quarter and by project, for capital outlay borrowings: Provided, That within a reasonable time after the close of each quarter, the Mayor shall report to the Council of the District of Columbia and the Congress the actual borrowings and spending progress compared with projections.
SEC. 115. The Mayor shall not borrow any

funds for capital projects unless the Mayor has obtained prior approval from the Council of the District of Columbia, by resolution, identifying the projects and amounts to be

financed with such borrowings.

SEC. 116. The Mayor shall not expend any moneys borrowed for capital projects for the operating expenses of the District of Columbia government.

SEC. 117. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated or expended by reprogramming except pursuant to advance approval of the reprogramming granted according to the procedure set forth in the Joint Explanatory Statement of the Committee of Conference (House Report No. 96-443), which accompanied the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1980, approved October 30, 1979 (93 Stat. 713; Public Law 96–93), as modified in House Report No. 98-265, and in accordance with the Reprogramming Policy Act of 1980, effective September 16, 1980 (D.Č. Law 3-100; D.C. Code, sec. 47-361 et seq.): Provided, That for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996 the above shall apply except as modified by Public Law 104-8.

SEC. 118. None of the Federal funds provided in this Act shall be obligated or expended to provide a personal cook, chauffeur, or other personal servants to any officer or employee of the District of Columbia.

SEC. 119. None of the Federal Funds provided in this Act shall be obligated or expended to procure passenger automobiles as defined in the Automobile Fuel Efficiency Act of 1980, approved October 10, 1980 (94 Stat. 1824; Public Law 96-425; 15 U.S.C. 2001(2)), with an Environmental Protection Agency estimated miles per gallon average of less than 22 miles per gallon: Provided, That this section shall not apply to security, emergency rescue, or armored vehicles.

SEC. 120. (a) Notwithstanding section 422(7) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act of 1973, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 790; Public Law 93-198; D.C. Code, sec. 1-242(7)), the City Administrator shall be paid, during any fiscal year, a salary at a rate established by the Mayor, not to exceed the rate established for level IV of the Executive Schedule under 5 U.S.C. 5315.

(b) For purposes of applying any provision of law limiting the availability of funds for payment of salary or pay in any fiscal year, the highest rate of pay established by the Mayor under subsection (a) of this section for any position for any period during the last quarter of calendar year 1995 shall be deemed to be the rate of pay payable for that position for September 30, 1995.

(c) Notwithstanding section 4(a) of the District of Columbia Redevelopment Act of 1945, approved August 2, 1946 (60 Stat. 793; Public Law 79-592; D.C. Code, sec. 5-803(a)), the Board of Directors of the District of Columbia Redevelopment Land Agency shall be paid, during any fiscal year, per diem com-pensation at a rate established by the Mayor.

SEC. 121. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the provisions of the District of Columbia Government Comprehensive Merit Personnel Act of 1978, effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 2-139; D.C. Code, sec. 1-601.1 et seq.), enacted pursuant to section 422(3) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act of 1973, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 790; Public Law 93-198; D.C. Code, sec. 1-242(3)), shall apply with respect to the compensation of District of Columbia employees: Provided, That for pay purposes, employees of the District of Columbia government shall not be subject to the provisions of title 5 of the United States Code.

SEC. 122. The Director of the Department of Administrative Services may pay rentals and repair, alter, and improve rented premises, without regard to the provisions of section 322 of the Economy Act of 1932 (Public Law 72-212; 40 U.S.C. 278a), upon a determination by the Director, that by reason of circumstances set forth in such determination, the payment of these rents and the execution of this work, without reference to the limitations of section 322, is advantageous to the

District in terms of economy, efficiency, and the District's best interest.

123. No later than 30 days after the end of the first quarter of the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, the Mayor of the District of Columbia shall submit to the Council of the District of Columbia the new fiscal year 1996 revenue estimates as of the end of the first quarter of fiscal year 1996. These estimates shall be used in the budget request for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1997. The officially revised estimates at midyear shall be used for the midyear report.

SEC. 124. No sole source contract with the District of Columbia government or any agency thereof may be renewed or extended without opening that contract to the competitive bidding process as set forth in section 303 of the District of Columbia Procurement Practices Act of 1985, effective February 21, 1986 (D.C. Law 6-85; D.C. Code, sec. 1-1183.3), except that the District of Columbia Public Schools may renew or extend sole source contracts for which competition is not feasible or practical, provided that the determination as to whether to invoke the competitive bidding process has been made in accordance with duly promulgated Board of Education rules and procedures.

SEC. 125. For purposes of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, approved December 12, 1985 (99 Stat. 1037; Public Law 99-177), as amended, the term "program, project, and activity" shall be synonymous with and refer specifically to each account appropriating Federal funds in this Act, and any sequestration order shall be applied to each of the accounts rather than to the aggregate total of those accounts: Provided, That sequestration orders shall not be applied to any account that is specifically exempted from sequestration by the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, approved December 12, 1985 (99 Stat. 1037; Public Law 99-177), as amended.

SEC. 126. In the event of a sequestration order is issued pursuant to the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, approved December 12, 1985 (99 Stat. 1037: Public Law 99-177), as amended, after the amounts appropriated to the District of Columbia for the fiscal year involved have been paid to the District of Columbia, the Mayor of the District of Columbia shall pay to the Secretary of the Treasury, within 15 days after receipt of a request therefor from the Secretary of the Treasury, such amounts as are sequestered by the order: Provided, That the sequestration percentage specified in the order shall be applied proportionately to each of the Federal appropriation accounts in this Act that are not specifically exempted from sequestration by the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, approved December 12, 1985 (99) Stat. 1037; Public Law 99-177), as amended.

SEC. 127. For the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, the District of Columbia shall pay interest on its quarterly payments to the United States that are made more than 60 days from the date of receipt of an itemized statement from the Federal Bureau of Prisons of amounts due for housing District of Columbia convicts in Federal penitentiaries for the preceding quarter.
SEC. 128. Nothing in this Act shall be con-

strued to authorize any office, agency or entity to expend funds for programs or functions for which a reorganization plan is required but has not been approved by the Council pursuant to section 422(12) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act of 1973, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 790; Public Law 93-198; D.C. Code, sec. 1-242(12)) and the Governmental Reorganization Procedures Act of 1981, effective October 17, 1981 (D.C. Law 4-42; D.C. Code, sec. 1-299.1 to 1299.7). Appropriations made by this Act for such programs or functions are conditioned on the approval by the Council, prior to October 1, 1995, of the required reorganization plans.

SEC. 129. (a) An entity of the District of Columbia government may accept and use a gift or donation during fiscal year 1996 if—

(1) the Mayor approves the acceptance and use of the gift or donation: Provided, That the Council of the District of Columbia may accept and use gifts without prior approval by the Mayor; and

(2) the entity uses the gift or donation to carry out its authorized functions or duties.

(b) Each entity of the District of Columbia government shall keep accurate and detailed records of the acceptance and use of any gift or donation under subsection (a) of this section, and shall make such records available for audit and public inspection.

(c) For the purposes of this section, the term "entity of the District of Columbia government" includes an independent agency of the District of Columbia.

(d) This section shall not apply to the District of Columbia Board of Education, which may, pursuant to the laws and regulations of the District of Columbia, accept and use gifts to the public schools without prior approval by the Mayor.

SEC. 130. None of the Federal funds provided in this Act may be used by the District of Columbia to provide for salaries, expenses, or other costs associated with the offices of United States Senator or United States Representative under section 4(d) of the District of Columbia Statehood Constitutional Convention Initiatives of 1979, effective March 10, 1981 (D.C. Law 3–171; D.C. Code, sec. 1–113(d)).

# PROHIBITION AGAINST USE OF FUNDS FOR ABORTIONS

SEC. 131. None of the funds appropriated under this Act shall be expended for any abortion except where the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term or where the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest.

# PROHIBITION ON DOMESTIC PARTNERS ACT

SEC. 132. No funds made available pursuant to any provision of this Act shall be used to implement or enforce any system of registration of unmarried, cohabiting couples whether they are homosexual, lesbian, or heterosexual, including but not limited to registration for the purpose of extending employment, health, or governmental benefits to such couples on the same basis that such benefits are extended to legally married couples; nor shall any funds made available pursuant to any provision of this Act otherwise be used to implement or enforce D.C. Act 9–188, signed by the Mayor of the District of Columbia on April 15, 1992.

COMPENSATION FOR THE COMMISSION ON JUDI-CIAL DISABILITIES AND TENURE AND FOR THE JUDICIAL NOMINATION COMMISSION

SEC. 133. Sections 431(f) and 433(b)(5) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; Public Law 93-198; D.C. Code, secs. 11-1524 and title 11, App. 433), are amended to read as follows:

(a) Section 431(f) (D.C. Code, sec. 11-1524) is amended to read as follows:

"(f) Members of the Tenure Commission shall serve without compensation for services rendered in connection with their official duties on the Commission.".

(b) Section 433(b)(5) (title 11, App. 433) is amended to read as follows:

"(5) Members of the Commission shall serve without compensation for services rendered in connection with their official duties on the Commission."

#### MULTIYEAR CONTRACTS

SEC. 134. Section 451 of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act of 1973, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 803; Public Law 93–198; D.C. Code, sec. 1–1130), is amended by adding a new subsection (c) to read as follows:

"(c)(1) The District may enter into multiyear contracts to obtain goods and services for which funds would otherwise be available for obligation only within the fiscal year for which appropriated.

"(2) If the funds are not made available for

the continuation of such a contract into a subsequent fiscal year, the contract shall be cancelled or terminated, and the cost of cancellation or termination may be paid from—

"(A) appropriations originally available for the performance of the contract concerned;

"(B) appropriations currently available for procurement of the type of acquisition covered by the contract, and not otherwise obligated; or

"(C) funds appropriated for those payments.

"(3) No contract entered into under this section shall be valid unless the Mayor submits the contract to the Council for its approval and the Council approves the contract (in accordance with criteria established by act of the Council). The Council shall be required to take affirmative action to approve the contract within 45 days. If no action is taken to approve the contract within 45 calendar days, the contract shall be deemed disapproved."

CALCULATED REAL PROPERTY TAX RATE RESCISSION AND REAL PROPERTY TAX FREEZE

SEC. 135. The District of Columbia Real Property Tax Revision Act of 1974, approved September 3, 1974 (88 Stat. 1051; D.C. Code, sec. 47–801 et seq.), is amended as follows:

(1) Section 412 (D.C. Code, sec. 47-812) is amended as follows:

(A) Subsection (a) is amended by striking the third and fourth sentences and inserting the following sentences in their place: "If the Council does extend the time for establishing the rates of taxation on real property, it must establish those rates for the tax year by permanent legislation. If the Council does not establish the rates of taxation of real property by October 15, and does not extend the time for establishing rates, the rates of taxation applied for the prior year shall be the rates of taxation applied during the tax year."

(B) A new subsection (a-2) is added to read as follows:

"(a-2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the real property tax rates for taxable real property in the District of Columbia for the tax year beginning October 1, 1995, and ending September 30, 1996, shall be the same rates in effect for the tax year beginning October 1, 1993, and ending September 30, 1994.".

(2) Section 413(c) (D.C. Code, sec. 47–815(c)) is repealed.

### PRISONS INDUSTRIES

SEC. 136. Title 18 U.S.C. 1761(b) is amended by striking the period at the end and inserting the phrase "or not-for-profit organizations." in its place.

#### REPORTS ON REDUCTIONS

SEC. 137. Within 120 days of the effective date of this Act, the Mayor shall submit to the Congress and the Council a report delineating the actions taken by the executive to effect the directives of the Council in this Act, including—

(1) negotiations with representatives of collective bargaining units to reduce employee compensation;

(2) actions to restructure existing longterm city debt;

(3) actions to apportion the spending reductions anticipated by the directives of this

Act to the executive for unallocated reductions; and

(4) a list of any position that is backfilled including description, title, and salary of the position.

# MONTHLY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS—BOARD OF EDUCATION

SEC. 138. The Board of Education shall submit to the Congress, Mayor, and Council of the District of Columbia no later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the end of each month a report that sets forth—

(1) current month expenditures and obligations, year-to-date expenditures and obligations, and total fiscal year expenditure projections vs. budget broken out on the basis of control center, responsibility center, agency reporting code, and object class, and for all funds, including capital financing;

(2) a breakdown of FTE positions and staff for the most current pay period broken out on the basis of control center, responsibility center, and agency reporting code within each responsibility center, for all funds, including capital funds;

(3) a list of each account for which spending is frozen and the amount of funds frozen, broken out by control center, responsibility center, detailed object, and agency reporting code, and for all funding sources;

(4) a list of all active contracts in excess of \$10,000 annually, which contains; the name of each contractor; the budget to which the contract is charged broken out on the basis of control center, responsibility center, and agency reporting code; and contract identifying codes used by the D.C. Public Schools; payments made in the last month and year-to-date, the total amount of the contract and total payments made for the contract and any modifications, extensions, renewals; and specific modifications made to each contract in the last month;

(5) all reprogramming requests and reports that are required to be, and have been, submitted to the Board of Education; and

(6) changes made in the last month to the organizational structure of the D.C. Public Schools, displaying previous and current control centers and responsibility centers, the names of the organizational entities that have been changed, the name of the staff member supervising each entity affected, and the reasons for the structural change.

# MONTHLY REPORTING REQUIREMENT

### UNIVERSITY OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

SEC. 139. The University of the District of Columbia shall submit to the Congress, Mayor, and Council of the District of Columbia no later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the end of each month a report that sets forth—

(1) current month expenditures and obligations, year-to-date expenditures and obligations, and total fiscal year expenditure projections vs. budget broken out on the basis of control center, responsibility center, and object class, and for all funds, including capital financing;

(2) a breakdown of FTE positions and all employees for the most current pay period broken out on the basis of control center and responsibility center, for all funds, including capital funds;

(3) a list of each account for which spending is frozen and the amount of funds frozen, broken out by control center, responsibility center, detailed object, and for all funding sources:

(4) a list of all active contracts in excess of \$10,000 annually, which contains: the name of each contractor; the budget to which the contract is charged broken out on the basis of control center and responsibility center, and contract identifying codes used by the University of the District of Columbia; payments made in the last month and year-to-

date, the total amount of the contract and total payments made for the contract and any modifications, extensions, renewals; and specific modifications made to each contract in the last month;

(5) all reprogramming requests and reports that have been made by the University of the District of Columbia within the last month in compliance with applicable law; and

(6) changes in the last month to the organizational structure of the University of the District of Columbia, displaying previous and current control centers and responsibility centers, the names of the organizational entities that have been changed, the name of the staff member supervising each entity affected, and the reasons for the structural change.

#### ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

SEC. 140. (a) The Board of Education of the District of Columbia and the University of the District of Columbia shall annually compile an accurate and verifiable report on the positions and employees in the public school system and the university, respectively. The annual report shall set forth—

(1) the number of validated schedule A positions in the District of Columbia Public Schools and the University of the District of Columbia for fiscal year 1995, fiscal year 1996, and thereafter on full-time equivalent basis, including a compilation of all positions by control center, responsibility center, funding source, position type, position title, pay plan, grade, and annual salary; and

(2) a compilation of all employees in the District of Columbia Public Schools and the University of the District of Columbia as of the preceding December 31, verified as to its accuracy in accordance with the functions that each employee actually performs, by control center, responsibility center, agency reporting code, program (including funding source), activity, location for accounting purposes, job title, grade and classification, annual salary, and position control number.

(b) The annual report required by subsection (a) of this section shall be submitted to the Congress, the Mayor and Council of the District of Columbia, by not later than February 8 of each year.

### ANNUAL BUDGETS AND BUDGET REVISIONS

SEC. 141. (a) Not later than October 1, 1995, or within 15 calendar days after the date of the enactment of the District of Columbia Appropriations Act, 1996, whichever occurs later, and each succeeding year, the Board of Education and the University of the District of Columbia shall submit to the Congress, the Mayor, and Council of the District of Columbia, a revised appropriated funds operating budget for the public school system and the University of the District of Columbia for such fiscal year that is in the total amount of the approved appropriation and that realigns budgeted data for personal services and other-than-personal services, respectively, with anticipated actual expendi-

(b) The revised budget required by subsection (a) of this section shall be submitted in the format of the budget that the Board of Education and the University of the District of Columbia submit to the Mayor of the District of Columbia for inclusion in the Mayor's budget submission to the Council of the District of Columbia for inclusion in the Mayor's budget submission to the Council of the District of Columbia pursuant to section 442 of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, Public Law 93-198, as amended (D.C. Code, sec. 47-301).

#### BUDGET APPROVAL

SEC. 142. The Board of Education the Board of Trustees of the University of the District of Columbia, the Board of Library Trustees,

and the Board of Governors of the D.C. School of Law shall vote on and approve their respective annual or revised budgets before submission to the Mayor of the District of Columbia for inclusion in the Mayor's budget submission to the Council of the District of Columbia in accordance with section 442 of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, Public Law 93–198, as amended (D.C. Code, sec. 47–301), or before submitting their respective budgets directly to the Council.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEE EVALUATIONS

SEC. 143. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule, or regulation, the evaluation process and instruments for evaluating District of Columbia Public Schools employees shall be a non-negotiable item for collective bargaining purposes.

#### POSITION VACANCIES

SEC. 144. (a) No agency, including an independent agency, shall fill a position wholly funded by appropriations authorized by this Act, which is vacant on October 1, 1995, or becomes vacant between October 1, 1995, and September 30, 1996, unless the Mayor or independent agency submits a proposed resolution of intent to fill the vacant position to the Council. The Council shall be required to take affirmative action on the Mayor's resolution within 30 legislative days. If the Council does not affirmatively approve the resolution within 30 legislative days, the resolution shall be deemed disapproved.

(b) No reduction in the number of full-time equivalent positions or reduction-in-force due to privatization or contracting out shall occur if the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority, established by section 101(a) of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Act of 1995, approved April 17, 1995 (109 Stat. 97; Public Law 104-8), disallows the full-time equivalent position reduction provided in this act in meeting the maximum ceiling of 35,984 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996.

(c) This section shall not prohibit the appropriate personnel authority from filling a vacant position with a District government employee currently occupying a position that is funded with appropriated funds.

(d) This section shall not apply to local school-based teachers, school-based officers, or school-based teachers' aides; or court personnel covered by title 11 of the D.C. Code, except chapter 23.

# MODIFICATIONS OF BOARD OF EDUCATION REDUCTION-IN-FORCE PROCEDURES

SEC. 145. The District of Columbia Government Comprehensive Merit Personnel Act of 1978, effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 2-139; D.C. Code, sec. 1-601.1 et seq.), is amended as follows:

- (a) Section 301 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-603.1) is amended as follows:
- (1) A new paragraph (13A) is added to read as follows:
- "(13A) 'Nonschool-based personnel' means any employee of the District of Columbia Public Schools who is not based at a local school or who does not provide direct services to individual students.".
- (2) A new paragraph (15A) is added to read as follows:
- "(15A) 'School administrators' means principals, assistant principals, school program directors, coordinators, instructional supervisors, and support personnel of the District of Columbia Public Schools.".
- (b) Section 801A(b)(2) (D.C. Code, sec. 1–609.1(b)(2)) is amended by adding a new subparagraph (L-i) to read as follows:
- "(L-i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Board of Education shall not issue rules that require or permit nonschool-

based personnel or school administrators to be assigned or reassigned to the same competitive level as classroom teachers;"

(c) Section 2402 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-625.2) is amended by adding a new subsection (f) to read as follows:

"(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Board of Education shall not require or permit nonschool-based personnel or school administrators to be assigned or reassigned to the same competitive level as classroom teachers."

SEC. 146. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule, or regulation, an employee of the District of Columbia Public Schools shall be—

(1) classified as an Educational Service employee;

(2) placed under the personnel authority of the Board of Education; and

the Board of Education; and
(3) subject to all Board of Education rules.
(b) School-based personnel shall constitute

(b) School-based personnel shall constitute a separate competitive area from nonschoolbased personnel who shall not compete with school-based personnel for retention purposes.

SEC. 147. None of the funds provided in this Act may be used directly or indirectly for the renovation of the property located at 227 7th Street Southeast (commonly known as Eastern Market), except that funds provided in this Act may be used for the regular maintenance and upkeep of the current structure and grounds located at such property.

### CAPITAL PROJECT EMPLOYEES

SEC. 148. (a) Not later than 15 days after the end of every fiscal quarter (beginning October 1, 1995), the Mayor shall submit to the Council of the District of Columbia, the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority, and the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate a report with respect to the employees on the capital project budget for the previous quarter.

(b) Each report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall include the following information—

(1) a list of all employees by position, title, grade and step:

(2) a job description, including the capital project for which each employee is working;

(3) the date that each employee began working on the capital project and the ending date that each employee completed or is projected to complete work on the capital project; and

(4) a detailed explanation justifying why each employee is being paid with capital

# MODIFICATION OF REDUCTION-IN-FORCE PROCEDURES

SEC. 149. The District of Columbia Government Comprehensive Merit Personnel Act of 1978, effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 2-139; D.C. Code, sec. 1-601.1 et seq.), is amended as follows:

(a) Section 2401 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-625.1) is amended by amending the third sentence to read as follows: "A personnel authority may establish lesser competitive areas within an agency on the basis of all or a clearly identifiable segment of an agency's mission or a division or major subdivision of an agency.".

(b) A new section 2406 is added to read as follows:

"SEC. 2406. Abolishment of positions for Fiscal Year 1996.

"(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, regulation, or collective bargaining agreement either in effect or to be negotiated while this legislation is in effect for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, each agency head is authorized, within the agency head's discretion, to identify positions for abolishment.

"(b) Prior to February 1, 1996, each personnel authority shall make a final deter-

mination that a position within the personnel authority is to be abolished.

"(c) Notwithstanding any rights or procedures established by any other provision of this title, any District government employee, regardless of date of hire, who encumbers a position identified for abolishment shall be separated without competition or assignment rights, except as provided in this section.

"(d) An employee affected by the abolishment of a position pursuant to this section who, but for this section would be entitled to compete for retention, shall be entitled to 1 round of lateral competition pursuant to Chapter 24 of the District of Columbia Personnel Manual, which shall be limited to positions in the employee's competitive level.

"(e) Each employee who is a bona fide resident of the District of Columbia shall have added 5 years to his or her creditable service for reduction-in-force purposes. For purposes of this subsection only, a nonresident District employee who was hired by the District government prior to January 1, 1980, and has not had a break in service since that date, or a former employee of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services at Saint Elizabeths Hospital who accepted employment with the District government on October 1, 1987, and has not had a break in service since that date, shall be considered a District resident.

"(f) Each employee selected for separation pursuant to this section shall be given written notice of at least 30 days before the effective date of his or her separation.

"(g) Neither the establishment of a competitive area smaller than an agency, nor the determination that a specific position is to be abolished, nor separation pursuant to his section shall be subject to review except as follows—

"(1) an employee may file a complaint contesting a determination or a separation pursuant to title XV of this Act or section 303 of the Human Rights Act of 1977, effective December 13, 1977 (D.C. Law 2-38; D.C. Code, sec. 1-2543); and

"(2) an employee may file with the Office of Employee Appeals an appeal contesting that the separation procedures of subsections (d) and (f) of this section were not

properly applied.

- "(h) An employee separated pursuant to this section shall be entitled to severance pay in accordance with title XI of this Act, except that the following shall be included in computing creditable service for severance pay for employees separated pursuant to this section—
- $\lq\lq(1)$  four years for an employee who qualified for veteran's preference under this act, and

"(2) three years for an employee who qualified for residency preference under this act.

"(i) Separation pursuant to this section shall not affect an employee's rights under either the Agency Reemployment Priority Program or the Displaced Employee Program established pursuant to Chapter 24 of the District Personnel Manual.

"(j) The Mayor shall submit to the Council a listing of all positions to be abolished by agency and responsibility center by March 1, 1996, or upon the delivery of termination no-

tices to individual employees.

"(k) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1708 or section 2402(d), the provisions of this act shall not be deemed negotiable.

"(I) A personnel authority shall cause a 30-day termination notice to be served, no later than September 1, 1996, on any incumbent employee remaining in any position identified to be abolished pursuant to subsection (b) of this section".

Sec. 150. (a) CEILING ON TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the total amount appropriated

in this Act for operating expenses for the District of Columbia for fiscal year 1996 under the caption "Division of Expenses" shall not exceed \$4,994,000,000 of which \$165,339,000 shall be from intra-District funds.

(b) ACCEPTANCE AND USE OF GRANTS NOT INCLUDED IN CEILING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection 9a), the Mayor of the District of Columbia may accept, obligate, and expend Federal, private, and other grants received by the District government that are not reflected in the amounts appropriated in this Act.

(2) REQUIREMENT OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER REPORT AND FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY AND MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE AUTHORITY APPROVAL.—No such Federal, private, or other grant may be accepted, obligated, or expended pursuant to paragraph (1) until—

(A) the Chief Financial Officer of the District submits to the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority established by Public Law 104-8 (109 Stat. 97) a report setting forth detailed information regarding such grant; and

(B) the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority has reviewed and approved the acceptance, obligation, and expenditure of such grant in accordance with review and approval procedures consistent with the provisions of Public Law 104-8.

(3) PROHIBITION ON SPENDING IN ANTICIPATION OF APPROVAL OR RECEIPT.—No amount may be obligated or expended from the general fund or other funds of the District government in anticipation of the approval or receipt of a grant under paragraph (2)(B) or in anticipation of the approval or receipt of a Federal, private, or other grant not subject to such paragraph.

(4) MONTHLY REPORTS.—The Chief Financial Officer of the District shall prepare a monthly report setting forth detailed information regarding all Federal, private, and other grants subject to this subsection. Each such report shall be submitted to the Council of the District of Columbia, and to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate, not later than 15 days after the end of the month covered by the report.

PLANS FOR LORTON CORRECTIONAL COMPLEX

SEC. 151. (a) DEVELOPMENT OF PLANS.—Not later than March 15, 1996, the District of Columbia shall develop a series of alternative plans meeting the requirements of subsection (b) for the use and operation of the Lorton Correctional Complex (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Complex"), including—

(1) a plan under which the Complex will be closed:

(2) a plan under which the Complex will remain in operation under the management of the District of Columbia subject to such modifications as the District considers appropriate:

(3) a plan under which the Complex will be operated under the management of the Federal government;

(4) a plan under which the Complex will be operated under private management; and

(5) such other plans as the District of Columbia considers appropriate.

(b) REQUIREMENTS FOR PLANS.—Each of the plans developed by the District of Columbia under subsection (a) shall meet the following requirements:

(i) The plan shall provide for an appropriate transition period not to exceed 5 years in length.

(2) The plan shall include provisions specifying how and to what extent the District will utilize alternative management, including the private sector, for the operation of correctional facilities for the District, and shall include provisions describing the treatment under such alternative management (including under contracts) of site selection, design, financing, construction, and operation of correctional facilities for the District.

(3) The plan shall include a description of any legislation required to implement the plan.

(4) The plan shall include an implementation schedule, together with specific performance measures and timelines to determine the extent to which the District is meeting the schedule during the transition period.

(5) Under the plan, the Mayor of the District of Columbia shall submit a semi-annual report to the President, Congress, and the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority describing the actions taken by the District under the plan, and in addition shall regularly report to the President, Congress, and the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority on all significant measures taken under the plan as soon as such measures are taken.

(6) For each of the years during which the plan is in effect, the plan shall be consistent with the financial plan and budget for the District of Columbia for the year under subtitle A of title II of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Act of 1995.

(c) SUBMISSION OF PLAN.—Upon completing the development of the plans under subsection (a), the District of Columbia shall submit the plans to the President, Congress, and the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority.

#### PROHIBITION AGAINST ADOPTION BY UNMARRIED COUPLES

SEC. 152. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 16–302, D.C. Code, is amended—

(1) by striking "Any person" and inserting "(a) Subject to subsection (b), any person"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following subsection:

"(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), no person may join in a petition under this section unless the person is the spouse of the petitioner.

"(2) An unmarried person may file a petition for adoption where no other person joins in the petition or where the co-petitioner is the natural parent of the child.".

TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO FINANCIAL RE-SPONSIBILITY AND MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE ACT

SEC. 153. (a) REQUIRING GSA TO PROVIDE SUPPORT SERVICES.—Section 103(f) of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Act of 1995 is amended by striking "may provide" and inserting "shall promptly provide".

(b) AVAILABILITY OF CERTAIN FEDERAL BENEFITS FOR INDIVIDUALS WHO BECOME EMPLOYED BY THE AUTHORITY.—

(1) FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—SUB-SECTION (E) OF SECTION 102 OF SUCH ACT IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

"(e) PRESERVATION OF RETIREMENT AND CERTAIN OTHER RIGHTS OF FEDERAL EMPLOY-EES WHO BECOME EMPLOYED BY THE AUTHOR-ITY.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any Federal employee who becomes employed by the Authority—

"(A) may elect, for the purposes set forth in paragraph (2)(A), to be treated, for so long as that individual remains continuously employed by the Authority, as if such individual had not separated from service with the Federal Government, subject to paragraph (3); and

"(B) shall, if such employee subsequently becomes reemployed by the Federal Government, be entitled to have such individual's service with the Authority treated, for purposes of determining the appropriate leave accrual rate, as if it had been service with the Federal Government.

(2) EFFECT OF AN ELECTION.—An election made by an individual under the provisions

of paragraph (1)(A)-

(A) shall qualify such individual for the treatment describe in such provisions for purposes of-

(i) chapter 83 or 84 of title 5, United States Code, as appropriate (relating to retirement), including the Thrift Savings Plan;

(ii) chapter 87 of such title (relating to life insurance); and

'(iii) chapter 89 of such title (relating to health insurance); and

(B) shall disqualify such individual, while such election remains in effect, from participating in the programs offered by the government of the District of Columbia (if any) corresponding to the respective programs referred to in subparagraph (A).

(3) CONDITIONS FOR AN ELECTION TO BE EF-FECTIVE.—An election made by an individual under paragraph (1)(A) shall be ineffective

- "(A) it is made before such individual separates from service with the Federal Govern-
- '(B) such individual's service with the Authority commences within 3 days after so separating (not counting any holiday observed by the government of the District of
- '(4) CONTRIBUTIONS.—If an individual makes an election under paragraph (1)(A), the Authority shall, in accordance with applicable provisions of law referred to in paragraph (2)(A), be responsible for making the same deductions from pay and the same agency contributions as would be required if it were a Federal agency.

"(5) REGULATIONS.—Åny regulations necessary to carry out this subsection shall be prescribed in consultation with the Author-

ity by—
''(A) the Office of Personnel Management, to the extent that any program administered by the office is involved;

(B) the appropriate office or agency of the government of the District of Columbia, to the extent that any program administered by such office or agency is involved; and

(C) the Executive Director referred to in section 8474 of title 5, United States Code, to the extent that the Thrift Savings Plan is involved.

"(2) OTHER INDIVIDUALS.—Section 102 of such Act is further amended by adding at the

end the following:
"(f) FEDERAL BENEFITS FOR OTHERS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Office of personnel Management, in conjunction with each corresponding office or agency of the government of the District of Columbia and in consultation with the Authority, shall prescribe regulations under which any individual who becomes employed by the Authority (under circumstances other than as described in subsection (e)) may elect either-

"(A) to be deemed a Federal employee for purposes of the programs referred to in sub-

section (e)(2)(A) (i)-(iii); or

"(B) to participate in 1 or more of the corresponding programs offered by the government of the District of Columbia.

'(2) EFFECT OF AN ELECTION.—An individual who elects the option under subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) shall be disqualified, while such election remains in effect, from participating in any of the programs referred to in the other such subparagraph.

(3) DEFINITION OF 'CORRESPONDING OFFICE OR AGENCY'.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'corresponding office or agency of

the government of the District of Columbia' means, with respect to any program administered by the Office of Personnel Management, the office or agency responsible for administering the corresponding program (if any) offered by the government of the District of Columbia.

'(4) THRIFT SAVINGS PLAN.—To the extent that the Thrift Savings Plan is involved, the preceding provisions of this subsection shall be applied by substituting 'the Executive Director referred to in section 8474 of title 5, United States Code' for 'the Office of Personnel Management'.

"(3) EFFECTIVE DATE; ADDITIONAL ELECTION FOR FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES SERVING ON DATE OF ENACTMENT; ELECTION FOR EMPLOY-EES APPOINTED DURING INTERIM PERIOD.

"(A) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, there shall be prescribed in consultation with the Authority (and take effect)-

'(i) regulations to carry out the amendments made by this subsection; and

"(ii) any other regulations necessary to carry out this subsection.

"(B) ADDITIONAL ELECTION FOR FORMER FED-ERAL EMPLOYEES SERVING ON DATE OF ENACT-MENT -

'(i) IN GENERAL.—Any former Federal employee employed by the Authority on the effective date of the regulations referred to in subparagraph (A)(i) may, within such period as may be provided for under those regulations, make an election similar, to the maximum extent practicable, to the election provided for under section 102(e) of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Act of 1995, as amended by this subsection. Such regulations shall be prescribed jointly by the Office of Personnel Management and each corresponding office or agency of the government of the District of Columbia (in the same manner as provided for in section 102(f) of such Act, as so amended).

(ii) EXCEPTION.—An election under this subparagraph may not be made by any individual who-

(I) is not then participating in a retirement system for Federal employees (disregarding Social Security); or

(II) is then participating in any program of the government of the District of Columbia referred to in section 102(e)(2)(B) of such Act (as so amended).

(C) ELECTION FOR EMPLOYEES APPOINTED DURING INTERIM PERIOD.-

(i) FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.—Subsection (e) of section 102 of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Act of 1995 (as last in effect before the date of enactment of this Act) shall be deemed to have remained in effect. for purposes of any Federal employee who becomes employed by the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority during the period beginning on such date of enactment and ending on the day before the effective date of the regulations prescribed to carry out subparagraph (B).

(ii) OTHER INDIVIDUALS.—The regulations prescribed to carry out subsection (f) of section 102 of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Act of 1995 (as amended by this subsection) shall include provisions under which an election under such subsection shall be available to any individual who-

(I) becomes employed by the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending on the day before the effective date of such regulations;

(II) would have been eligible to make an election under such regulations had those regulations been in effect when such individual became so employed; and

(III) is not then participating in any program of the government of the District of Columbia referred to in subsection (f)(1)(B) of such section 102 (as so amended).

(c) EXEMPTION FROM LIABILITY FOR CLAIMS FOR AUTHORITY EMPLOYEES.—Section 104 of such Act is amended-

(1) by striking "the Authority and its members" and inserting "the Authority, its members, and its employees"; and

(2) by striking "the District of Columbia" and inserting "the Authority or its members or employees or the District of Columbia'

(d) PERMITTING REVIEW OF EMERGENCY LEG-ISLATION.—Section 203(a)(3) of such Act is amended by striking subparagraph (C).

ESTABLISHMENT OF EXCLUSIVE ACCOUNTS FOR BLUE PLAINS ACTIVITIES

SEC. 154. (a) OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT -

(1) CONTENTS OF ACCOUNT.—There is hereby established within the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund the Operation and Maintenance Account, consisting of all fund paid to the District of Columbia on or after the date of the enactment of this Act which are

(A) attributable to waste water treatment

user charges:

(B) paid by users jurisdictions for the operation and maintenance of the Blue Plains Wastewater Treatment Facility and related waste water treatment works; or

(C) appropriated or otherwise provided for the operation and maintenance of the Blue Plains Wastewater Treatment Facility and related waste water treatment works.

(2) Use of funds in Account —Funds in the Operation and Maintenance Account shall be used solely for funding the operation and maintenance of the Blue Plains Wastewater Treatment Facility and related waste water treatment works and may not be obligated or expended for any other purpose, and may be used for related debt service and capital costs if such funds are not attributable to user charges assessed for purposes of section 204(b)(1) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act

(b) EPA GRANT ACCOUNT.-

(1) CONTENTS OF ACCOUNT.—There is hereby established within the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund and EPA Grant Account, consisting of all funds paid to the District of Columbia on or after the date of the enactment of this Act which are-

(A) attributable to grants from the Environmental Protection Agency for construction at the Blue Plains Wastewater Treatment Facility and related waste water treatment works: or

(B) appropriated or otherwise provided for construction at the Blue Plains Wastewater Treatment Facility and related waste water treatment works.

(2) USE OF FUNDS IN ACCOUNT.—Funds in the EPA Grant Account shall be used solely for the purposes specified under the terms of the grants and appropriations involved, and may not be obligated or expended for any other purpose.

SEC. 155. (a) Up to 50 police officers and up to 50 Fire and Emergency Medical Services members who were hired before February 14, 1980, and who retire on disability before the end of calendar year 1996 shall be excluded from the computation of the rate of disability retirements under subsection 145(a) of the District of Columbia Retirement Reform Act of 1979 (93 Stat. 882; D.C. Code, sec. 1-725(a)), for purposes of reducing the authorized Federal payment to the District of Columbia Police Offices and Fire Fighters' Retirement Fund pursuant to subsection 145(c) of the District of Columbia Retirement Reform Act of 1979

(b) The Mayor, within 30 days after the enactment of this provision, shall engage an enrolled actuary, to be paid by the District of Columbia Retirement Board, and shall comply with the requirements of section 142(d) and section 144(d) of the District of Columbia Retirement Reform Act of 1979 (Public Law 96-122, approved November 17, 1979; D.C. Code, secs. 1-722(d) and 1-724(d)).

This title may be cited as the "District of Columbia Appropriations Act, 1996".

# TITLE II—DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SCHOOL REFORM

#### SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "District of Columbia School Reform Act of 1995".

#### SEC. 2002. DEFINITIONS.

Except as otherwise provided, for purposes of this title:

- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
- (B) the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate.
- (2) AUTHORITY.—The term "Authority" means the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority established under section 101(a) of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Act of 1995 (Public Law 104–8).
- (3) AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE.—The term "average daily attendance" means the aggregate attendance of students of the school during the period divided by the number of days during the period in which—
  - (A) the school is in session; and
- (B) the students of the school are under the guidance and direction of teachers.
- (4) AVERAGE DAILY MEMBERSHIP.—The term "average daily membership" means the aggregate enrollment of students of the school during the period divided by the number of days during the period in which—
  - (A) the school is in session; and
- (B) the students of the school are under the guidance and direction of teachers.
- (5) BOARD OF EDUCATION.—The term "Board of Education" means the Board of Education of the District of Columbia.
- (6) BOARD OF TRUSTEES.—The term "Board of Trustees" means the governing board of a public charter school, the members of which are selected pursuant to the charter granted to the school and in a manner consistent with this title.
- (7) CONSENSUS COMMISSION.—The term "Consensus Commission" means the Commission on Consensus Reform in the District of Columbia public schools established under subtitle L.
- (8) CORE CURRICULUM.—The term "core curriculum" means the concepts, factual knowledge, and skills that students in the District of Columbia should learn in kindergarten through grade 12 in academic content areas, including, at a minimum, English, mathematics, science, and history.
- (9) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COUNCIL.—The term "District of Columbia Council" means the Council of the District of Columbia established pursuant to section 401 of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act (D.C. Code, sec. 1–221).
  - (10) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "District of Columbia Government" means the government of the District of Columbia, including—

- (i) any department, agency, or instrumentality of the government of the District of Columbia;
- (ii) any independent agency of the District of Columbia established under part F of title IV of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act:
- (iii) any other agency, board, or commission established by the Mayor or the District of Columbia Council;
  - (iv) the courts of the District of Columbia; (v) the District of Columbia Council; and
- (vi) any other agency, public authority, or public nonprofit corporation that has the authority to receive moneys directly or indirectly from the District of Columbia (other than moneys received from the sale of goods, the provision of services, or the loaning of funds to the District of Columbia).
- (B) EXCEPTION.—The term "District of Columbia Government" neither includes the Authority nor a public charter school.
- (11) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM.—The term "District of Columbia Government retirement system" means the retirement programs authorized by the District of Columbia Council or the Congress for employees of the District of Columbia Government.
- (12) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PUBLIC SCHOOL.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "District of Columbia public school" means a public school in the District of Columbia that offers classes—
- (i) at any of the grade levels from prekindergarten through grade 12; or
- (ii) leading to a secondary school diploma, or its recognized equivalent.
- (B) EXCEPTION.—The term "District of Columbia public school" does not include a public charter school.
- '(13) DISTRICTWIDE ASSESSMENTS.—The term ''districtwide assessments'' means a variety of assessment tools and strategies (including individual student assessments under subparagraph (E)(ii)) administered by the Superintendent to students enrolled in District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools that—
- (A) are aligned with the District of Columbia's content standards and core curriculum;
- (B) provide coherent information about student attainment of such standards;
- (C) are used for purposes for which such assessments are valid, reliable, and unbiased, and are consistent with relevant nationally recognized professional and technical standards for such assessments;
- (D) involve multiple up-to-date measures of student performance, including measures that assess higher order thinking skills and understanding; and
  - (E) provide for—
- (i) the participation in such assessments of all students;
- (ii) individual student assessments for students that fail to reach minimum acceptable levels of performance;
- (iii) the reasonable adaptations and accommodations for students with special needs (as defined in paragraph (32)) necessary to measure the achievement of such students relative to the District of Columbia's content standards; and
- (iv) the inclusion of limited-English proficient students, who shall be assessed, to the extent practicable, in the language and form most likely to yield accurate and reliable information regarding such students' knowledge and abilities.
- (14) ELECTRONIC DATA TRANSFER SYSTEM.— The term "electronic data transfer system" means a computer-based process for the maintenance and transfer of student records designed to permit the transfer of individual student records among District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools.
- (15) ELEMENTARY SCHOOL.—The term "elementary school" means an institutional day

or residential school that provides elementary education, as determined under District of Columbia law.

- (16) ELIGIBLE APPLICANT.—The term "eligible applicant" means a person, including a private, public, or quasi-public entity, or an institution of higher education (as defined in section 1201(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1141(a))), that seeks to establish a public charter school in the District of Columbia.
- (17) ELIGIBLE CHARTERING AUTHORITY.—The term "eligible chartering authority" means any of the following:
  - (A) The Board of Education.
- (B) The Public Charter School Board.
  (C) Any one entity designated as an eligible chartering authority by enactment of a bill by the District of Columbia Council after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (18) FAMILY RESOURCE CENTER.—The term "family resource center" means an information desk—
- (A) located in a District of Columbia public school or a public charter school serving a majority of students whose family income is not greater than 185 percent of the income official poverty line (as defined by the Office of Management and Budget, and revised annually in accordance with section 673(2) of the Community Services Block Grant Act applicable to a family of the size involved (42 U.S.C. 9902(3))); and
- (B) which links students and families to local resources and public and private entities involved in child care, adult education, health and social services, tutoring, mentoring, and job training.
- (19) INDIVIDUAL CAREER PATH.—The term "individual career path" means a program of study that provides a secondary school student the skills necessary to compete in the 21st century workforce.
- (20) LITERACY.—The term "literacy" means—
- (A) in the case of a minor student, such student's ability to read, write, and speak in English, and compute and solve problems at levels of proficiency necessary to function in society, to achieve such student's goals, and develop such student's knowledge and potential; and
- (B) in the case of an adult, such adult's ability to read, write, and speak in English, and compute and solve problems at levels of proficiency necessary to function on the job and in society, to achieve such adult's goals, and develop such adult's knowledge and potential.
- (21) LONG-TERM REFORM PLAN.—The term "long-term reform plan" means the plan submitted by the Superintendent under section 2101.
- (22) MAYOR.—The term ''Mayor'' means the Mayor of the District of Columbia.
- (23) METROBUS AND METRORAIL TRANSIT SYSTEM.—The term "Metrobus and Metrorail Transit System" means the bus and rail systems administered by the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority.
- (24) MINOR STUDENT.—The term "minor student" means an individual who—
- (A) is enrolled in a District of Columbia public school or a public charter school; and
- (B) is not beyond the age of compulsory school attendance, as prescribed in section 1 of article I, and section 1 of article II, of the Act of February 4, 1925 (sections 31-401 and 31-402, D.C. Code).
- (25) NONRESIDENT STUDENT.—The term "nonresident student" means—
- (A) an individual under the age of 18 who is enrolled in a District of Columbia public school or a public charter school, and does not have a parent residing in the District of Columbia; or
- (B) an individual who is age 18 or older and is enrolled in a District of Columbia public

school or public charter school, and does not reside in the District of Columbia.

- (26) PARENT.—The term "parent" person who has custody of a child, and who
  - (A) is a natural parent of the child; (B) is a stepparent of the child:
  - (C) has adopted the child; or
- (D) is appointed as a guardian for the child by a court of competent jurisdiction.
  (27) PETITION.—The term "petition" means

 $a\ written\ application.$ 

- (28) PROMOTION GATE.—The term "promotion gate" means the criteria, developed by the Superintendent and approved by the Board of Education, that are used to determine student promotion at different grade levels. Such criteria shall include student achievement on districtwide assessments established under subtitle D.
- (29) PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL.—The term 'public charter school' means a publicly funded school in the District of Columbia
- (A) is established pursuant to subtitle B;
- (B) except as provided under sections 2212(d)(5) and 2213(c)(5) is not a part of the District of Columbia public schools.
- (30) PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL BOARD.—The term "Public Charter School Board" means the Public Charter School Board established under section 2214.
- (31) SECONDARY SCHOOL.—The term "secondary school" means an institutional day or residential school that provides secondary education, as determined by District of Columbia law, except that such term does not include any education beyond grade 12.
- (32) STUDENT WITH SPECIAL NEEDS.—The term "student with special needs" means a student who is a child with a disability as provided in section 602(a)(1) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20) U.S.C. 1401(a)(1)) or a student who is an individual with a disability as provided in section 7(8) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 706(8)).
- (33) SUPERINTENDENT.—The term "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the District of Columbia public schools.
- (34) TEACHER.—The term "teacher" means any person employed as a teacher by the Board of Education or by a public charter

#### SEC. 2003. GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE.

Except as otherwise provided in this title, this title shall be effective during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending 5 years after such date.

### Subtitle A-District of Columbia Reform Plan SEC. 2101. LONG-TERM REFORM PLAN.

(a) IN GENERAL ..-

- (1) PLAN.—The Superintendent, with the approval of the Board of Education, shall submit to the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Authority, the Consensus Commission, and the appropriate congressional committees, a long-term reform plan, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and each February 15 thereafter. The long-term reform plan shall be consistent with the financial plan and budget for the District of Columbia for fiscal year 1996, and each financial plan and budget for a subsequent fiscal year, as the case may be, required under section 201 of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Act of 1995.
  - (2) CONSULTATION.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In developing the longterm reform plan, the Superintendent-
- (i) shall consult with the Board of Education, the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Authority, and the Consensus Commission; and
- (ii) shall afford the public, interested organizations, and groups an opportunity to

present their views and make recommendations regarding the long-term reform plan.

(B) SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS.-Superintendent shall include in the longterm plan a summary of the recommendations made under subparagraph (A)(ii) and the response of the Superintendent to the recommendations.

- (1) AREAS TO BE ADDRESSED.—The longterm reform plan shall describe how the District of Columbia public schools will become a world-class education system that prepares students for lifetime learning in the 21st century and which is on a par with the best education systems of other cities, States, and nations. The long-term reform plan shall include a description of how the District of Columbia public schools will accomplish the following:
- (A) Achievement at nationally and internationally competitive levels by students attending District of Columbia public schools.

(B) The preparation of students for the

workforce, including-

- (i) providing special emphasis for students planning to obtain a postsecondary education; and
- (ii) the development of individual career
- (C) The improvement of the health and safety of students in District of Columbia public schools.
- (D) Local school governance, decentralization, autonomy, and parental choice among District of Columbia public schools.
- (E) The implementation of a comprehensive and effective adult education and literacy program.
- (F) The identification, beginning in grade 3, of each student who does not meet minimum standards of academic achievement in reading, writing, and mathematics in order to ensure that such student meets such standards prior to grade promotion.
- (G) The achievement of literacy, and the possession of the knowledge and skills necessary to think critically, communicate effectively, and perform competently on districtwide assessments, by students attending District of Columbia public schools prior to such student's completion of grade 8.
- (H) The establishment of after-school programs that promote self-confidence, self-discipline, self-respect, good citizenship, and respect for leaders, through such activities as arts classes, physical fitness programs, and community service.
- (I) Steps necessary to establish an electronic data transfer system.
- (J) Encourage parental involvement in all school activities, particularly parent teacher conferences
- (K) Development and implementation, through the Board of Education and the Superintendent, of a uniform dress code for the District of Columbia public schools, that-
- (i) shall include a prohibition of gang membership symbols;
- (ii) shall take into account the relative costs of any such code for each student; and (iii) may include a requirement that students wear uniforms.
- (L) The establishment of classes, beginning not later than grade 3, to teach students how to use computers effectively.
- The development of schools that enable District of Columbia public schools to collaborate with other public and nonprofit agencies and organizations, local businesses, recreational, cultural, and other community and human service entities, for the purpose of meeting the needs and expanding the opportunities available to residents of the communities served by such schools.
- (N) The establishment of programs which provide counseling, mentoring (especially peer mentoring), academic support, out-

reach, and supportive services to elementary, middle, and secondary school students who are at risk of dropping out of school.

- (O) The establishment of a comprehensive remedial education program to assist students who do not meet basic literacy standards, or the criteria of promotion gates established in section 2421
- (P) The establishment of leadership development projects for middle school principals. which projects shall increase student learning and achievement and strengthen such principals as instructional school leaders.
- (Q) The implementation of a policy for performance-based evaluation of principals and teachers, after consultation with the Superintendent and unions (including unions that represent teachers and unions that represent principals).
- (R) The implementation of policies that require competitive appointments for all District of Columbia public school positions.
- (S) The implementation of policies regarding alternative teacher certification require-
- (T) The implementation of testing requirements for teacher licensing renewal.
- (U) A review of the District of Columbia public school central office budget and staffing reductions for each fiscal year compared to the level of such budget and reductions at the end of fiscal year 1995.
- (V) The implementation of the discipline policy for the District of Columbia public schools in order to ensure a safe, disciplined environment conducive to learning.
- (2) OTHER INFORMATION.—For each of the items described in subparagraphs (A) through (V) of paragraph (1), the long-term reform plan shall include-
- (A) a statement of measurable, objective performance goals:
- (B) a description of the measures of performance to be used in determining whether the Superintendent and Board of Education have met the goals;
- (C) dates by which the goals shall be met; (D) plans for monitoring and reporting progress to District of Columbia residents, the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Authority, the Consensus Commission, and the appropriate congressional committees regarding the carrying out of the longterm reform plan; and
- (E) the title of the management employee of the District of Columbia public schools most directly responsible for the achievement of each goal and, with respect to each such employee, the title of the employee's immediate supervisor or superior.
  (c) AMENDMENTS.—The Superior.
- Superintendent, with the approval of the Board of Education, shall submit any amendment to the longterm reform plan to the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Authority, the Consensus Commission, and the appropriate congressional committees. Any amendment to the long-term reform plan shall be consistent with the financial plan and budget for fiscal year 1996, and each financial plan and budget for a subsequent fiscal year, as the case may be, for the District of Columbia required under section 201 of the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Act of 1995.

#### Subtitle B-Public Charter Schools SEC. 2201. PROCESS FOR FILING CHARTER PETI-TIONS.

- (a) EXISTING PUBLIC SCHOOL.—An eligible applicant seeking to convert a District of Columbia public school into a public charter school-
- (1) shall prepare a petition to establish a public charter school that meets the requirements of section 2202;
- (2) shall provide a copy of the petition to-(A) the parents of minor students attending the existing school;

- (B) adult students attending the existing school; and
- (C) employees of the existing school; and
- (3) shall file the petition with an eligible chartering authority for approval after the petition—
- (A) is signed by two-thirds of the sum of—(i) the total number of parents of minor students attending the school; and
- (ii) the total number of adult students attending the school; and
- (B) is endorsed by at least two-thirds of full-time teachers employed in the school.
- (b) PRIVATE OR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL.—An eligible applicant seeking to convert an existing private or independent school in the District of Columbia into a public charter school—
- (1) shall prepare a petition to establish a public charter school that is approved by the Board of Trustees or authority responsible for the school and that meets the requirements of section 2202;
- (2) shall provide a copy of the petition to—
- (A) the parents of minor students attending the existing school;
- (B) adult students attending the existing school; and
- (C) employees of the existing school; and
- (3) shall file the petition with an eligible chartering authority for approval after the petition—
- (A) is signed by two-thirds of the sum of— (i) the total number of parents of minor students attending the school; and
- (ii) the total number of adult students attending the school; and
- (B) is endorsed by at least two-thirds of full-time teachers employed in the school.
- (c) NEW SCHOOL.—An eligible applicant seeking to establish in the District of Columbia a public charter school, but not seeking to convert a District of Columbia public school or a private or independent school into a public charter school, shall file with an eligible chartering authority for approval a petition to establish a public charter school that meets the requirements of section 2202.

### SEC. 2202. CONTENTS OF PETITION.

- A petition under section 2201 to establish a public charter school shall include the following:
- (1) A statement defining the mission and goals of the proposed school and the manner in which the school will meet the content standards, and conduct the districtwide assessments, described in section 2411(b).
- (2) A statement of the need for the proposed school in the geographic area of the school site.
- (3) A description of the proposed instructional goals and methods for the proposed school, which shall include, at a minimum—
- (A) the area of focus of the proposed school, such as mathematics, science, or the arts, if the school will have such a focus;
- (B) the methods that will be used, including classroom technology, to provide students with the knowledge, proficiency, and skills needed—
- (i) to become nationally and internationally competitive students and educated individuals in the 21st century; and
- (ii) to perform competitively on any districtwide assessments; and
- (C) the methods that will be used to improve student self-motivation, classroom instruction, and learning for all students.
- (4) A description of the scope and size of the proposed school's program that will enable students to successfully achieve the goals established by the school, including the grade levels to be served by the school and the projected and maximum enrollment of each grade level.
- (5) A description of the plan for evaluating student academic achievement at the pro-

posed school and the procedures for remedial action that will be used by the school when the academic achievement of a student falls below the expectations of the school.

(6) An operating budget for the first 2 years of the proposed school that is based on anticipated enrollment and contains—

(Å) a description of the method for conducting annual audits of the financial, administrative, and programmatic operations of the school;

(B) either-

- (i) an identification of the site where the school will be located, including a description of any buildings on the site and any buildings proposed to be constructed on the site; or
- (ii) a timetable by which such an identification will be made;
- (C) a description of any major contracts planned, with a value equal to or exceeding \$10,000, for equipment and services, leases, improvements, purchases of real property, or insurance; and
- (D) a timetable for commencing operations as a public charter school.
- (7) A description of the proposed rules and policies for governance and operation of the proposed school.
- (8) Copies of the proposed articles of incorporation and bylaws of the proposed school.
- (9) The names and addresses of the members of the proposed Board of Trustees and the procedures for selecting trustees.
- (10) A description of the student enrollment, admission, suspension, expulsion, and other disciplinary policies and procedures of the proposed school, and the criteria for making decisions in such areas.
- (11) A description of the procedures the proposed school plans to follow to ensure the health and safety of students, employees, and guests of the school and to comply with applicable health and safety laws, and all applicable civil rights statutes and regulations of the Federal Government and the District of Columbia.
- (12) An explanation of the qualifications that will be required of employees of the proposed school.
- (13) An identification, and a description, of the individuals and entities submitting the petition, including their names and addresses, and the names of the organizations or corporations of which such individuals are directors or officers.
- (14) A description of how parents, teachers, and other members of the community have been involved in the design and will continue to be involved in the implementation of the proposed school.
- (15) A description of how parents and teachers will be provided an orientation and other training to ensure their effective participation in the operation of the public charter school.
- (16) An assurance the proposed school will seek, obtain, and maintain accreditation from at least one of the following:
- $\mbox{(A)}$  The Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools.
- (B) The Association of Independent Maryland Schools.
- $\left( \text{C}\right)$  The Southern Association of Colleges and Schools.
- (D) The Virginia Association of Independent Schools.
- (E) American Montessori Internationale.(F) The American Montessori Society.
- (G) The National Academy of Early Childhood Programs.
- (H) Any other accrediting body deemed appropriate by the eligible chartering authority that granted the charter to the school.
- (17) In the case that the proposed school's educational program includes preschool or prekindergarten, an assurance the proposed school will be licensed as a child development center by the District of Columbia

Government not later than the first date on which such program commences.

- (18) An explanation of the relationship that will exist between the public charter school and the school's employees.
- (19) A statement of whether the proposed school elects to be treated as a local educational agency or a District of Columbia public school for purposes of part B of the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1411 et seq.) and section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (20 U.S.C. 794), and notwithstanding any other provision of law the eligible chartering authority shall not have the authority to approve or disapprove such election.

#### SEC. 2203. PROCESS FOR APPROVING OR DENY-ING PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL PETI-TIONS.

(a) SCHEDULE.—An eligible chartering authority shall establish a schedule for receiving petitions to establish a public charter school and shall publish any such schedule in the District of Columbia Register and newspapers of general circulation.

(b) Public Hearing.—Not later than 45 days after a petition to establish a public charter school is filed with an eligible chartering authority, the eligible chartering authority shall hold a public hearing on the petition to gather the information that is necessary for the eligible chartering authority to make the decision to approve or deny the petition.

(c) NOTICE.—Not later than 10 days prior to the scheduled date of a public hearing on a petition to establish a public charter school, an eligible chartering authority—

(1) shall publish a notice of the hearing in the District of Columbia Register and newspapers of general circulation; and

(2) shall send a written notification of the hearing date to the eligible applicant who filed the petition.

- filed the petition.

  (d) APPROVAL.—Subject to subsection (i), an eligible chartering authority may approve a petition to establish a public charter school. if—
- (1) the eligible chartering authority determines that the petition satisfies the requirements of this subtitle;
- (2) the eligible applicant who filed the petition agrees to satisfy any condition or requirement, consistent with this subtitle and other applicable law, that is set forth in writing by the eligible chartering authority as an amendment to the petition; and
- (3) the eligible chartering authority determines that the public charter school has the ability to meet the educational objectives outlined in the petition.
- (e) TIMETABLE.—An eligible chartering authority shall approve or deny a petition to establish a public charter school not later than 45 days after the conclusion of the public hearing on the petition.
- (f) EXTENSION.—An eligible chartering authority and an eligible applicant may agree to extend the 45-day time period referred to in subsection (e) by a period that shall not exceed 30 days.
- (g) DENIAL EXPLANATION.—If an eligible chartering authority denies a petition or finds the petition to be incomplete, the eligible chartering authority shall specify in writing the reasons for its decision and indicate, when the eligible chartering authority determines appropriate, how the eligible applicant who filed the petition may revise the petition to satisfy the requirements for approval.
  - (h) APPROVED PETITION.-
- (1) NOTICE.—Not later than 10 days after an eligible chartering authority approves a petition to establish a public charter school, the eligible chartering authority shall provide a written notice of the approval, including a copy of the approved petition and any conditions or requirements agreed to under

subsection (d)(2), to the eligible applicant and to the Chief Financial Officer of the District of Columbia. The eligible chartering authority shall publish a notice of the approval of the petition in the District of Columbia Register and newspapers of general circulation.

(2) CHARTER.—The provisions described in paragraphs (1), (7), (8), (11), (16), (17), and (18) of section 2202 of a petition to establish a public charter school that are approved by an eligible chartering authority, together with any amendments to the petition containing conditions or requirements agreed to by the eligible applicant under subsection (d)(2), shall be considered a charter granted to the school by the eligible chartering authority.

(i) NUMBER OF PETITIONS.—

- (1) FIRST YEAR.—For academic year 1996–1997, not more than 10 petitions to establish public charter schools may be approved under this subtitle.
- (2) SUBSEQUENT YEARS.—For academic year 1997–1998 and each academic year thereafter each eligible chartering authority shall not approve more than 5 petitions to establish a public charter school under this subtitle.
- (j) EXCLUSIVE AUTHORITY OF THE ELIGIBLE CHARTERING AUTHORITY.—No governmental entity, elected official, or employee of the District of Columbia shall make, participate in making, or intervene in the making of, the decision to approve or deny a petition to establish a public charter school, except for officers or employees of the eligible chartering authority with which the petition is filed.

#### SEC. 2204. DUTIES, POWERS, AND OTHER RE-QUIREMENTS, OF PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS.

- (a) DUTIES.—A public charter school shall comply with all of the terms and provisions of its charter.
- (b) POWERS.—A public charter school shall have the following powers:
- (1) To adopt a name and corporate seal, but only if the name selected includes the words "public charter school".
- (2) To acquire real property for use as the public charter school's facilities, from public or private sources.
- (3) To receive and disburse funds for public charter school purposes.
- (4) Subject to subsection (c)(1), to secure appropriate insurance and to make contracts and leases, including agreements to procure or purchase services, equipment, and supplies.
- (5) To incur debt in reasonable anticipation of the receipt of funds from the general fund of the District of Columbia or the receipt of Federal or private funds.
- (6) To solicit and accept any grants or gifts for public charter school purposes, if the public charter school—
- (A) does not accept any grants or gifts subject to any condition contrary to law or contrary to its charter; and
- (B) maintains for financial reporting purposes separate accounts for grants or gifts.
- (7) To be responsible for the public charter school's operation, including preparation of a budget and personnel matters.
- (8) To sue and be sued in the public charter school's own name.
- (c) Prohibitions and Other Requirements.—
  - (1) CONTRACTING AUTHORITY.—
- (Å) NOTICE REQUIREMENT.—Except in the case of an emergency (as determined by the eligible chartering authority of a public charter school), with respect to any contract proposed to be awarded by the public charter school and having a value equal to or exceeding \$10,000, the school shall publish a notice of a request for proposals in the District of Columbia Register and newspapers of general

circulation not less than 30 days prior to the award of the contract.

- (B) SUBMISSION TO THE AUTHORITY.—
- (i) DEADLINE FOR SUBMISSION.—With respect to any contract described in subparagraph (A) that is awarded by a public charter school, the school shall submit to the Authority, not later than 3 days after the date on which the award is made, all bids for the contract received by the school, the name of the contractor who is awarded the contract, and the rationale for the award of the contract.
  - (ii) EFFECTIVE DATE OF CONTRACT.—
- (I) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subclause (II), a contract described in subparagraph (A) shall become effective on the date that is 15 days after the date the school makes the submission under clause (i) with respect to the contract, or the effective date specified in the contract, whichever is later.
- (II) EXCEPTION.—A contract described in subparagraph (A) shall be considered null and void if the Authority determines, within 12 days of the date the school makes the submission under clause (i) with respect to the contract, that the contract endangers the economic viability of the public charter school.
- (2) Tuition.—A public charter school may not charge tuition, fees, or other mandatory payments, except to nonresident students, or for field trips or similar activities.
- (3) CONTROL.—A public charter school—
- (A) shall exercise exclusive control over its expenditures, administration, personnel, and instructional methods, within the limitations imposed in this subtitle; and
- (B) shall be exempt from District of Columbia statutes, policies, rules, and regulations established for the District of Columbia public schools by the Superintendent, Board of Education, Mayor, District of Columbia Council, or Authority, except as otherwise provided in the school's charter or this subtitle.
- (4) HEALTH AND SAFETY.—A public charter school shall maintain the health and safety of all students attending such school.
- (5) CIVIL RIGHTS AND IDEA.—The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.), title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.), section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1411 et seq.), and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), shall apply to a public charter school.
- (6) GOVERNANCE.—A public charter school shall be governed by a Board of Trustees in a manner consistent with the charter granted to the school and the provisions of this subtitle.
- (7) OTHER STAFF.—No employee of the District of Columbia public schools may be required to accept employment with, or be assigned to, a public charter school.
- (8) OTHER STUDENTS.—No student enrolled in a District of Columbia public school may be required to attend a public charter school.
- (9) TAXES OR BONDS.—A public charter school shall not levy taxes or issue bonds.
- (10) CHARTER REVISION.—A public charter school seeking to revise its charter shall prepare a petition for approval of the revision and file the petition with the eligible chartering authority that granted the charter. The provisions of section 2203 shall apply to such a petition in the same manner as such provisions apply to a petition to establish a public charter school.
  - (11) ANNUAL REPORT.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—A public charter school shall submit an annual report to the eligible chartering authority that approved its charter and to the Consensus Commission. The

- school shall permit a member of the public to review any such report upon request.
- (B) CONTENTS.—A report submitted under subparagraph (A) shall include the following data:
- (i) A report on the extent to which the school is meeting its mission and goals as stated in the petition for the charter school.
- (ii) Student performance on any districtwide assessments.
- (iii) Grade advancement for students enrolled in the public charter school.
- (iv) Graduation rates, college admission test scores, and college admission rates, if applicable.
- (v) Types and amounts of parental involvement.
  - (vi) Official student enrollment.
- (vii) Average daily attendance.
- (viii) Average daily membership
- (ix) A financial statement audited by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with Government auditing standards for financial audits issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.
- (x) A report on school staff indicating the qualifications and responsibilities of such staff.
- (xi) A list of all donors and grantors that have contributed monetary or in-kind donations having a value equal to or exceeding \$500 during the year that is the subject of the report.
- (C) NONIDENTIFYING DATA.—Data described in clauses (i) through (ix) of subparagraph (B) that are included in an annual report shall not identify the individuals to whom the data pertain.
- (12) CENSUS.—A public charter school shall provide to the Board of Education student enrollment data necessary for the Board of Education to comply with section 3 of article II of the Act of February 4, 1925 (D.C. Code, sec. 31-404) (relating to census of minors).
- (13) COMPLAINT RESOLUTION PROCESS.—A public charter school shall establish an informal complaint resolution process.
- (14) PROGRAM OF EDUCATION.—A public charter school shall provide a program of education which shall include one or more of the following:
  - (A) Preschool.
  - (B) Prekindergarten.
- (C) Any grade or grades from kindergarten through grade 12.
- (D) Adult, community, continuing, and vocational education programs.
- (15) Nonsectarian nature of schools.—A public charter school shall be nonsectarian and shall not be affiliated with a sectarian school or religious institution.
- (16) NONPROFIT STATUS OF SCHOOL.—A public charter school shall be organized under the District of Columbia Nonprofit Corporation Act (D.C. Code, sec. 29–501 et seq.).
  - (17) IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—A public charter school, and its incorporators, Board of Trustees, officers, employees, and volunteers, shall be immune from civil liability, both personally and professionally, for any act or omission within the scope of their official duties unless the act or omission—
- (i) constitutes gross negligence;
- (ii) constitutes an intentional tort; or
- (iii) is criminal in nature.
- (B) COMMON LAW IMMUNITY PRESERVED.— Subparagraph (A) shall not be construed to abrogate any immunity under common law of a person described in such subparagraph.

# SEC. 2205. BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF A PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL.

(a) BOARD OF TRUSTEES.—The members of a Board of Trustees of a public charter school shall be elected or selected pursuant to the charter granted to the school. Such Board of Trustees shall have an odd number of members that does not exceed 7, of which—

- (1) a majority shall be residents of the District of Columbia; and
- (2) at least 2 shall be parents of a student attending the school.
- (b) ELIGIBILITY.—An individual is eligible for election or selection to the Board of Trustees of a public charter school if the person—
- (1) is a teacher or staff member who is employed at the school;
- (2) is a parent of a student attending the school: or
- (3) meets the election or selection criteria set forth in the charter granted to the school.
- (c) ELECTION OR SELECTION OF PARENTS.—In the case of the first Board of Trustees of a public charter school to be elected or selected after the date on which the school is granted a charter, the election or selection of the members under subsection (a)(2) shall occur on the earliest practicable date after classes at the school have commenced. Until such date, any other members who have been elected or selected shall serve as an interim Board of Trustees. Such an interim Board of Trustees may exercise all of the powers, and shall be subject to all of the duties, of a Board of Trustees.
- (d) FIDUCIARIES.—The Board of Trustees of a public charter school shall be fiduciaries of the school and shall set overall policy for the school. The Board of Trustees may make final decisions on matters related to the operation of the school, consistent with the charter granted to the school, this subtitle, and other applicable law.

# SEC. 2206. STUDENT ADMISSION, ENROLLMENT, AND WITHDRAWAL.

- (a) OPEN ENROLLMENT.—Enrollment in a public charter school shall be open to all students who are residents of the District of Columbia and, if space is available, to nonresident students who meet the tuition requirement in subsection (e).
- (b) CRITERIA FOR ADMISSION.—A public charter school may not limit enrollment on the basis of a student's race, color, religion, national origin, language spoken, intellectual or athletic ability, measures of achievement or aptitude, or status as a student with special needs. A public charter school may limit enrollment to specific grade levels.

  (c) RANDOM SELECTION.—If there are more
- (c) RANDOM SELECTION.—If there are more applications to enroll in a public charter school from students who are residents of the District of Columbia than there are spaces available, students shall be admitted using a random selection process
- using a random selection process.

  (d) ADMISSION TO AN EXISTING SCHOOL.—
  During the 5-year period beginning on the date that a petition, filed by an eligible applicant seeking to convert a District of Columbia public school or a private or independent school into a public charter school, is approved, the school may give priority in enrollment to—
- (1) students enrolled in the school at the time the petition is granted;
- (2) the siblings of students described in paragraph (1); and
- (3) in the case of the conversion of a District of Columbia public school, students who reside within the attendance boundaries, if any, in which the school is located.
- (e) Nonresident Students.—Nonresident students shall pay tuition to attend a public charter school at the applicable rate established for District of Columbia public schools administered by the Board of Education for the type of program in which the student is enrolled.
- (f) STUDENT WITHDRAWAL.—A student may withdraw from a public charter school at any time and, if otherwise eligible, enroll in a District of Columbia public school administered by the Board of Education.
- (g) EXPULSION AND SUSPENSION.—The principal of a public charter school may expel or

suspend a student from the school based on criteria set forth in the charter granted to the school.

#### SEC. 2207. EMPLOYEES.

- (a) EXTENDED LEAVE OF ABSENCE WITHOUT PAY.—
- (1) Leave of absence from district of columbia public schools.—The Superintendent shall grant, upon request, an extended leave of absence, without pay, to an employee of the District of Columbia public schools for the purpose of permitting the employee to accept a position at a public charter school for a 2-year term.
- (2) REQUEST FOR EXTENSION.—At the end of a 2-year term referred to in paragraph (1), an employee granted an extended leave of absence without pay under such paragraph may submit a request to the Superintendent for an extension of the leave of absence for an unlimited number of 2-year terms. The Superintendent may not unreasonably (as determined by the eligible chartering authority) withhold approval of the request.
- (3) RIGHTS UPON TERMINATION OF LEAVE.—An employee granted an extended leave of absence without pay for the purpose described in paragraph (1) or (2) shall have the same rights and benefits under law upon termination of such leave of absence as an employee of the District of Columbia public schools who is granted an extended leave of absence without pay for any other purpose.

  (b) RETIREMENT SYSTEM.—
- (1) CREDITABLE SERVICE.—An employee of a public charter school who has received a leave of absence under subsection (a) shall receive creditable service, as defined in section 2604 of D.C. Law 2-139, effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-627.4) and the rules established under such section, for the period of the employee's employment at the public charter school.
- (2) AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH SEPARATE SYSTEM.—A public charter school may establish a retirement system for employees under its authority.
- (3) ELECTION OF RETIREMENT SYSTEM.—A former employee of the District of Columbia public schools who becomes an employee of a public charter school within 60 days after the date the employee's employment with the District of Columbia public schools is terminated may, at the time the employee commences employment with the public charter school. elect—
- (A) to remain in a District of Columbia Government retirement system and continue to receive creditable service for the period of their employment at a public charter school;
- (B) to transfer into a retirement system established by the public charter school pursuant to paragraph (2).
- (4) PROHIBITED EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS.— No public charter school may require a former employee of the District of Columbia public schools to transfer to the public charter school's retirement system as a condition of employment.
  - (5) CONTRIBUTIONS.—
- (Å) EMPLOYEES ELECTING NOT TO TRANSFER.—In the case of a former employee of the District of Columbia public schools who elects to remain in a District of Columbia Government retirement system pursuant to paragraph (3)(A), the public charter school that employs the person shall make the same contribution to such system on behalf of the person as the District of Columbia would have been required to make if the person had continued to be an employee of the District of Columbia public schools.
- (B) EMPLOYEES ELECTING TO TRANSFER.—In the case of a former employee of the District of Columbia public schools who elects to transfer into a retirement system of a public charter school pursuant to paragraph (3)(B),

the applicable District of Columbia Government retirement system from which the former employee is transferring shall compute the employee's contribution to that system and transfer this amount, to the retirement system of the public charter school.

(c) EMPLOYMENT STATUS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as provided in this section, an employee of a public charter school shall not be considered to be an employee of the District of Columbia Government for any purpose.

#### SEC. 2208. REDUCED FARES FOR PUBLIC TRANS-PORTATION.

A student attending a public charter school shall be eligible for reduced fares on the Metrobus and Metrorail Transit System on the same terms and conditions as are applicable under section 2 of D.C. Law 2–152, effective March 9, 1979 (D.C. Code, sec. 44–216 et seq.), to a student attending a District of Columbia public school.

# SEC. 2209. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PUBLIC SCHOOL SERVICES TO PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS.

The Superintendent may provide services, such as facilities maintenance, to public charter schools. All compensation for costs of such services shall be subject to negotiation and mutual agreement between a public charter school and the Superintendent.

#### SEC. 2210. APPLICATION OF LAW.

- (a) Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.—
- (1) Treatment as local educational agency.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—For any fiscal year, a public charter school shall be considered to be a local educational agency for purposes of part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311 et seq.), and shall be eligible for assistance under such part, if the fraction the numerator of which is the number of low-income students enrolled in the public charter school during the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made and the denominator of which is the total number of students enrolled in such public charter school for such preceding year, is equal to or greater than the lowest fraction determined for any District of Columbia public school receiving assistance under such part A where the numerator is the number of low-income students enrolled in such public school for such preceding year and the denominator is the total number of students enrolled in such public school for such preceding year.
- (B) DEFINITION.—For the purposes of this subsection, the term "low-income student" means a student from a low-income family determined according to the measure adopted by the District of Columbia to carry out the provisions of part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 that is consistent with the measures described in section 1113(a)(5) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 6313(a)(5)) for the fiscal year for which the determination is made.
- (2) ALLOCATION FOR FISCAL YEARS 1996 THROUGH 1998.—
- (A) PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS.—For fiscal years 1996 through 1998, each public charter school that is eligible to receive assistance under part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 shall receive a portion of the District of Columbia's total allocation under such part which bears the same ratio to such total allocation as the number described in subparagraph (C) bears to the number described in subparagraph (D).
- (B) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—For fiscal years 1996 through 1998, the District of Columbia public schools shall receive a portion of the District of Columbia's total allocation under part A of title I

of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 which bears the same ratio to such total allocation as the total of the numbers described in clauses (ii) and (iii) of subparagraph (D) bears to the aggregate total described in subparagraph (D).

- (C) NUMBER OF ELICIBLE STUDENTS ENROLLED IN THE PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL.—The number described in this subparagraph is the number of low-income students enrolled in the public charter school during the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made.
- (D) AGGREGATE NUMBER OF ELIGIBLE STUDENTS.—The number described in this subparagraph is the aggregate total of the following numbers:
- (i) The number of low-income students who, during the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made, were enrolled in a public charter school.
- (ii) The number of low-income students who, during the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made, were enrolled in a District of Columbia public school selected to provide services under part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.
- (iii) The number of low-income students who, during the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made—
- (I) were enrolled in a private or independent school; and
- (II) resided in an attendance area of a District of Columbia public school selected to provide services under part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.
- (3) ALLOCATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 1999 AND THEREAFTER.—
- (A) CALCULATION BY SECRETARY.—Notwith-standing sections 1124(a)(2), 1124A(a)(4), and 1125(d) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 0634(a)(2), 6334(a)(4), and 6335(d)), for fiscal year 1999 and each fiscal year thereafter, the total allocation under part A of title I of such Act for all local educational agencies in the District of Columbia, including public charter schools that are eligible to receive assistance under such part, shall be calculated by the Secretary of Education. In making such calculation, such Secretary shall treat all such local educational agencies as if such agencies were a single local educational agency for the District of Columbia.
  - (B) ALLOCATION.—
- (i) PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS.—For fiscal year 1999 and each fiscal year thereafter, each public charter school that is eligible to receive assistance under part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 shall receive a portion of the total allocation calculated under subparagraph (A) which bears the same ratio to such total allocation as the number described in paragraph (2)(C) bears to the aggregate total described in paragraph (2)(D).
- (ii) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PUBLIC SCHOOL.—For fiscal year 1999 and each fiscal year thereafter, the District of Columbia public schools shall receive a portion of the total allocation calculated under subparagraph (A) which bears the same ratio to such total allocation as the total of the numbers described in clauses (ii) and (iii) of paragraph (2)(D) bears to the aggregate total described in paragraph (2)(D).
- (4) USE OF ESEA FUNDS.—The Board of Education may not direct a public charter school in the school's use of funds under part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.
- (5) ESEA REQUIREMENTS.—Except as provided in paragraph (6), a public charter school receiving funds under part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education

Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.) shall comply with all requirements applicable to schools receiving such funds.

- (6) INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN ESEA PROVISIONS.—The following provisions of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 shall not apply to a public charter school:
- (A) Paragraphs (5) and (8) of section 1112(b) (20 U.S.C. 6312(b)).
- (B) Paragraphs (1)(A), (1)(B), (1)(C), (1)(D), (1)(F), (1)(H), and (3) of section 1112(c) (20 U.S.C. 6312(c)).
  - (C) Section 1113 (20 U.S.C. 6313).
  - (D) Section 1115A (20 U.S.C. 6316).
- (E) Subsections (a), (b), and (c) of section 1116 (20 U.S.C. 6317).
- (F) Subsections (d) and (e) of section 1118 (20 U.S.C. 6319).
  - (G) Section 1120 (20 U.S.C. 6321).
- (H) Subsections (a) and (c) of section 1120A (20 U.S.C. 6322).
  - (I) Section 1126 (20 U.S.C. 6337).
- (b) PROPERTY AND SALES TAXES.—A public charter school shall be exempt from District of Columbia property and sales taxes.
- (c) EDUCATION OF CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, each public charter school shall elect to be treated as a local educational agency or a District of Columbia public school for the purpose of part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1411 et seq.) and section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794).

# SEC. 2211. POWERS AND DUTIES OF ELIGIBLE CHARTERING AUTHORITIES.

- (a) OVERSIGHT.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible chartering authority—
- (A) shall monitor the operations of each public charter school to which the eligible chartering authority has granted a charter;
- (B) shall ensure that each such school complies with applicable laws and the provisions of the charter granted to such school; and
- (C) shall monitor the progress of each such school in meeting student academic achievement expectations specified in the charter granted to such school.
- (2) PRODUCTION OF BOOKS AND RECORDS.—An eligible chartering authority may require a public charter school to which the eligible chartering authority has granted a charter to produce any book, record, paper, or document, if the eligible chartering authority determines that such production is necessary for the eligible chartering authority to carry out its functions under this subtitle.
- (b) FEES.-
- (1) APPLICATION FEE.—An eligible chartering authority may charge an eligible applicant a fee, not to exceed \$150, for processing a petition to establish a public charter school.
- (2) ADMINISTRATION FEE.—In the case of an eligible chartering authority that has granted a charter to a public charter school, the eligible chartering authority may charge the school a fee, not to exceed one-half of one percent of the annual budget of the school, to cover the cost of undertaking the ongoing administrative responsibilities of the eligible chartering authority with respect to the school that are described in this subtitle. The school shall pay the fee to the eligible chartering authority not later than November 15 of each year.
  - (c) IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—An eligible chartering authority, the Board of Trustees of such an eligible chartering authority, and a director, officer, employee, or volunteer of such an eligible chartering authority, shall be immune from civil liability, both personally and professionally, for any act or omission within the scope of their official duties unless the act or omission—

- (A) constitutes gross negligence;
- (B) constitutes an intentional tort; or
- (C) is criminal in nature.
- (2) COMMON LAW IMMUNITY PRESERVED.—Paragraph (1) shall not be construed to abrogate any immunity under common law of a person described in such paragraph.
- (d) ANNUAL REPORT.—On or before July 30 of each year, each eligible chartering authority that issues a charter under this subtitle shall submit a report to the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Board of Education, the Secretary of Education, the appropriate congressional committees, and the Consensus Commission that includes the following information:
- (1) Ā list of the members of the eligible chartering authority and the addresses of such members.
- (2) A list of the dates and places of each meeting of the eligible chartering authority during the year preceding the report.
- (3) The number of petitions received by the eligible chartering authority for the conversion of a District of Columbia public school or a private or independent school to a public charter school, and for the creation of a new school as a public charter school.
- (4) The number of petitions described in paragraph (3) that were approved and the number that were denied, as well as a summary of the reasons for which such petitions were denied.
- (5) A description of any new charters issued by the eligible chartering authority during the year preceding the report.
- (6) A description of any charters renewed by the eligible chartering authority during the year preceding the report.
- (7) A description of any charters revoked by the eligible chartering authority during the year preceding the report.
- (8) A description of any charters refused renewal by the eligible chartering authority during the year preceding the report.
- (9) Any recommendations the eligible chartering authority has concerning ways to improve the administration of public charter schools

### SEC. 2212. CHARTER RENEWAL.

- (a) TERM.—A charter granted to a public charter school shall remain in force for a 5-year period, but may be renewed for an unlimited number of times, each time for a 5-year period.
- (b) APPLICATION FOR CHARTER RENEWAL.—In the case of a public charter school that desires to renew its charter, the Board of Trustees of the school shall file an application to renew the charter with the eligible chartering authority that granted the charter not later than 120 days nor earlier than 365 days before the expiration of the charter. The application shall contain the following:
- (1) A report on the progress of the public charter school in achieving the goals, student academic achievement expectations, and other terms of the approved charter.
- (2) All audited financial statements for the public charter school for the preceding 4 years.
- (c) APPROVAL OF CHARTER RENEWAL APPLICATION.—The eligible chartering authority that granted a charter shall approve an application to renew the charter that is filed in accordance with subsection (b), except that the eligible chartering authority shall not approve such application if the eligible chartering authority determines that—
- (I) the school committed a material violation of applicable laws or a material violation of the conditions, terms, standards, or procedures set forth in its charter, including violations relating to the education of children with disabilities; or
- (2) the school failed to meet the goals and student academic achievement expectations set forth in its charter.

- (d) Procedures for Consideration of Charter Renewal.—
- (1) NOTICE OF RIGHT TO HEARING.—An eligible chartering authority that has received an application to renew a charter that is filed by a Board of Trustees in accordance with subsection (b) shall provide to the Board of Trustees written notice of the right to an informal hearing on the application. The eligible chartering authority shall provide the notice not later than 15 days after the date on which the eligible chartering authority received the application.
- (2) REQUEST FOR HEARING.—Not later than 15 days after the date on which a Board of Trustees receives a notice under paragraph (1), the Board of Trustees may request, in writing, an informal hearing on the application before the eligible chartering authority.

(3) DATE AND TIME OF HEARING.—

- (A) NOTICE.—Upon receiving a timely written request for a hearing under paragraph (2), an eligible chartering authority shall set a date and time for the hearing and shall provide reasonable notice of the date and time, as well as the procedures to be followed at the hearing, to the Board of Trustees.
- (B) DEADLINE.—An informal hearing under this subsection shall take place not later than 30 days after an eligible chartering authority receives a timely written request for the hearing under paragraph (2).

(4) FINAL DECISION.—

- (A) DEADLINE.—An eligible chartering authority shall render a final decision, in writing, on an application to renew a charter—
- (i) not later than 30 days after the date on which the eligible chartering authority provided the written notice of the right to a hearing, in the case of an application with respect to which such a hearing is not held; and
- (ii) not later than 30 days after the date on which the hearing is concluded, in the case of an application with respect to which a hearing is held.
- (B) REASONS FOR NONRENEWAL.—An eligible chartering authority that denies an application to renew a charter shall state in its decision the reasons for denial.
- (5) ALTERNATIVES UPON NONRENEWAL.—If an eligible chartering authority denies an application to renew a charter granted to a public charter school, the Board of Education may—
- (Å) manage the school directly until alternative arrangements can be made for students at the school; or
- (B) place the school in a probationary status that requires the school to take remedial actions, to be determined by the Board of Education, that directly relate to the grounds for the denial.

(6) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—

- (A) AVAILABILITY OF REVIEW.—A decision by an eligible chartering authority to deny an application to renew a charter shall be subject to judicial review by an appropriate court of the District of Columbia.
- (B) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—A decision by an eligible chartering authority to deny an application to renew a charter shall be upheld unless the decision is arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous.

### SEC. 2213. CHARTER REVOCATION.

- (a) CHARTER OR LAW VIOLATIONS.—An eligible chartering authority that has granted a charter to a public charter school may revoke the charter if the eligible chartering authority determines that the school has committed a violation of applicable laws or a material violation of the conditions, terms, standards, or procedures set forth in the charter, including violations relating to the education of children with disabilities.
- (b) FISCAL MISMANAGEMENT.—An eligible chartering authority that has granted a charter to a public charter school shall re-

voke the charter if the eligible chartering authority determines that the school—

- (1) has engaged in a pattern of nonadherence to generally accepted accounting principles;
- (2) has engaged in a pattern of fiscal mismanagement; or
- (3) is no longer economically viable.
- (c) PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF REVOCATION.—
- (1) NOTICE OF RIGHT TO HEARING.—An eligible chartering authority that is proposing to revoke a charter granted to a public charter school shall provide to the Board of Trustees of the school a written notice stating the reasons for the proposed revocation. The notice shall inform the Board of Trustees of the right of the Board of Trustees to an informal hearing on the proposed revocation.
- (2) REQUEST FOR HEARING.—Not later than 15 days after the date on which a Board of Trustees receives a notice under paragraph (1), the Board of Trustees may request, in writing, an informal hearing on the proposed revocation before the eligible chartering authority.
  - (3) DATE AND TIME OF HEARING.—
- (A) NOTICE.—Upon receiving a timely written request for a hearing under paragraph (2), an eligible chartering authority shall set a date and time for the hearing and shall provide reasonable notice of the date and time, as well as the procedures to be followed at the hearing, to the Board of Trustees.
- (B) DEADLINE.—An informal hearing under this subsection shall take place not later than 30 days after an eligible chartering authority receives a timely written request for the hearing under paragraph (2).

(4) FINAL DECISION.—

- (A) DEADLINE.—An eligible chartering authority shall render a final decision, in writing, on the revocation of a charter—
- (i) not later than 30 days after the date on which the eligible chartering authority provided the written notice of the right to a hearing, in the case of a proposed revocation with respect to which such a hearing is not held: and
- (ii) not later than 30 days after the date on which the hearing is concluded, in the case of a proposed revocation with respect to which a hearing is held.
- (B) REASONS FOR REVOCATION.—An eligible chartering authority that revokes a charter shall state in its decision the reasons for the revocation.
- (5) ALTERNATIVES UPON REVOCATION.—If an eligible chartering authority revokes a charter granted to a public charter school, the Board of Education may manage the school directly until alternative arrangements can be made for students at the school.
  - (6) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—
- (A) AVAILABILITY OF REVIEW.—A decision by an eligible chartering authority to revoke a charter shall be subject to judicial review by an appropriate court of the District of Columbia.
- (B) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—A decision by an eligible chartering authority to revoke a charter shall be upheld unless the decision is arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous.

### SEC. 2214. PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL BOARD.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the District of Columbia Government a Public Charter School Board (in this section referred to as the ''Board'').
- (2) MEMBERSHIP.—The Secretary of Education shall present the Mayor a list of 15 individuals the Secretary determines are qualified to serve on the Board. The Mayor, in consultation with the District of Columbia City Council, shall appoint 7 individuals from the list to serve on the Board. The Secretary of Education shall recommend, and

the Mayor shall appoint, members to serve on the Board so that a knowledge of each of the following areas is represented on the Board:

- (A) Research about and experience in student learning, quality teaching, and evaluation of and accountability in successful schools.
- (B) The operation of a financially sound enterprise, including leadership and management techniques, as well as the budgeting and accounting skills critical to the startup of a successful enterprise.
- (C) The educational, social, and economic development needs of the District of Columbia
- (D) The needs and interests of students and parents in the District of Columbia, as well as methods of involving parents and other members of the community in individual schools.
- (3) VACANCIES.—Any time there is a vacancy in the membership of the Board, the Secretary of Education shall present the Mayor a list of 3 individuals the Secretary determines are qualified to serve on the Board. The Mayor, in consultation with the District of Columbia Council, shall appoint 1 individual from the list to serve on the Board. The Secretary shall recommend and the Mayor shall appoint, such member of the Board taking into consideration the criteria described in paragraph (2). Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term of a predecessor shall be appointed only for the remainder of the term.
- (4) TIME LIMIT FOR APPOINTMENTS.—If, at any time, the Mayor does not appoint members to the Board sufficient to bring the Board's membership to 7 within 30 days of receiving a recommendation from the Secretary of Education under paragraph (2) or (3), the Secretary shall make such appointments as are necessary to bring the membership of the Board to 7.
  - (5) TERMS OF MEMBERS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Members of the Board shall serve for terms of 4 years, except that, of the initial appointments made under paragraph (2), the Mayor shall designate—
- (i) 2 members to serve terms of 3 years;
- (ii) 2 members to serve terms of 2 years;
- (iii) 1 member to serve a term of 1 year.
- (B) REAPPOINTMENT.—Members of the Board shall be eligible to be reappointed for one 4-year term beyond their initial term of appointment.
- (6) INDEPENDENCE.—No person employed by the District of Columbia public schools or a public charter school shall be eligible to be a member of the Board or to be employed by the Board.
  - (b) OPERATIONS OF THE BOARD.—
- (1) CHAIR.—The members of the Board shall elect from among their membership 1 individual to serve as Chair. Such election shall be held each year after members of the Board have been appointed to fill any vacancies caused by the regular expiration of previous members' terms, or when requested by a majority vote of the members of the Board.
- (2) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of the Board, not including any positions that may be vacant, shall constitute a quorum sufficient for conducting the business of the Board.
- (3) MEETINGS.—The Board shall meet at the call of the Chair, subject to the hearing requirements of sections 2203, 2212(d)(3), and 2213(c)(3).
- (c) NO COMPENSATION FOR SERVICE.—Members of the Board shall serve without pay, but may receive reimbursement for any reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by reason of service on the Board.
- (d) PERSONNEL AND RESOURCES.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to such rules as may be made by the Board, the Chair shall have the power to appoint, terminate, and fix the pay of an Executive Director and such other personnel of the Board as the Chair considers necessary, but no individual so appointed shall be paid in excess of the rate payable for level EG-16 of the Educational Service of the District of Columbia.
- (2) Special rule.—The Board is authorized to use the services, personnel, and facilities of the District of Columbia.

(e) EXPENSES OF BOARD.—Any expenses of the Board shall be paid from such funds as may be available to the Mayor.

- (f) AUDIT.—The Board shall provide for an audit of the financial statements of the Board by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with Government auditing standards for financial audits issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.
- (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section and conducting the Board's functions required by this subtitle, there are authorized to be appropriated to be appropriated to be recessary for each of the 4 succeeding fiscal years.

#### SEC. 2215. FEDERAL ENTITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The following Federal agencies and federally established entities are encouraged to explore whether it is feasible for the agency or entity to establish one or more public charter schools:
  - (1) The Library of Congress.
- (2) The National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
- (3) The Drug Enforcement Administration.
- (4) The National Science Foundation.
- (5) The Department of Justice.
- (6) The Department of Defense.
- (7) The Department of Education.
- (8) The Smithsonian Institution, including the National Zoological Park, the National Museum of American History, the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts, and the National Gallery of Art.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after date of enactment of this Act, any agency or institution described in subsection (a) that has explored the feasibility of establishing a public charter school shall report its determination on the feasibility to the appropriate committees of the Congress.

#### Subtitle C—Even Start

# SEC. 2301. AMENDMENTS FOR EVEN START PROGRAMS.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— Section 1002 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6302) is amended by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:
  - "(b) EVEN START.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—For the purpose of carrying out part B, there are authorized to be appropriated \$118,000,000 for fiscal year 1995 and such sums as may be necessary for each of the four succeeding fiscal years.
- "(2) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—For the purpose of carrying out Even Start programs in the District of Columbia described in section 1211, there are authorized to be appropriated—
- "(A) \$2,000,000 for fiscal year 1996;
- "(B) \$3,500,000 for fiscal year 1997;
- "(C) \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 1998;
- "(D) \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 1999; and
- "(E) \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2000.".
  (b) EVEN START FAMILY LITERACY PRO-
- (b) EVEN START FAMILY LITERACY PROGRAMS.—Part B of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6361 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) in section 1202(a)(1) (20 U.S.C. 6362(a)(1)), by inserting "(1)" after "1002(b)";
- (2) in section 1202(b) (20 U.S.C. 6362(b)), by inserting "(1)" after "1002(b)";

- (3) in section 1202(d)(3) (20 U.S.C. 6362(d)(3)), by inserting ''(1)'' after ''1002(b)'';
- (4) in section 1204(a) (20 U.S.C. 6364(a)), by inserting "intensive" after "cost of providing":
- (5) in section 1205(4) (20 U.S.C. 6365(4)), by inserting ", intensive" after "high-quality";
- (6) by adding at the end the following new section:

# "SEC. 1211. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA EVEN START INITIATIVES.

- "(a) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to any grant for the District of Columbia authorized under section 1202, the Secretary shall provide grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible entities to enable such entities to carry out Even Start programs in the District of Columbia that build on the findings of the National Evaluation of the Even Start Family Literacy Program, such as providing intensive services in early childhood education, parent training, and adult literacy or adult education.
- "(2) NUMBER OF GRANTS.—The Secretary shall award—
- "(A) not more than 8 grants under this section for fiscal year 1996;
- "(B) not more than 14 grants under this section for fiscal year 1997;
- "(C) not more than 20 grants under this section for each of the fiscal years 1998 and 1999; and
- "(D) not more than 20 grants under this section, or such number as the Secretary determines appropriate taking into account the results of evaluations described in subsection (i), for fiscal year 2000.
- ''(b) DEFINITION.—For the purpose of this section, the term 'eligible entity' means a partnership composed of at least—
- "(1) a District of Columbia public school;
- "(2) the local educational agency in existence on September 1, 1995 for the District of Columbia, any other public organization, or an institution of higher education (as defined in section 1201(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1141(a)); and
- $\lq\lq(3)$  a private nonprofit community-based organization.
- "(c) USES OF FUNDS; FEDERAL SHARE.—
- "(1) COMPLIANCE.—Each eligible entity that receives funds under this section shall comply with section 1204(a) and 1204(b)(3), relating to the use of such funds.
- "'(2) FEDERAL SHARE.—Each program funded under this section is subject to the Federal share requirement of section 1204(b)(1), except that the Secretary may waive that requirement, in whole or in part, for any eligible entity that demonstrates to the Secretary's satisfaction that such entity otherwise would not be able to participate in the program under this section.
- "(3) MINIMUM.—Except as provided in paragraph (4), each eligible entity selected to receive a grant under this section shall receive not more than \$250,000 in any fiscal year, except that the Secretary may increase such amount if the Secretary determines that—
- $\mbox{``(A)}$  such entity needs additional funds to be effective; and
- "(B) the increase will not reduce the amount of funds available to other eligible entities that receive funds under this section.
- "(4) REMAINING FUNDS.—If funds remain after payments are made under paragraph (3) for any fiscal year, the Secretary shall make such remaining funds available to each eligible entity receiving a grant under this section for such year in an amount that bears the same relation to such funds as the amount each such entity received under this section bears to the amount all such entities received under this section.

- "(d) PROGRAM ELEMENTS.—Each program assisted under this section shall comply with the program elements described in section 1205, including intensive high quality instruction programs of early childhood education, parent training, and adult literacy or adult education.
- "(e) ELIGIBLE PARTICIPANTS.—
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} ``(1)$ In general..—Individuals eligible to participate in a program under this section are— \\ \end{tabular}$
- "(A) the parent or parents of a child described in subparagraph (B), or any other adult who is substantially involved in the day-to-day care of the child, if such parent or adult—
- "(i) is eligible to participate in an adult education program under the Adult Education Act; or
- "(ii) is attending, or is eligible by age to attend, a District of Columbia public school; and
- "(B) any child, from birth through age 7, of an individual described in subparagraph (A).
- "(2) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—The eligibility factors described in section 1206(b) shall apply to programs under this section, except that for purposes of this section—
- "(A) the reference in paragraph (1) to subsection (a) shall be read to refer to paragraph (1); and
- "(B) references in such section to this part shall be read to refer to this section.
- "(f) APPLICATIONS.—Each eligible entity that wishes to receive a grant under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
- "(g) SELECTION OF GRANTEES.—In awarding grants under this section, the Secretary shall—
- "(1) use the selection criteria described in subparagraphs (A) through (F), and (H), of section 1208(a)(1); and
- $\lq\lq\lq(2)$  give priority to applications for programs that—
- "(A) target services to schools in which a schoolwide program is being conducted under section 1114; or
- "(B) are located in areas designated as empowerment zones or enterprise communities.
- "(h) DURATION OF PROGRAMS.—The priority for subgrants described in section 1208(a)(2), and the progress requirement described in section 1208(b)(4), shall apply to grants made under this section, except that—
- "(1) references in those sections to the State educational agency and to subgrants shall be read to refer to the Secretary and to grants under this section, respectively; and
- "(2) notwithstanding section 1208(b), the Secretary shall not provide continuation funding to a grant recipient under this section if the Secretary determines, after affording the recipient notice and an opportunity for a hearing, that the recipient has not made substantial progress in accomplishing the objectives of this section.
- "(i) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND EVALUATION.—
- "(1) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—(A) The Secretary shall use not more than 5 percent of the amounts authorized under section 1002(b)(2) for any fiscal year—
- "(i) to provide technical assistance to eligible entities, including providing funds to one or more District of Columbia nonprofit organizations to enable such organizations to provide technical assistance to eligible entities in the areas of community development and coalition building; and
- "(ii) for the evaluation conducted pursuant to paragraph (2).
- "(B) The Secretary shall allocate 5 percent of the amounts authorized under section 1002(b)(2) for any fiscal year to enter into a contract with the National Center for Fam-

ily Literacy for the provision of technical assistance to eligible entities.

"(2) EVALUATION.—(A) The Secretary shall use funds available under paragraph (1)(A)—

"(i) to provide for independent evaluations of programs under this section in order to determine the effectiveness of such programs in providing high quality family literacy services, including—

"(I) intensive and high quality early childhood education:

"(II) intensive and high quality services in adult literacy or adult education;

adult literacy or adult education;
"(III) intensive and high quality services in

parent training; "(IV) coordination with related programs; and

 $\mbox{``(V)}$  training of related personnel in appropriate skill areas; and

"(ii) to determine if the grant amount provided to eligible recipients to carry out such projects is appropriate to accomplish the objectives of this section.

"(B)(i) Such evaluation shall be conducted by individuals not directly involved in the administration of a program operated with funds provided under this section. Such independent evaluators and the program administrators shall jointly develop evaluation criteria which provide for appropriate analysis of the factors listed in subparagraph (A).

"(ii) In order to determine a program's effectiveness, each evaluation shall contain objective measures of such effectiveness, and whenever feasible, shall contain the specific views of program participants about such

programs.

"(C) The Secretary shall prepare and submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report regarding the results of such evaluations not later than March 1, 1999. The Secretary shall provide an interim report regarding the results of such evaluations by March 1, 1998.".

Subtitle D—World Class Schools Task Force, Core Curriculum, Content Standards, Assessments, and Promotion Gates

#### PART 1—WORLD CLASS SCHOOLS TASK FORCE, CORE CURRICULUM, CONTENT STANDARDS, AND ASSESSMENTS

# SEC. 2411. GRANT AUTHORIZED AND RECOMMENDATION REQUIRED.

(a) GRANT AUTHORIZED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Superintendent is authorized to award a grant to a World Class Schools Task Force to enable such task force to make the recommendation described in subsection (b).

(2) DEFINITION.—For the purpose of this subtitle, the term 'World Class Schools Task Force' means 1 nonprofit organization located in the District of Columbia that—

(A) has a national reputation for advocating content standards;

(B) has a national reputation for advocating a strong liberal arts curriculum;

(C) has experience with at least 4 urban school districts for the purpose of establishing content standards;

(D) has developed and managed professional development programs in science, mathematics, the humanities and the arts; and

(E) is governed by an independent board of directors composed of citizens with a variety of experiences in education and public policy.

(b) RECOMMENDATION REQUIRED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The World Class Schools Task Force shall recommend to the Superintendent, the Board of Education, and the District of Columbia Goals Panel the following:

(A) Content standards in the core academic subjects that are developed by working with the District of Columbia community, which standards shall be developed not later than

12 months after the date of enactment of this  $\Delta_{Ct}$ 

(B) A core curriculum developed by working with the District of Columbia community, which curriculum shall include the teaching of computer skills.

(C) Districtwide assessments for measuring student achievement in accordance with content standards developed under subparagraph (A). Such assessments shall be developed at several grade levels, including at a minimum, the grade levels with respect to which the Superintendent establishes promotion gates under section 2421. To the extent feasible, such assessments shall, at a minimum, be designed to provide information that permits comparisons between—

(i) individual District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools; and

(ii) individual students attending such schools.

(D) Model professional development programs for teachers using the standards and curriculum developed under subparagraphs (A) and (B).

(2) SPECIAL RULE.—The World Class Schools Task Force is encouraged, to the extent practicable, to develop districtwide assessments described in paragraph (1)(C) that permit comparisons among—

(A) individual District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools, and individual students attending such schools; and

(B) students of other nations.

(c) CONTENT.—The content standards and assessments recommended under subsection (b) shall be judged by the World Class Schools Task Force to be world class, including having a level of quality and rigor, or being analogous to content standards and assessments of other States or nations (including nations whose students historically score high on international studies of student achievement).

(d) Submission to Board of Education for Adoption.—If the content standards, curriculum, assessments, and programs recommended under subsection (b) are approved by the Superintendent, the Superintendent may submit such content standards, curriculum, assessments, and programs to the Board of Education for adoption.

SEC. 2412. CONSULTATION.

The World Class Schools Task Force shall conduct its duties under this part in consultation with—

(1) the District of Columbia Goals Panel;

(2) officials of the District of Columbia public schools who have been identified by the Superintendent as having responsibilities relevant to this part, including the Deputy Superintendent for Curriculum;
(3) the District of Columbia community.

(3) the District of Columbia community, with particular attention given to educators, and parent and business organizations; and

(4) any other persons or groups that the task force deems appropriate.

# SEC. 2413. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

The World Class Schools Task Force shall ensure public access to its proceedings (other than proceedings, or portions of proceedings, relating to internal personnel and management matters) that are relevant to its duties under this part and shall make available to the public, at reasonable cost, transcripts of such proceedings.

#### SEC. 2414. CONSULTANTS.

Upon the request of the World Class Schools Task Force, the head of any department or agency of the Federal Government may detail any of the personnel of such agency to such task force to assist such task force in carrying out such task force's duties under this part.

### SEC. 2415. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated \$2,000,000 for fiscal year 1996 to carry out this part. Such funds shall remain available until expended.

### PART 2—PROMOTION GATES

SEC. 2421. PROMOTION GATES.

(a) KINDERGARTEN THROUGH 4TH GRADE.— Not later than one year after the date of adoption in accordance with section 2411(d) of the assessments described in section 2411(b)(1)(C), the Superintendent shall establish and implement promotion gates for mathematics, reading, and writing, for not less than 1 grade level from kindergarten through grade 4, including at least grade 4, and shall establish dates for establishing such other promotion gates for other subject areas.

(b) 5TH THROUGH 8TH GRADES.—Not later than one year after the adoption in accordance with section 2411(d) of the assessments described in section 2411(b)(1)(C), the Superintendent shall establish and implement promotion gates with respect to not less than one grade level from grade 5 through grade 8, including at least grade 8.

(c) 9TH THROUGH 12TH GRADES.—Not later than one year after the adoption in accordance with section 2411(d) of the assessments described in section 2411(b)(1)(C), the Superintendent shall establish and implement promotion gates with respect to not less than one grade level from grade 9 through grade

12, including at least grade 12.

#### Subtitle E—Per Capita District of Columbia Public School and Public Charter School Funding

#### SEC. 2501. ANNUAL BUDGETS FOR SCHOOLS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—For fiscal year 1997 and for each subsequent fiscal year, the Mayor shall make annual payments from the general fund of the District of Columbia in accordance with the formula established under subsection (b).

(b) FORMULA.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Mayor and the District of Columbia Council, in consultation with the Board of Education and the Superintendent, shall establish on or before April 15, 1996, a formula to determine the amount of—

(A) the annual payment to the Board of Education for the operating expenses of the District of Columbia public schools, which for purposes of this paragraph includes the operating expenses of the Board of Education and the Office of the Superintendent; and

(B) the annual payment to each public charter school for the operating expenses of

each public charter school.

(2) FORMULA CALCULATION.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), the amount of the annual payment under paragraph (1) shall be calculated by multiplying a uniform dollar amount used in the formula established under such paragraph by—

(A) the number of students calculated under section 2502 that are enrolled at District of Columbia public schools, in the case of the payment under paragraph (1)(A); or

(B) the number of students calculated under section 2502 that are enrolled at each public charter school, in the case of a payment under paragraph (1)(B).

(3) EXCEPTIONS.—

(A) FORMULA.—Notwithstanding paragraph (2), the Mayor and the District of Columbia Council, in consultation with the Board of Education and the Superintendent, may adjust the formula to increase or decrease the amount of the annual payment to the District of Columbia public schools or each public charter school based on a calculation of—

(i) the number of students served by such schools in certain grade levels; and

(ii) the cost of educating students at such certain grade levels.

(B) PAYMENT.—Notwithstanding paragraph (2), the Mayor and the District of Columbia Council, in consultation with the Board of Education and the Superintendent, may adjust the amount of the annual payment

under paragraph (1) to increase the amount of such payment if a District of Columbia public school or a public charter school serves a high number of students—

(i) with special needs; or

(ii) who do not meet minimum literacy standards.

#### SEC. 2502. CALCULATION OF NUMBER OF STU-DENTS.

(a) SCHOOL REPORTING REQUIREMENT.-

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than September 15, 1996, and not later than September 15 of each year thereafter, each District of Columbia public school and public charter school shall submit a report to the Mayor and the Board of Education containing the information described in subsection (b) that is applicable to such school.
- (2) Special Rule.—Not later than April 1, 1997, and not later than April 1 of each year thereafter, each public charter school shall submit a report in the same form and manner as described in paragraph (1) to ensure accurate payment under section 2503(a)(2)(B)(ii).
- (b) CALCULATION OF NUMBER OF STUDENTS.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not later than October 15 of each year thereafter, the Board of Education shall calculate the following:
- (1) The number of students, including nonresident students and students with special needs, enrolled in each grade from kindergarten through grade 12 of the District of Columbia public schools and in public charter schools, and the number of students whose tuition for enrollment in other schools is paid for with funds available to the District of Columbia public schools.
- (2) The amount of fees and tuition assessed and collected from the nonresident students described in paragraph (1).
- (3) The number of students, including nonresident students, enrolled in preschool and prekindergarten in the District of Columbia public schools and in public charter schools.

(4) The amount of fees and tuition assessed and collected from the nonresident students described in paragraph (3).

- (5) The number of full time equivalent adult students enrolled in adult, community, continuing, and vocational education programs in the District of Columbia public schools and in public charter schools.
- (6) The amount of fees and tuition assessed and collected from resident and nonresident adult students described in paragraph (5).
- (7) The number of students, including nonresident students, enrolled in nongrade level programs in District of Columbia public schools and in public charter schools.
- (8) The amount of fees and tuition assessed and collected from nonresident students described in paragraph (7).
- (c) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not later than October 15 of each year thereafter, the Board of Education shall prepare and submit to the Authority, the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Consensus Commission, the Comptroller General of the United States, and the appropriate congressional committees a report containing a summary of the most recent calculations made under subsection (b).
  - (d) AUDIT OF INITIAL CALCULATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Board of Education shall arrange with the Authority to provide for the conduct of an independent audit of the initial calculations described in subsection (b).
- (2) CONDUCT OF AUDIT.—In conducting the audit, the independent auditor—
- (A) shall provide an opinion as to the accuracy of the information contained in the report described in subsection (c); and

- (B) shall identify any material weaknesses in the systems, procedures, or methodology used by the Board of Education—
- (i) in determining the number of students, including nonresident students, enrolled in the District of Columbia public schools and in public charter schools, and the number of students whose tuition for enrollment in other school systems is paid for by funds available to the District of Columbia public schools; and
- (ii) in assessing and collecting fees and tuition from nonresident students.
- (3) SUBMISSION OF AUDIT.—Not later than 45 days, or as soon thereafter as is practicable, after the date on which the Authority receives the initial annual report from the Board of Education under subsection (c), the Authority shall submit to the Board of Education, the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, and the appropriate congressional committees, the audit conducted under this subsection.
- (4) COST OF THE AUDIT.—The Board of Education shall reimburse the Authority for the cost of the independent audit, solely from amounts appropriated to the Board of Education for staff, stipends, and other-than-personal-services of the Board of Education by an Act making appropriations for the District of Columbia.

#### SEC. 2503. PAYMENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—
  (1) ESCROW FOR PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS.—
  Except as provided in subsection (b), for any fiscal year, not later than 10 days after the date of enactment of an Act making appropriations for the District of Columbia for such fiscal year, the Mayor shall place in escrow an amount equal to the aggregate of the amounts determined under section 2501(b)(1)(B) for use only by District of Columbia public charter schools.
  - (2) TRANSFER OF ESCROW FUNDS.—
- (A) INITIAL PAYMENT.—Not later than October 15, 1996, and not later than October 15 of each year thereafter, the Mayor shall transfer, by electronic funds transfer, an amount equal to 75 percent of the amount of the annual payment for each public charter school determined by using the formula established pursuant to section 2501(b) to a bank designated by such school.
- (B) FINAL PAYMENT.—
- (i) Except as provided in clause (ii), not later than May 1, 1997, and not later than May 1 of each year thereafter, the Mayor shall transfer the remainder of the annual payment for a public charter school in the same manner as the initial payment was made under subparagraph (A).
- (ii) Not later than March 15, 1997, and not later than March 15 of each year thereafter, if the enrollment number of a public charter school has changed from the number reported to the Mayor and the Board of Education, as required under section 2502(a), the Mayor shall increase the payment in an amount equal to 50 percent of the amount provided for each student who has enrolled in such school in excess of such enrollment number, or shall reduce the payment in an amount equal to 50 percent of the amount provided for each student who has withdrawn or dropped out of such school below such enrollment number.
- (C) PRO RATA REDUCTION OR INCREASE IN PAYMENTS.—
- (i) PRO RATA REDUCTION.—If the funds made available to the District of Columbia Government for the District of Columbia public school system and each public charter school for any fiscal year are insufficient to pay the full amount that such system and each public charter school is eligible to receive under this subtitle for such year, the Mayor shall ratably reduce such amounts for such year on the basis of the formula described in section 2501(b).

- (ii) INCREASE.—If additional funds become available for making payments under this subtitle for such fiscal year, amounts that were reduced under subparagraph (A) shall be increased on the same basis as such amounts were reduced.
- (D) UNEXPENDED FUNDS.—Any funds that remain in the escrow account for public charter schools on September 30 of a fiscal year shall revert to the general fund of the District of Columbia.

(b) EXCEPTION FOR NEW SCHOOLS.-

- (1) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated \$200,000 for each fiscal year to carry out this subsection.
- (2) DISBURSEMENT TO MAYOR.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall make available and disburse to the Mayor, not later than August 1 of each of the fiscal years 1996 through 2000, such funds as have been appropriated under paragraph (1).
- (3) ESCROW.—The Mayor shall place in escrow, for use by public charter schools, any sum disbursed under paragraph (2) and not paid under paragraph (4).
- (4) PAYMENTS TO SCHOOLS.—The Mayor shall pay to public charter schools described in paragraph (5), in accordance with this subsection, any sum disbursed under paragraph (2)
- (5) SCHOOLS DESCRIBED.—The schools referred to in paragraph (4) are public charter schools that—
- (A) did not operate as public charter schools during any portion of the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which funds are authorized to be appropriated under paragraph (1); and
- (B) operated as public charter schools during the fiscal year for which funds are authorized to be appropriated under paragraph (1).
  - (6) FORMULA.—
- (A) 1996.—The amount of the payment to a public charter school described in paragraph (5) that begins operation in fiscal year 1996 shall be calculated by multiplying \$6,300 by ½12 of the total anticipated enrollment as set forth in the petition to establish the public charter school; and
- (B) 1997 THROUGH 2000.—The amount of the payment to a public charter school described in paragraph (5) that begins operation in any of fiscal years 1997 through 2000 shall be calculated by multiplying the uniform dollar amount used in the formula established under section 2501(b) by  $\frac{1}{12}$  of the total anticipated enrollment as set forth in the petition to establish the public charter school.
  - (7) PAYMENT TO SCHOOLS.—
- (A) TRANSFER.—On September 1 of each of the years 1996 through 2000, the Mayor shall transfer, by electronic funds transfer, the amount determined under paragraph (6) for each public charter school from the escrow account established under subsection (a) to a bank designated by each such school.
- (B) PRO RATA AND REMAINING FUNDS.—Subparagraphs (C) and (D) of subsection (a)(2) shall apply to payments made under this subsection, except that for purposes of this subparagraph references to District of Columbia public schools in such subparagraphs (C) and (D) shall be read to refer to public charter schools.

#### Subtitle F—School Facilities Repair and Improvement

### SEC. 2550. DEFINITIONS.

For purposes of this subtitle—

- (1) the term "facilities" means buildings, structures, and real property of the District of Columbia public schools, except that such term does not include any administrative office building that is not located in a building containing classrooms; and
- (2) the term "repair and improvement" includes administration, construction, and renovation.

#### PART 1-SCHOOL FACILITIES

#### SEC. 2551. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act the Administrator of the General Services Administration shall enter into a Memorandum of Agreement or Understanding (referred to in this subtitle as the ''Agreement'') with the Superintendent regarding the terms under which the Administrator will provide technical assistance and related services with respect to District of Columbia public schools facilities management in accordance with this section.
- (b) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND RELATED SERVICES.—The technical assistance and related services described in subsection (a) shall include—
- (1) the Administrator consulting with and advising District of Columbia public school personnel responsible for public schools facilities management, including repair and improvement with respect to facilities management of such schools;
- (2) the Administrator assisting the Superintendent in developing a systemic and comprehensive facilities revitalization program, for the repair and improvement of District of Columbia public school facilities, which program shall—
- (A) include a list of facilities to be repaired and improved in a recommended order of priority;
- (B) provide the repair and improvement required to support modern technology; and
- (C) take into account the Preliminary Facilities Master Plan 2005 (prepared by the Superintendent's Task Force on Education Infrastructure for the 21st Century);
- (3) the method by which the Superintendent will accept donations of private goods and services for use by the District of Columbia public schools without regard to any law or regulation of the District of Columbia:
- (4) the Administrator recommending specific repair and improvement projects in District of Columbia public school facilities to the Superintendent that are appropriate for completion by members and units of the National Guard and the Reserves in accordance with the program developed under paragraph (2):
- (5) upon the request of the Superintendent, the Administrator assisting the appropriate District of Columbia public school officials in the preparation of an action plan for the performance of any repair and improvement recommended in the program developed under paragraph (2), which action plan shall detail the technical assistance and related services the Administrator proposes to provide in the accomplishment of the repair and improvement:
- $(\hat{\mathbf{6}})$  upon the request of the Superintendent, and if consistent with the efficient use of resources as determined by the Administrator, the coordination of the accomplishment of any repair and improvement in accordance with the action plan prepared under paragraph (5), except that in carrying out this paragraph, the Administrator shall not be subject to the requirements of title III of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (42 U.S.C. 471 et seq.), the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.), or any other law governing procurements or public contracts, nor shall such action plan be subject to review under the bid protest procedures described in sections 3551 through 3556 of title 31, United States Code, or the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 601 et seq.);
- (7) providing access for the Administrator to all District of Columbia public school facilities as well as permitting the Administrator to request and obtain any record or document regarding such facilities as the

- Administrator determines necessary, except that any such record or document shall not become a record (as defined in section 552a of title 5, United States Code) of the General Services Administration; and
- (8) the Administrator making recommendations regarding how District of Columbia public school facilities may be used by the District of Columbia community for multiple purposes.

  (c) AGREEMENT PROVISIONS.—The Agree-
- (c) AGREEMENT PROVISIONS.—The Agreement shall include—
- (1) the procedures by which the Superintendent and Administrator will consult with respect to carrying out this section, including reasonable time frames for such consultation;
- (2) the scope of the technical assistance and related services to be provided by the General Services Administration in accordance with this section;
- (3) assurances by the Administrator and the Superintendent to cooperate with each other in any way necessary to ensure implementation of the Agreement, including assurances that funds available to the District of Columbia shall be used to pay the obligations of the District of Columbia public school system that are incurred as a result of actions taken under, or in furtherance of, the Agreement, in addition to funds available to the Administrator for purposes of this section: and
- (4) the duration of the Agreement, except that in no event shall the Agreement remain in effect later than the day that is 24 months after the date that the Agreement is signed, or the day that the agency designated pursuant to section 2552(a)(2) assumes responsibility for the District of Columbia public school facilities, whichever day is earlier.
- (d) LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATOR'S LIABILITY.—No claim, suit, or action may be brought against the Administrator in connection with the discharge of the Administrator's responsibilities under this subtitle.
- (e) SPECIAL RULE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrator is authorized to accept and use a conditioned gift made for the express purpose of repairing or improving a District of Columbia public school, except that the Administrator shall not be required to carry out any repair or improvement under this section unless the Administrator accepts a donation of private goods or services sufficient to cover the costs of such repair or improvement.
- (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subtitle shall cease to be effective on the earlier day specified in subsection (c)(4).

# SEC. 2552. FACILITIES REVITALIZATION PROGRAM.

- (a) PROGRAM.—Not later than 24 months after the date that the Agreement is signed, the Mayor and the District of Columbia Council in consultation with the Administrator, the Authority, the Board of Education, and the Superintendent, shall—
- (1) design and implement a comprehensive long-term program for the repair and improvement, and maintenance and management, of the District of Columbia public school facilities, which program shall incorporate the work completed in accordance with the program described in section 2551(b)(2); and
- (2) designate a new or existing agency or authority within the District of Columbia Government to administer such program.
- (b) PROCEEDS.—Such program shall include—
- (1) identifying short-term funding for capital and maintenance of facilities, which may include retaining proceeds from the sale or lease of a District of Columbia public school facility; and
- (2) identifying and designating long-term funding for capital and maintenance of facilities.

(c) IMPLEMENTATION.—Upon implementation of such program, the agency or authority created or designated pursuant to subsection (a)(2) shall assume authority and responsibility for the repair and improvement, and maintenance and management, of District of Columbia public schools.

# SEC. 2553. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR ENGINEERING PLANS.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator, \$500,000 for fiscal year 1996, which funds only shall be available for the costs of engineering plans developed to carry out this subtitle.

#### PART 2—WAIVERS

#### SEC. 2561. WAIVERS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—
- (1) REQUIREMENTS WAIVED.—Subject to subsection (b), all District of Columbia fees and all requirements contained in the document entitled "District of Columbia Public Schools Standard Contract Provisions" (as such document was in effect on November 2, 1995 and including any revisions or modifications to such document) published by the District of Columbia public schools for use with construction or maintenance projects, are waived, for purposes of repair and improvement of District of Columbia public schools facilities for a period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending 24 months after such date.
- (2) DONATIONS AND SERVICES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any employer may accept, and any person may voluntarily donate, materials and services for the repair and improvement of a District of Columbia public school facility.
- (b) LIMITATION.—A waiver under subsection (a) shall apply only to a contractor, subcontractor, and any other group, entity, or individual who donates materials and services for the repair or improvement of a District of Columbia public school facility.

# PART 3—GIFTS, DONATIONS, BEQUESTS, AND DEVISES

# SEC. 2571. GIFTS, DONATIONS, BEQUESTS, AND DEVISES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—A District of Columbia public school or a public charter school may accept directly from any person a gift, donation, bequest, or devise of any property, real or personal, without regard to any law or regulation of the District of Columbia.
- (b) TAX LAWS.—For the purposes of the income tax, gift tax, and estate tax laws of the Federal Government, any money or other property given, donated, bequeathed, or devised to a District of Columbia public school or a public charter school, shall be deemed to have been given, donated, bequeathed, or devised to or for the use of the District of Columbia.

### Subtitle G—Residential School

### SEC. 2601. RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL AUTHORIZED.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Superintendent is authorized to develop a plan to establish for the District of Columbia a residential school for academic year 1997–1998 and to assist in the startup of such school.
- (b) PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—If developed, the plan for the residential school shall include, at a minimum—  $\,$
- (1) options for the location of the school, including the renovation or construction of a facility:
- (2) financial plans for the facility, including annual costs to operate the school, capital expenditures required to open the facility, maintenance of facilities, and staffing costs; and
- (3) staff development and training plans. SEC. 2602. USE OF FUNDS.
  - Funds under this subtitle may be used—
- (1) to develop the plan described in section 2601; and

(2) for capital costs associated with the startup of a residential school, including the purchase of real and personal property and the renovation or construction of facilities. SEC. 2603. FUTURE FUNDING.

The Superintendent shall identify, not later than December 31, 1996, in a report to the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Authority, and the appropriate congressional committees, non-Federal funding sources for the operation of the residential school.

#### SEC. 2604. GIFTS.

The Superintendent may accept donations of money, property, and personal services for purposes of the establishment and operation of the residential school.

# SEC. 2605. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) PLAN.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the District of Columbia \$100,000 for fiscal year 1996 to develop the plan described in section 2601.
- (b) CAPITAL COSTS.—There are authorized to be appropriated \$1,900,000 for fiscal year 1997 to carry out section 2602(2).

#### SEC. 2606. ELIGIBILITY FOR SCHOLARSHIPS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the residential school established under this subtitle shall be an eligible institution for the purposes of scholarships awarded under section 2923(d)(2).

### Subtitle H-Progress Reports and Accountability

#### SEC. 2651. SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT ON RE-FORMS.

Not later than December 1, 1996, the Superintendent shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, the Board of Education, the Mayor, the Consensus Commission, and the District of Columbia Council a report regarding the progress of the District of Columbia public schools toward achieving the goals of the long-term reform plan.

#### SEC. 2652. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COUNCIL RE-PORT.

Not later than April 1, 1997, the Chairperson of the District of Columbia Council shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report describing legislative and other actions the District of Columbia Council has taken or will take to facilitate the implementation of the goals of the long-term reform plan.

### Subtitle I—Partnerships With Business SEC. 2701. PURPOSE.

The purpose of this subtitle is—

- (1) to leverage private sector funds utilizing initial Federal investments in order to provide students and teachers within the District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools with access to state-ofthe-art educational technology;
- (2) to establish a regional job training and employment center;
- (3) to strengthen workforce preparation initiatives for students within the District of Columbia public schools and public charter
- (4) to coordinate private sector investments in carrying out this title; and
- (5) to assist the Superintendent with the development of individual career paths in accordance with the long-term reform plan.

#### SEC. 2702. DUTIES OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PUB-LIC SCHOOLS.

Not later than 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Superintendent shall provide a grant to a private, nonprofit corporation that meets the eligibility criteria under section 2703 for the purposes of carrying out the duties under sections 2704 and 2707.

#### SEC. 2703. ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR PRIVATE, NONPROFIT CORPORATION.

A private, nonprofit corporation shall be eligible to receive a grant under section 2702

- if the corporation is a national business organization incorporated in the District of Columbia, that-
- (1) has a board of directors which includes members who are also chief executive officers of technology-related corporations involved in education and workforce development issues:
- (2) has extensive practical experience with initiatives that link business resources and expertise with education and training systems:
- (3) has experience in working with State and local educational agencies throughout the United States with respect to the integration of academic studies with workforce preparation programs; and
- (4) has a nationwide structure through which additional resources can be leveraged and innovative practices disseminated.

#### SEC. 2704. DUTIES OF THE PRIVATE, NONPROFIT CORPORATION.

- (a) DISTRICT EDUCATION AND LEARNING TECHNOLOGIES ADVANCEMENT COUNCIL.
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The private, nonprofit corporation shall establish a council to be known as the "District Education and Learning Technologies Advancement Counthis subtitle referred to as the ''council'').
  - (2) MEMBERSHIP.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The private, nonprofit corporation shall appoint members to the council. An individual shall be appointed as a member to the council on the basis of the commitment of the individual, or the entity which the individual is representing, to providing time, energy, and resources to the
- (B) COMPENSATION.—Members of the council shall serve without compensation.
- (3) DUTIES.—The council-
- (A) shall advise the private, nonprofit corporation with respect to the duties of the corporation under subsections (b) through (e) of this section; and
- (B) shall assist the corporation in leveraging private sector resources for the purpose of carrying out such duties.
  (b) ACCESS TO STATE-OF-THE-ART EDU-
- CATIONAL TECHNOLOGY.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The private, nonprofit corporation, in conjunction with the Superintendent, students, parents, and teachers, shall establish and implement strategies to ensure access to state-of-the-art educational technology within the District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools.
- (2) ELECTRONIC DATA TRANSFER SYSTEM.-The private, nonprofit corporation shall assist the Superintendent in acquiring the necessary equipment, including computer hardware and software to establish an electronic data transfer system. The private, nonprofit corporation shall also assist in arranging for training of District of Columbia public school employees in using such equipment.
  - (3) TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In establishing and implementing the strategies under paragraph (1), the private, nonprofit corporation, not later than September 1, 1996, shall provide for an assessment of the availability, on the date of enactment of this Act, of state-ofthe-art educational technology within the District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools.
- (B) CONDUCT OF ASSESSMENT.—In providing for the assessment under subparagraph (A), the private, nonprofit corporation-
- (i) shall provide for onsite inspections of the state-of-the-art educational technology within a minimum sampling of District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools; and
- (ii) shall ensure proper input from students, parents, teachers, and other school officials through the use of focus groups and other appropriate mechanisms.

- (C) RESULTS OF ASSESSMENT.—The private, nonprofit corporation shall ensure that the assessment carried out under this paragraph provides, at a minimum, necessary information on state-of-the-art educational technology within the District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools, including-
- (i) the extent to which typical District of Columbia public schools have access to such state-of-the-art educational technology and training for such technology;
- (ii) how such schools are using such technology
- (iii) the need for additional technology and the need for infrastructure for the implementation of such additional technology;
- (iv) the need for computer hardware, software, training, and funding for such additional technology or infrastructure; and
- (v) the potential for computer linkages among District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools.
- (4) SHORT-TERM TECHNOLOGY PLAN.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Based upon the results of the technology assessment under paragraph (3), the private, nonprofit corporation shall develop a 3-year plan that includes goals, priorities, and strategies for obtaining the resources necessary to implement strategies to ensure access to state-of-the-art educational technology within the District of Columbia public schools and public charter
- (B) IMPLEMENTATION.—The private, nonprofit corporation, in conjunction with schools, students, parents, and teachers, shall implement the plan developed under subparagraph (A).
- (5) LONG-TERM TECHNOLOGY PLAN.—Prior to the completion of the implementation of the short-term technology plan under paragraph (4), the private, nonprofit corporation shall develop a plan under which the corporation will continue to coordinate the donation of private sector resources for maintaining the continuous improvement and upgrading of state-of-the-art educational technology within the District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools.
- (c) DISTRÎCT EMPLOYMENT AND LEARNING CENTER -
- (1) Establishment.—The private, nonprofit corporation shall establish a center to be known as the "District Employment and Learning Center'' (in this subtitle referred to as the "center"), which shall serve as a regional institute providing job training and employment assistance.
  - (2) Duties.
- (A) JOB TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT ASSIST-ANCE PROGRAM.—The center shall establish a program to provide job training and employment assistance in the District of Columbia and shall coordinate with career preparation programs in existence on the date of enactment of this Act, such as vocational education, school-to-work, and career academies in the District of Columbia public schools.
- (B) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM.—In carrying out the program established under subparagraph (A), the center-
- (i) shall provide job training and employment assistance to youths who have attained the age of 18 but have not attained the age of 26, who are residents of the District of Columbia, and who are in need of such job training and employment assistance for an appropriate period not to exceed 2 years;
- (ii) shall work to establish partnerships and enter into agreements with appropriate agencies of the District of Columbia Government to serve individuals participating in appropriate Federal programs, including programs under the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.), the Job Opportunities and Basic Skills Training Program under part F of title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 681 et seq.), the Carl D.

Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.), and the School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.);

- (iii) shall conduct such job training, as appropriate, through a consortium of colleges, universities, community colleges, businesses, and other appropriate providers, in the District of Columbia metropolitan area;
- (iv) shall design modular training programs that allow students to enter and leave the training curricula depending on their opportunities for job assignments with employers; and
- (v) shall utilize resources from businesses to enhance work-based learning opportunities and facilitate access by students to work-based learning and work experience through temporary work assignments with employers in the District of Columbia metropolitan area.
- (C) COMPENSATION.—The center may provide compensation to youths participating in the program under this paragraph for partitime work assigned in conjunction with training. Such compensation may include need-based payments and reimbursement of expenses
- (d) Workforce Preparation Initiatives.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The private, nonprofit corporation shall establish initiatives with the District of Columbia public schools, and public charter schools, appropriate governmental agencies, and businesses and other private entities, to facilitate the integration of rigorous academic studies with workforce preparation programs in District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools.
- (2) CONDUCT OF INITIATIVES.—In carrying out the initiatives under paragraph (1), the private, nonprofit corporation shall, at a minimum, actively develop, expand, and promote the following programs:
- (A) Career academy programs in secondary schools, as such programs are established in certain District of Columbia public schools, which provide a school-within-a-school concept, focusing on career preparation and the integration of the academy programs with vocational and technical curriculum.
- (B) Programs carried out in the District of Columbia that are funded under the School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.).

  (e) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM
- (e) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR TEACHERS AND ADMINISTRATORS.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The private, nonprofit corporation shall establish a consortium consisting of the corporation, teachers, school administrators, and the consortium of universities located in the District of Columbia (in existence on the date of the enactment of this Act), for the purpose of establishing a program for the professional development of teachers and school administrators employed by the District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools.
- (2) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM.—In carrying out the program established under paragraph (1), the consortium established under such paragraph, in consultation with the task force established under subtitle D and the Superintendent, at a minimum, shall provide for the following:
- (A) Professional development for teachers consistent with the model professional development programs for teachers under section 2411(b)(4), or consistent with the core curriculum developed by the Superintendent under section 2411(b)(2), as the case may be, except that for fiscal year 1996, such professional development shall focus on curriculum for elementary school grades in reading and mathematics that have been demonstrated to be effective for students from low-income backgrounds.
- (B) Professional development for principals, with a special emphasis on middle

school principals, focusing on effective practices that reduce the number of students who drop out of school.

- $(\hat{C})$  Private sector training of teachers in the use, application, and operation of state-of-the-art technology in education.
- (D) Training for school principals and other school administrators in effective private sector management practices for the purpose of site-based management in the District of Columbia public schools, and training in the management of public charter schools established in accordance with this title.

#### SEC. 2705. MATCHING FUNDS.

The private, nonprofit corporation, to the extent practicable, shall provide matching funds, or in-kind contributions, or a combination thereof, for the purpose of carrying out the duties of the corporation under section 2704, as follows:

- (1) For fiscal year 1996, the nonprofit corporation shall provide matching funds or inkind contributions of \$1 for every \$1 of Federal funds provided under this subtitle for such year for activities under section 2704.
- (2) For fiscal year 1997, the nonprofit corporation shall provide matching funds or inkind contributions of \$3 for every \$1 of Federal funds provided under this subtitle for such year for activities under section 2704.
- (3) For fiscal year 1998, the nonprofit corporation shall provide matching funds or inkind contributions of \$5 for every \$1 of Federal funds provided under this subtitle for such year for activities under section 2704.

### SEC. 2706. REPORT.

The private, nonprofit corporation shall prepare and submit to the appropriate congressional committees on a quarterly basis, or, with respect to fiscal year 1996, on a biannual basis, a report which shall contain—

- (1) the activities the corporation has carried out, including the duties of the corporation described in section 2704, for the 3-month period ending on the date of the submission of the report, or, with respect to fiscal year 1996, the 6-month period ending on the date of the submission of the report;
- (2) an assessment of the use of funds or other resources donated to the corporation;
- (3) the results of the assessment carried out under section 2704(b)(3); and
- (4) a description of the goals and priorities of the corporation for the 3-month period beginning on the date of the submission of the report, or, with respect to fiscal year 1996, the 6-month period beginning on the date of the submission of the report.

# SEC. 2707. JOBS FOR D.C. GRADUATES PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The nonprofit corporation shall establish a program, to be known as the "Jobs for D.C. Graduates Program", to assist District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools in organizing and implementing a school-to-work transition system, which system shall give priority to providing assistance to at-risk youths and disadvantaged youths.
- (b) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM.—In carrying out the program established under subsection (a), the nonprofit corporation, consistent with the policies of the nationally recognized Jobs for America's Graduates, Inc., shall—
- (1) establish performance standards for such program;
- (2) provide ongoing enhancement and improvements in such program;
- (3) provide research and reports on the results of such program; and
- (4) provide preservice and inservice training.

# SEC. 2708. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION.—
- (1) DELTA COUNCIL; ACCESS TO STATE-OF-THE-ART EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY; AND WORKFORCE PREPARATION INITIATIVES.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry

- out subsections (a), (b), and (d) of section 2704, \$1,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1996, 1997, and 1998.
- (2) DEAL CENTER.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out section 2704(c), \$2,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1996, 1997, and 1998.
- (3) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR TEACHERS AND ADMINISTRATORS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out section 2704(e), \$1,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1996, 1997, and 1998.
- (4)  $\dot{\rm J}$ OBS FOR D.C. GRADUATES PROGRAM.— There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out section 2707—
  - (A) \$2,000,000 for fiscal year 1996; and
- (B) \$3,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1997 through 2000.
- (b) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a) are authorized to remain available until expended.

  SEC. 2709. TERMINATION OF FEDERAL SUPPORT;
  SENSE OF THE CONGRESS RELATING
  TO CONTINUATION OF ACTIVITIES.
- (a) TERMINATION OF FEDERAL SUPPORT.— The authority under this subtitle to provide assistance to the private, nonprofit corporation or any other entity established pursuant to this subtitle shall terminate on Octoher 1 1998
- (b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS RELATING TO CONTINUATION OF ACTIVITIES.—It is the sense of the Congress that—
- (1) the activities of the private, nonprofit corporation under section 2704 should continue to be carried out after October 1, 1998, with resources made available from the private sector; and
- (2) the corporation should provide oversight and coordination for such activities after such date.

# Subtitle J—Management and Fiscal Accountability

# SEC. 2751. MANAGEMENT SUPPORT SYSTEMS.

- (a) FOOD SERVICES AND SECURITY SERVICES.—Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation, the Board of Education shall enter into a contract for academic year 1995–1996 and each succeeding academic year, for the provision of all food services operations and security services for the District of Columbia public schools, unless the Superintendent determines that it is not feasible and provides the Superintendent's reasons in writing to the Board of Education and the Authority.
- (b) DEVELOPMENT OF NEW MANAGEMENT AND DATA SYSTEMS.—Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation, the Board of Education shall, in academic year 1995-1996, consult with the Authority on the development of new management and data systems, as well as training of personnel to use and manage the systems in areas of budget, finance, personnel and human resources, management information services, procurement, supply management, and other systems recommended by the Authority. Such plans shall be consistent with, and contempora-neous to, the District of Columbia Government's development and implementation of a replacement for the financial management system for the District of Columbia Government in use on the date of enactment of this
- (c) FISCAL YEAR 1996 FOR MANAGEMENT AND DATA SYSTEMS.—Not less than \$1,500,000 of the amount appropriated under title I of this Act for staff, stipends, and other-than-personal-services of the Board of Education shall be available to carry out subsection (b). SEC. 2752. ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Board of Education shall annually compile an accurate and verifiable report on the positions and employees in the District of Columbia public school system. The annual report shall set forth—

(1) the number of validated schedule A positions in the District of Columbia public schools for fiscal year 1995, fiscal year 1996, and thereafter on a full-time equivalent basis, including a compilation of all positions by control center, responsibility center, funding source, position type, position title, pay plan, grade, and annual salary; and

(2) a compilation of all employees in the District of Columbia public schools as of December 31, of the year preceding the year for which the report is made, verified as to its accuracy in accordance with the functions that each employee actually performs, by control center, responsibility center, agency reporting code, program (including funding source), activity, location for accounting purposes, job title, grade and classification, annual salary, and position control number.

annual salary, and position control number.

(b) SUBMISSION.—The annual report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted to the Congress, the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Consensus Commission, and the Authority, not later than February 8, 1996, and each February 8 thereafter.

SEC. 2753. ANNUAL BUDGETS AND BUDGET REVISIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than October 1, 1996, or prior to 15 calendar days after the date of the enactment of the District of Columbia Appropriations Act, 1996, whichever occurs first, and each succeeding year thereafter, the Board of Education shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Consensus Commission, and the Authority, a revised appropriated funds operating budget for the District of Columbia public school system for such fiscal year that is consistent with the total amount appropriated in an Act making appropriations for the District of Columbia for such fiscal year and that realigns budgeted data for personal services and other than personal services, with anticipated actual expenditures.

(b) SUBMISSION.—The revised budget required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in the format of the budget that the Board of Education submits to the Mayor for inclusion in the Mayor's budget submission to the District of Columbia Council pursuant to section 442 of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, Public Law 93–198 (D.C. Code, sec. 47–301).

# SEC. 2754. ACCESS TO FISCAL AND STAFFING DATA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The budget, financial-accounting, personnel, payroll, procurement, and management information systems of the District of Columbia public schools shall be coordinated and interface with related systems of the District of Columbia Government.

(b) ACCESS.—The Board of Education shall provide read-only access to its internal financial management systems and all other data bases to designated staff of the Mayor, the Council, the Authority, and appropriate congressional committees.

#### SEC. 2755. DEVELOPMENT OF FISCAL YEAR 1997 BUDGET REQUEST.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Board of Education shall develop its fiscal year 1997 gross operating budget and its fiscal year 1997 appropriated funds budget request in accordance with this section.

(b) FISCAL YEAR 1996 BUDGET REVISION.—Not later than February 15, 1996, the Board of Education shall develop, approve, and submit to the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Authority, and appropriate congressional committees, a revised fiscal year 1996 gross operating budget that reflects the amount appropriated in the District of Columbia Appropriations Act, 1996, and which—

(1) is broken out on the basis of appropriated funds and nonappropriated funds,

control center, responsibility center, agency reporting code, object class, and object; and

(2) indicates by position title, grade, and agency reporting code, all staff allocated to each District of Columbia public school as of October 15, 1995, and indicates on an object class basis all other-than-personal-services financial resources allocated to each school.

(c) ZERO-BASE BUDGET.—For fiscal year 1997, the Board of Education shall build its gross operating budget and appropriated funds request from a zero-base, starting from the local school level through the central office level.

(d) SCHOOL-BY-SCHOOL BUDGETS.—The Board of Education's initial fiscal year 1997 gross operating budget and appropriated funds budget request submitted to the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, and the Authority shall contain school-by-school budgets and shall also—

(1) be broken out on the basis of appropriated funds and nonappropriated funds, control center, responsibility center, agency reporting code, object class, and object;

(2) indicate by position title, grade, and agency reporting code all staff budgeted for each District of Columbia public school, and indicate on an object class basis all otherthan-personal-services financial resources allocated to each school; and

(3) indicate the amount and reason for all changes made to the initial fiscal year 1997 gross operating budget and appropriated funds request from the revised fiscal year 1996 gross operating budget required by subsection (b).

#### SEC. 2756. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

Section 1120A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6322) is amended—  $\,$ 

(1) in subsection (b)(1), by-

(A) striking "(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a State" and inserting "A State" and

(B) striking subparagraph (B); and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) EXCLUSION OF FUNDS.—For the purpose of complying with subsections (b) and (c), a State or local educational agency may exclude supplemental State or local funds expended in any school attendance area or school for programs that meet the intent and purposes of this part."

# Subtitle K—Personal Accountability and Preservation of School-Based Resources

# SEC. 2801. PRESERVATION OF SCHOOL-BASED STAFF POSITIONS.

(a) RESTRICTIONS ON REDUCTIONS OF SCHOOL-BASED EMPLOYEES.—To the extent that a reduction in the number of full-time equivalent positions for the District of Columbia public schools is required to remain within the number of full-time equivalent positions established for the public schools in appropriations Acts, no reductions shall be made from the full-time equivalent positions for school-based teachers, principals, counselors, librarians, or other school-based educational positions that were established as of the end of fiscal year 1995, unless the Authority makes a determination based on student enrollment that—

(1) fewer school-based positions are needed to maintain established pupil-to-staff ratios;

(2) reductions in positions for other than school-based employees are not practicable.

(b) DEFINITION.—The term "school-based educational position" means a position located at a District of Columbia public school or other position providing direct support to students at such a school, including a position for a clerical, stenographic, or secretarial employee, but not including any parttime educational aide position.

#### SEC. 2802. MODIFICATIONS OF BOARD OF EDU-CATION REDUCTION-IN-FORCE PRO-CEDURES.

The District of Columbia Government Comprehensive Merit Personnel Act of 1978 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-601.1 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 301 (D.C. Code, sec. 1.603.1)—
(A) by inserting after paragraph (13), the

(A) by inserting after paragraph (13), the following new paragraph:

"(13A) The term 'nonschool-based personnel' means any employee of the District of Columbia public schools who is not based at a local school or who does not provide direct services to individual students."; and

(B) by inserting after paragraph (15), the following new paragraph:

"(15A) The term 'school administrators' means principals, assistant principals, school program directors, coordinators, instructional supervisors, and support personnel of the District of Columbia public schools.":

(2) in section 801A(b)(2) (D.C. Code, sec. 1-609.1(b)(2)(L)—

(A) by striking "(L) reduction-in-force" and inserting "(L)(i) reduction-in-force"; and

(B) by inserting after subparagraph (L)(i), the following new clause:

"(ii) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Board of Education shall not issue rules that require or permit nonschoolbased personnel or school administrators to be assigned or reassigned to the same competitive level as classroom teachers;"; and

(3) in section 2402 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-625.2), by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Board of Education shall not require or permit nonschool-based personnel or school administrators to be assigned or reassigned to the same competitive level as classroom teachers."

# SEC. 2803. PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEE EVALUATIONS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule, or regulation, the evaluation process and instruments for evaluating District of Columbia public school employees shall be a nonnegotiable item for collective bargaining purposes.

# SEC. 2804. PERSONAL AUTHORITY FOR PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule, or regulation, an employee of a District of Columbia public school shall be—

(1) classified as an educational service employee;

(2) placed under the personnel authority of the Board of Education; and

(3) subject to all Board of Education rules.

(b) SCHOOL-BASED PERSONNEL.—School-based personnel shall constitute a separate competitive area from nonschool-based personnel who shall not compete with school-based personnel for retention purposes.

#### Subtitle L—Establishment and Organization of the Commission on Consensus Reform in the District of Columbia Public Schools

#### SEC. 2851. COMMISSION ON CONSENSUS REFORM IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.-

(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the District of Columbia Government a Commission on Consensus Reform in the District of Columbia Public Schools, consisting of 7 members to be appointed in accordance with paragraph (2).

(2) MEMBERSHIP.—The Consensus Commission shall consist of the following members:

(A) 1 member to be appointed by the President chosen from a list of 3 proposed members submitted by the Majority Leader of the Senate.

(B) 1 member to be appointed by the President chosen from a list of 3 proposed mem-

bers submitted by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.  $\,$ 

- (C) 2 members to be appointed by the President, of which 1 shall represent the local business community and 1 of which shall be a teacher in a District of Columbia public school.
- (D) The President of the District of Columbia Congress of Parents and Teachers.
- (E) The President of the Board of Education.

(F) The Superintendent.

- $\mbox{(G)}$  The Mayor and District of Columbia Council Chairman shall each name 1 non-voting ex officio member.
- (H) The Chief of the National Guard Bureau who shall be an ex officio member.
- (3) TERMS OF SERVICE.—The members of the Consensus Commission shall serve for a term of 3 years.
- (4) VACANCIES.—Any vacancy in the membership of the Consensus Commission shall be filled by the appointment of a new member in the same manner as provided for the vacated membership. A member appointed under this paragraph shall serve the remaining term of the vacated membership.

(5) QUALIFICATIONS.—Members of the Consensus Commission appointed under subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of paragraph (2) shall be residents of the District of Columbia and shall have a knowledge of public education

in the District of Columbia.

- (6) CHAIR.—The Chair of the Consensus Commission shall be chosen by the Consensus Commission from among its members, except that the President of the Board of Education and the Superintendent shall not be eligible to serve as Chair.
- (7) NO COMPENSATION FOR SERVICE.—Members of the Consensus Commission shall serve without pay, but may receive reimbursement for any reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by reason of service on the Consensus Commission.
- (b) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—The Consensus Commission shall have an Executive Director who shall be appointed by the Chair with the consent of the Consensus Commission. The Executive Director shall be paid at a rate determined by the Consensus Commission, except that such rate may not exceed the highest rate of pay payable for level EG-16 of the Educational Service of the District of Columbia.
- (c) STAFF.—With the approval of the Chair and the Authority, the Executive Director may appoint and fix the pay of additional personnel as the Executive Director considers appropriate, except that no individual appointed by the Executive Director may be paid at a rate greater than the rate of pay for the Executive Director.
- (d) SPECIAL RULE.—The Board of Education, or the Authority, shall reprogram such funds, as the Chair of the Consensus Commission shall in writing request, from amounts available to the Board of Education.

# SEC. 2852. PRIMARY PURPOSE AND FINDINGS.

- (a) Purpose.—The primary purpose of the Consensus Commission is to assist in developing a long-term reform plan that has the support of the District of Columbia community through the participation of representatives of various critical segments of such community in helping to develop and approve the plan.
  - (b) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
- (1) experience has shown that the failure of the District of Columbia educational system has been due more to the failure to implement a plan than the failure to develop a plan:
- (2) national studies indicate that 50 percent of secondary school graduates lack basic literacy skills, and over 30 percent of the 7th grade students in the District of Co-

lumbia public schools drop out of school before graduating;

- (3) standard student assessments indicate only average performance for grade level and fail to identify individual students who lack basic skills, allowing too many students to graduate lacking these basic skills and diminishing the worth of a diploma;
- (4) experience has shown that successful schools have good community, parent, and business involvement;
- (5) experience has shown that reducing dropout rates in the critical middle and secondary school years requires individual student involvement and attention through such activities as arts or athletics; and
- (6) experience has shown that close coordination between educators and business persons is required to provide noncollege-bound students the skills necessary for employment, and that personal attention is vitally important to assist each student in developing an appropriate career path.

#### SEC. 2853. DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE CON-SENSUS COMMISSION.

- (a) PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY.—The Board of Education and the Superintendent shall have primary responsibility for developing and implementing the long-term reform plan for education in the District of Columbia.
- (b) DUTIES.—The Consensus Commission shall—
- (1) identify any obstacles to implementation of the long-term reform plan and suggest ways to remove such obstacles;
- (2) assist in developing programs that—(A) ensure every student in a District of Columbia public school achieves basic literacy skills:
- (B) ensure every such student possesses the knowledge and skills necessary to think critically and communicate effectively by the completion of grade 8; and
- (C) lower the dropout rate in the District of Columbia public schools;
- (3) assist in developing districtwide assessments, including individual assessments, that identify District of Columbia public school students who lack basic literacy skills, with particular attention being given to grade 4 and the middle school years, and establish procedures to ensure that a teacher is made accountable for the performance of every such student in such teacher's class;
- (4) make recommendations to improve community, parent, and business involvement in District of Columbia public schools and public charter schools;
- (5) assess opportunities in the District of Columbia to increase individual student involvement and attention through such activities as arts or athletics, and make recommendations on how to increase such involvement; and
- (6) assist in the establishment of procedures that ensure every District of Columbia public school student is provided the skills necessary for employment, including the development of individual career paths.

(c) POWERS.—The Consensus Commission shall have the following powers:

- (1) To monitor and comment on the development and implementation of the long-term reform plan.
- (2) To exercise its authority, as provided in this subtitle, as necessary to facilitate implementation of the long-term reform plan.
- (3) To review and comment on the budgets of the Board of Education, the District of Columbia public schools and public charter
- (4) To recommend rules concerning the management and direction of the Board of Education that address obstacles to the development or implementation of the long-term reform plan.
- (5) To review and comment on the core curriculum for kindergarten through grade 12 developed under subtitle D.

(6) To review and comment on a core curriculum for prekindergarten, vocational and technical training, and adult education.

(7) To review and comment on all other educational programs carried out by the Board of Education and public charter schools.

- (8) To review and comment on the district-wide assessments for measuring student achievement in the core curriculum developed under subtitle D.
- (9) To review and comment on the model professional development programs for teachers using the core curriculum developed under subtitle D.
  - (d) LIMITATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle, the Consensus Commission shall have no powers to involve itself in the management or operation of the Board of Education with respect to the implementation of the long-term reform plan.
- (2) SPECIAL RULE.—If the Consensus Commission determines that the Board of Education has failed to take an action necessary to develop or implement the long-term reform plan or that the Board of Education is unable to do so, the Consensus Commission shall request the Authority to take appropriate action, and the Authority shall take such action as the Authority deems appropriate, to develop or implement, as the case may be, the long-term reform plan.

### SEC. 2854. IMPROVING ORDER AND DISCIPLINE.

- (a) COMMUNITY SERVICE REQUIREMENT FOR SUSPENDED STUDENTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Any student suspended from classes at a District of Columbia public school who is required to serve the suspension outside the school shall perform community service for the period of suspension. The community service required by this subsection shall be subject to rules and regulations promulgated by the Mayor.
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subsection shall take effect on the first day of the 1996–1997 academic year.
- (b) EXPIRATION DATE.—This section, and sections 2101(b)(1)(K) and 2851(a)(2)(H), shall cease to be effective on the last day of the 1997–1998 academic year.
- (c) REPORT.—The Consensus Commission shall study the effectiveness of the policies implemented pursuant to this section in improving order and discipline in District of Columbia public schools and report its findings to the appropriate congressional committees not later than 60 days prior to the last day of the 1997–1998 academic year.

### SEC. 2855. EDUCATIONAL PERFORMANCE AUDITS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Consensus Commission may examine and request the Inspector General of the District of Columbia or the Authority to audit the records of the Board of Education to ensure, monitor, and evaluate the performance of the Board of Education with respect to compliance with the long-term reform plan and such plan's overall educational achievement. The Consensus Commission shall conduct an annual review of the educational performance of the Board of Education with respect to meeting the goals of such plan for such year. The Board of Education shall cooperate and assist in the review or audit as requested by the Consensus Commission.
- (b) AUDIT.—The Consensus Commission may examine and request the Inspector General of the District of Columbia or the Authority to audit the records of any public charter school to assure, monitor, and evaluate the performance of the public charter school with respect to the content standards and districtwide assessments described in section 2411(b). The Consensus Commission shall receive a copy of each public charter school's annual report.

#### SEC. 2856. INVESTIGATIVE POWERS.

The Consensus Commission may investigate any action or activity which may hinder the progress of any part of the long-term reform plan. The Board of Education shall cooperate and assist the Consensus Commission in any investigation. Reports of the findings of any such investigation shall be provided to the Board of Education, the Superintendent, the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Authority, and the appropriate congressional committees.

# SEC. 2857. RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE CONSENSUS COMMISSION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Consensus Commission may at any time submit recommendations to the Board of Education, the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Authority, the Board of Trustees of any public charter school and the Congress with respect to actions the District of Columbia Government or the Federal Government should take to ensure implementation of the long-term reform plan.

(b) AUTHORITY ACTIONS.—Pursuant to the District of Columbia Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Act of 1995 or upon the recommendation of the Consensus Commission, the Authority may take whatever actions the Authority deems necessary to ensure the implementation of the long-term reform plan.

#### SEC. 2858. EXPIRATION DATE.

Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle, this subtitle shall be effective during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending 7 years after such date.

#### Subtitle M—Parent Attendance at Parent-Teacher Conferences

### SEC. 2901. POLICY.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Mayor is authorized to develop and implement a policy encouraging all residents of the District of Columbia with children attending a District of Columbia public school to attend and participate in at least one parent-teacher conference every 90 days during the academic year.

# Subtitle N—Low-Income Scholarships SEC. 2921. DEFINITIONS.

As used in this subtitle—

- (1) the term "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Corporation established under section 2922(b)(1);
- (2) the term "Corporation" means the District of Columbia Scholarship Corporation established under section 2922(a);
  - (3) the term "eligible institution"-
- (Å) in the case of an eligible institution serving a student who receives a tuition scholarship under section 2923(d)(1), means a private or independent elementary or secondary school; and
- (B) in the case of an eligible institution serving a student who receives an enhanced achievement scholarship under section 2923(d)(2), means an elementary or secondary school, or an entity that provides services to a student enrolled in an elementary or secondary school to enhance such student's achievement through activities described in section 2923(d)(2); and
- (4) the term "poverty line" means the income official poverty line (as defined by the Office of Management and Budget, and revised annually in accordance with section 673(2) of the Community Services Block Grant Act (42 U.S.C. 9902(2)) applicable to a family of the size involved.

# SEC. 2922. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SCHOLARSHIP CORPORATION.

(a) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be established a private, nonprofit corporation, to be known as the "District of Columbia Scholarship Corporation", which is neither

- an agency nor establishment of the United States Government or the District of Columbia Government.
- (2) DUTIES.—The Corporation shall have the responsibility and authority to administer, publicize, and evaluate the scholarship program in accordance with this subtitle, and to determine student and school eligibility for participation in such program.
- (3) CONSULTATION.—The Corporation shall exercise its authority—
- (A) in a manner consistent with maximizing educational opportunities for the maximum number of interested families; and
- (B) in consultation with the Board of Education, the Superintendent, the Consensus Commission, and other school scholarship programs in the District of Columbia.
- (4) APPLICATION OF PROVISIONS.—The Corporation shall be subject to the provisions of this subtitle, and, to the extent consistent with this subtitle, to the District of Columbia Nonprofit Corporation Act (D.C. Code, sec. 29-501 et seq.).
- (5) RESIDENCE.—The Corporation shall have its place of business in the District of Columbia and shall be considered, for purposes of venue in civil actions, to be a resident of the District of Columbia.

(6) FUND.—There is hereby established in the District of Columbia general fund a fund that shall be known as the "District of Columbia Scholarship Fund".

- (7) DISBURSEMENT.—The Mayor shall disburse to the Corporation, before October 15 of each fiscal year or not later than 15 days after the date of enactment of an Act making appropriations for the District of Columbia for such year, whichever occurs later, such funds as have been appropriated to the District of Columbia Scholarship Fund for the fiscal year for which such disbursement is made.
- (8) AVAILABILITY.—Funds authorized to be appropriated under this subtitle shall remain available until expended.
- (9) USES.—Funds authorized to be appropriated under this subtitle shall be used by the Corporation in a prudent and financially responsible manner, solely for scholarships, contracts, and administrative costs.
  - (10) AUTHORIZATION.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the District of Columbia Scholarship Fund—
  - (i) \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 1996;
  - (ii) \$7,000,000 for fiscal year 1997; and
- (iii) \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1998 through 2000.
- (B) LIMITATION.—Not more than \$250,000 of the amount appropriated to carry out this subtitle for any fiscal year may be used by the Corporation for any purpose other than assistance to students.
- (b) ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT; BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—
  - (1) BOARD OF DIRECTORS; MEMBERSHIP.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall have a Board of Directors comprised of 7 members, with 6 members of the Board appointed by the President not later than 30 days after receipt of nominations from the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, the Majority Leader of the Senate, and the Minority Leader of the Senate.
- (B) HOUSE NOMINATIONS.—The President shall appoint 2 members of the Board from a list of at least 6 individuals nominated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and 1 member of the Board from a list of at least 3 individuals nominated by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.
- (C) SENATE NOMINATIONS.—The President shall appoint 2 members of the Board from a list of at least 6 individuals nominated by the Majority Leader of the Senate, and 1 member of the Board from a list of at least

- 3 individuals nominated by the Minority Leader of the Senate.
- (D) DEADLINE.—The Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives and Majority Leader and Minority Leader of the Senate shall submit their nominations to the President not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (E) APPOINTEE OF MAYOR.—The Mayor shall appoint 1 member of the Board not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (F) POSSIBLE INTERIM MEMBERS.—If the President does not appoint the 6 members of the Board in the 30-day period described in subparagraph (A), then the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Majority Leader of the Senate shall each appoint 2 members of the Board, and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives and the Minority Leader of the Senate shall each appoint 1 of the Board, from among the individuals nominated pursuant to subparagraphs (A) and (B), as the case may be. The appointees under the preceding sentence together with the appointee of the Mayor, shall serve as an interim Board with all the powers and other duties of the Board described in this subtitle, until the President makes the appointments as described in this subsection.
- (2) POWERS.—All powers of the Corporation shall vest in and be exercised under the authority of the Board.
- (3) ELECTIONS.—Members of the Board annually shall elect 1 of the members of the Board to be chairperson of the Board.
- (4) RESIDENCY.—All members appointed to the Board shall be residents of the District of Columbia at the time of appointment and while serving on the Board.
- (5) NONEMPLOYEE.—No member of the Board may be an employee of the United States Government or the District of Columbia Government when appointed to or during tenure on the Board, unless the individual is on a leave of absence from such a position while serving on the Board.
- (6) INCORPORATION.—The members of the initial Board shall serve as incorporators and shall take whatever steps are necessary to establish the Corporation under the District of Columbia Nonprofit Corporation Act (D.C. Code. sec. 29-501 et seq.).
- Code, sec. 29-501 et seq.).

  (7) GENERAL TERM.—The term of office of each member of the Board shall be 5 years, except that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which the predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term.
- (8) CONSECUTIVE TERM.—No member of the Board shall be eligible to serve in excess of 2 consecutive terms of 5 years each. A partial term shall be considered as 1 full term. Any vacancy on the Board shall not affect the Board's power, but shall be filled in a manner consistent with this subtitle.
- (9) NO BENEFIT.—No part of the income or assets of the Corporation shall inure to the benefit of any Director, officer, or employee of the Corporation, except as salary or reasonable compensation for services.
- (10) POLITICAL ACTIVITY.—The Corporation may not contribute to or otherwise support any political party or candidate for elective public office.
- (11) NO OFFICERS OR EMPLOYEES.—The members of the Board shall not, by reason of such membership, be considered to be officers or employees of the United States Government or of the District of Columbia Government.
- (12) STIPENDS.—The members of the Board, while attending meetings of the Board or while engaged in duties related to such meetings or other activities of the Board pursuant to this subtitle, shall be provided a stipend. Such stipend shall be at the rate of \$150 per day for which the member of the

Board is officially recorded as having worked, except that no member may be paid a total stipend amount in any calendar year in excess of \$5.000.

- (13) CONGRESSIONAL INTENT.—Subject to the results of the program appraisal under section 2933, it is the intention of the Congress to turn over to District of Columbia officials the control of the Board at the end of the 5-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, under terms and conditions to be determined at that time.
  - (c) OFFICERS AND STAFF.-
- (1) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—The Corporation shall have an Executive Director, and such other staff, as may be appointed by the Board for terms and at rates of compensation, not to exceed level EG-16 of the Educational Service of the District of Columbia, to be fixed by the Board.
- (2) STAFF.—With the approval of the Board, the Executive Director may appoint and fix the salary of such additional personnel as the Executive Director considers appropriate
- (3) Annual rate.—No staff of the Corporation may be compensated by the Corporation at an annual rate of pay greater than the annual rate of pay of the Executive Director.
- (4) SERVICE.—All officers and employees of the Corporation shall serve at the pleasure of the Board.
- (5) QUALIFICATION.—No political test or qualification may be used in selecting, appointing, promoting, or taking other personnel actions with respect to officers, agents, or employees of the Corporation.
  - (d) Powers of the Corporation.—
- (1) GENERALLY.—The Corporation is authorized to obtain grants from, and make contracts with, individuals and with private, State, and Federal agencies, organizations, and institutions.
- (2) HIRING AUTHORITY.—The Corporation may hire, or accept the voluntary services of, consultants, experts, advisory boards, and panels to aid the Corporation in carrying out this subtitle.
  - (e) FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT AND RECORDS.—

    (1) AUDITS—The financial statements of
- (1) AUDITS.—The financial statements of the Corporation shall be—  $\,$
- (A) maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for nonprofit corporations; and
- (B) audited annually by independent certified public accountants.
- (2) REPORT.—The report for each such audit shall be included in the annual report to Congress required by section 2933(c).

# SEC. 2923. SCHOLARSHIPS AUTHORIZED.

- (a) ELIGIBLE STUDENTS.—The Corporation is authorized to award tuition scholarships under subsection (d)(1) and enhanced achievement scholarships under subsection (d)(2) to students in kindergarten through grade 12—
- (1) who are residents of the District of Columbia; and
- (2) whose family income does not exceed 185 percent of the poverty line.
  - (b) SCHOLARSHIP PRIORITY.—
- (1) FIRST.—The Corporation shall first award scholarships to students described in subsection (a) who—
- (A) are enrolled in a District of Columbia public school or preparing to enter a District of Columbia kindergarten, except that this subparagraph shall apply only for academic years 1996, 1997, and 1998; or
- (B) have received a scholarship from the Corporation in the year preceding the year for which the scholarship is awarded.
- (2) SECOND.—If funds remain for a fiscal year for awarding scholarships after awarding scholarships under paragraph (1), the Corporation shall award scholarships to students described in subsection (a) who are not described in paragraph (1).

- (c) Special Rule.—The Corporation shall attempt to ensure an equitable distribution of scholarship funds to students at diverse academic achievement levels.
  - (d) USE OF SCHOLARSHIP.—
- (1) Tuition Scholarships.—A tuition scholarship may be used only for the payment of the cost of the tuition and mandatory fees for, and transportation to attend, an eligible institution located within the geographic boundaries of the District of Columbia.

(2) ENHANCED ACHIEVEMENT SCHOLARSHIP.— An enhanced achievement scholarship may be used only for the payment of—

- (A) the costs of tuition and mandatory fees for, and transportation to attend, a program of nonsectarian instruction provided by an eligible institution which enhances student achievement of the core curriculum and is operated outside of regular school hours to supplement the regular school program;
- (B) the costs of tuition and mandatory fees for, and transportation to attend, afterschool activities that do not have an academic focus, such as athletics or music lessons; or
- (C) the costs of tuition and mandatory fees for, and transportation to attend, vocational, vocational-technical, and technical training programs.
- (e) NOT SCHOOL AID.—A scholarship under this subtitle shall be considered assistance to the student and shall not be considered assistance to an eligible institution.

# SEC. 2924. SCHOLARSHIP PAYMENTS AND AMOUNTS.

- (a) AWARDS.—From the funds made available under this subtitle, the Corporation shall award a scholarship to a student and make payments in accordance with section 2930 on behalf of such student to a participating eligible institution chosen by the parent of the student.
- (b) NOTIFICATION.—Each eligible institution that desires to receive payment under subsection (a) shall notify the Corporation not later than 10 days after—
- (1) the date that a student receiving a scholarship under this subtitle is enrolled, of the name, address, and grade level of such student:
- (2) the date of the withdrawal or expulsion of any student receiving a scholarship under this subtitle, of the withdrawal or expulsion; and
- (3) the date that a student receiving a scholarship under this subtitle is refused admission, of the reasons for such a refusal.
  - (c) TUITION SCHOLARSHIP.—
- (1) EQUAL TO OR BELOW POVERTY LINE.—For a student whose family income is equal to or below the poverty line, a tuition scholarship may not exceed the lesser of—
- $(\dot{A})$  the cost of tuition and mandatory fees for, and transportation to attend, an eligible institution; or
- (B) \$3,000 for fiscal year 1996, with such amount adjusted in proportion to changes in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the Department of Labor for each of fiscal years 1997 through 2000.
- (2) ABOVE POVERTY LINE.—For a student whose family income is greater than the poverty line, but not more than 185 percent of the poverty line, a tuition scholarship may not exceed the lesser of—
- $(A)\ 50$  percent of the cost of tuition and mandatory fees for, and transportation to attend, an eligible institution; or
- (B) \$1,500 for fiscal year 1996, with such amount adjusted in proportion to changes in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the Department of Labor for each of fiscal years 1997 through 2000
- (d) Enhanced Achievement Scholarship.—
  (1) Equal to or below poverty line.—For
- (1) EQUAL TO OR BELOW POVERTY LINE.—For a student whose family income is equal to or

below the poverty line, an enhanced achievement scholarship may not exceed the lesser of—

- (A) the costs of tuition and mandatory fees for, and transportation to attend, a program of nonsectarian instruction at an eligible institution: or
- (B) \$1,500 for 1996, with such amount adjusted in proportion to changes in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the Department of Labor for each of fiscal years 1997 through 2000.
- (2) ABOVE POVERTY LINE.—For a student whose family income is greater than the poverty line, but not more than 185 percent of the poverty line, an enhanced achievement scholarship may not exceed the lesser of—
- (A) 50 percent of the costs of tuition and mandatory fees for, and transportation to attend, a program of nonsectarian instruction at an eligible institution; or
- (B) \$750 for fiscal year 1996 with such amount adjusted in proportion to changes in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the Department of Labor for each of fiscal years 1997 through 2000
  - (e) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.—
  - (1) FEDERAL FUNDS.—
- (A) PLAN.—The Corporation shall submit to the District of Columbia Council a proposed allocation plan for the allocation of Federal funds between the tuition scholarships under section 2923(d)(1) and enhanced achievement scholarships under section 2923(d)(2).
- (B) CONSIDERATION.—Not later than 30 days after receipt of each such plan, the District of Columbia Council shall consider such proposed allocation plan and notify the Corporation in writing of its decision to approve or disapprove such allocation plan.
- (C) OBJECTIONS.—In the case of a vote of disapproval of such allocation plan, the District of Columbia Council shall provide in writing the District of Columbia Council's objections to such allocation plan.
- (D) RESUBMISSION.—The Corporation may submit a revised allocation plan for consideration to the District of Columbia Council.
- (E) PROHIBITION.—No Federal funds provided under this subtitle may be used for any scholarship until the District of Columbia Council has approved the allocation plan for the Corporation.
- (2) PRIVATE FUNDS.—The Corporation shall annually allocate unrestricted private funds equitably, as determined by the Board, for scholarships under paragraph (1) and (2) of section 2923(d), after consultation with the public, the Mayor, the District of Columbia Council, the Board of Education, the Superintendent, and the Consensus Commission.

# SEC. 2925. CERTIFICATION OF ELIGIBLE INSTITUTIONS.

- (a) APPLICATION.—An eligible institution that desires to receive a payment on behalf of a student who receives a scholarship under this subtitle shall file an application with the Corporation for certification for participation in the scholarship program under this subtitle. Each such application shall—
- (1) demonstrate that the eligible institution has operated with not less than 25 students during the 3 years preceding the year for which the determination is made unless the eligible institution is applying for certification as a new eligible institution under subsection (c);
- (2) contain an assurance that the eligible institution will comply with all applicable requirements of this subtitle;
- (3) provide the most recent audit of the financial statements of the eligible institution by an independent certified public accountant using generally accepted auditing standards, completed not earlier than 3 years before the date such application is filed;

- (4) describe the eligible institution's proposed program, including personnel qualifications and fees;
- (5) contain an assurance that a student receiving a scholarship under this subtitle shall not be required to attend or participate in a religion class or religious ceremony without the written consent of such student's parent;
- (6) contain an assurance that funds received under this subtitle will not be used to pay the costs related to a religion class or a religious ceremony, except that such funds may be used to pay the salary of a teacher who teaches such class or participates in such ceremony if such teacher also teaches an academic class at such eligible institution:
- (7) contain an assurance that the eligible institution will abide by all regulations of the District of Columbia Government applicable to such eligible institution; and
- (8) contain an assurance that the eligible institution will implement due process requirements for expulsion and suspension of students, including at a minimum, a process for appealing the expulsion or suspension decision.
  - (b) CERTIFICATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), not later than 60 days after receipt of an application in accordance with subsection (a), the Corporation shall certify an eligible institution to participate in the scholarship program under this subtitle.
- (2) CONTINUATION.—An eligible institution's certification to participate in the scholar-ship program shall continue unless such eligible institution's certification is revoked in accordance with subsection (d).
- (3) EXCEPTION FOR 1996.—For fiscal year 1996 only, and after receipt of an application in accordance with subsection (a), the Corporation shall certify the eligibility of an eligible institution to participate in the scholarship program under this subtitle at the earliest practicable date.
  - (c) NEW ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible institution that did not operate with at least 25 students in the 3 years preceding the year for which the determination is made may apply for a 1-year provisional certification to participate in the scholarship program under this subtitle for a single year by providing to the Corporation not later than July 1 of the year preceding the year for which the determination is made—
- (A) a list of the eligible institution's board of directors;
- (B) letters of support from not less than 10 members of the community served by such eligible institution;
  - (C) a business plan;
  - (D) an intended course of study;
- (E) assurances that the eligible institution will begin operations with not less than 25 students;
- (F) assurances that the eligible institution will comply with all applicable requirements of this subtitle; and
- (G) a statement that satisfies the requirements of paragraph (2), and paragraphs (4) through (8), of subsection (a).
- (2) ČERTIFICATION.—Not later than 60 days after the date of receipt of an application described in paragraph (1), the Corporation shall certify in writing the eligible institution's provisional certification to participate in the scholarship program under this subtitle unless the Corporation determines that good cause exists to deny certification.
- (3) RENEWAL OF PROVISIONAL CERTIFICATION.—After receipt of an application under paragraph (1) from an eligible institution that includes an audit of the financial statements of the eligible institution by an independent certified public accountant using generally accepted auditing standards

completed not earlier than 12 months before the date such application is filed, the Corporation shall renew an eligible institution's provisional certification for the second and third years of the school's participation in the scholarship program under this subtitle unless the Corporation finds—

- (A) good cause to deny the renewal, including a finding of a pattern of violation of requirements described in section 2926(a); or
- (B) consistent failure of 25 percent or more of the students receiving scholarships under this subtitle and attending such school to make appropriate progress (as determined by the Corporation) in academic achievement.
- (4) DENIAL OF CERTIFICATION.—If provisional certification or renewal of provisional certification under this subsection is denied, then the Corporation shall provide a written explanation to the eligible institution of the reasons for such denial.
  - (d) REVOCATION OF ELIGIBILITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation, after notice and hearing, may revoke an eligible institution's certification to participate in the scholarship program under this subtitle for a year succeeding the year for which the determination is made for—
- (A) good cause, including a finding of a pattern of violation of program requirements described in section 2926(a); or
- (B) consistent failure of 25 percent or more of the students receiving scholarships under this subtitle and attending such school to make appropriate progress (as determined by the Corporation) in academic achievement.
- (2) EXPLANATION.—If the certification of an eligible institution is revoked, the Corporation shall provide a written explanation of its decision to such eligible institution and require a pro rata refund of the payments received under this subtitle.

# SEC. 2926. PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS FOR ELIGIBLE INSTITUTIONS.

- (a) REQUIREMENTS.—Each eligible institution participating in the scholarship program under this subtitle shall—
- (1) provide to the Corporation not later than June 30 of each year the most recent audit of the financial statements of the eligible institution by an independent certified public accountant using generally accepted auditing standards completed not earlier than 3 years before the date the application is filed; and
- (2) charge a student that receives a scholarship under this subtitle the same amounts for the cost of tuition and mandatory fees for, and transportation to attend, such eligible institution as other students who are residents of the District of Columbia and enrolled in such eligible institution.
- (b) COMPLIANCE.—The Corporation may require documentation of compliance with the requirements of subsection (a), but neither the Corporation nor any governmental entity may impose additional requirements upon an eligible institution as a condition of participation in the scholarship program under this subtitle.

#### SEC. 2927. CIVIL RIGHTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—An eligible institution participating in the scholarship program under this subtitle shall be deemed to be a recipient of Federal financial assistance for the purposes of the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.), title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.), and section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794).
- (b) REVOCATION.—Notwithstanding section 2926(b), if the Secretary of Education determines that an eligible institution participating in the scholarship program under this subtitle is in violation of any of the laws listed in subsection (a), then the Corporation

shall revoke such eligible institution's certification to participate in the program.

#### SEC. 2928. CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this subtitle shall affect the rights of students or the obligations of the District of Columbia public schools under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.).
- (b) PRIVATE OR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL SCHOLARSHIPS.—
- (I) DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBLITY FOR SERVICES.—If requested by either a parent of a child with a disability who attends a private or independent school receiving funding under this subtitle or by the private or independent school receiving funding under this subtitle, the Board of Education shall determine the eligibility of such child for services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.).
- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—If a child is determined eligible for services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.) pursuant to paragraph (1), the Board of Education shall—
- (A) develop an individualized education program, as defined in section 602 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1401), for such child; and
- (B) negotiate with the private or independent school to deliver to such child the services described in the individualized education program.
- (3) APPEAL.—If the Board of Education determines that a child is not eligible for services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.) pursuant to paragraph (1), such child shall retain the right to appeal such determination under such Act as if such child were attending a District of Columbia public school.

#### SEC. 2929. CONSTRUCTION PROHIBITION.

### SEC. 2930. SCHOLARSHIP PAYMENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—
- (1) PROPORTIONAL PAYMENT.—The Corporation shall make scholarship payments to participating eligible institutions on a schedule established by the Corporation.
- (2) PRO RATA AMOUNTS FOR STUDENT WITH-DRAWAL.—
- (A) BEFORE PAYMENT.—If a student receiving a scholarship withdraws or is expelled from an eligible institution before a scholarship payment is made, the eligible institution shall receive a pro rata payment based on the amount of the scholarship and the number of days the student was enrolled in the eligible institution.
- (B) AFTER PAYMENT.—If a student receiving a scholarship withdraws or is expelled after a scholarship payment is made, the eligible institution shall refund to the Corporation on a pro rata basis the proportion of any scholarship payment received for the remaining days of the school year. Such refund shall occur not later than 30 days after the date of the withdrawal or expulsion of the student.
- (b) FUND TRANSFERS.—The Corporation shall make scholarship payments to participating eligible institutions by electronic funds transfer. If such an arrangement is not available, then the eligible institution shall submit an alternative payment proposal to the Corporation for approval.

#### SEC. 2931. APPLICATION SCHEDULE AND PROCE-DURES.

The Corporation shall implement a schedule and procedures for processing applications for awarding student scholarships under this subtitle that includes a list of certified eligible institutions, distribution of information to parents and the general public (including through a newspaper of general circulation), and deadlines for steps in the scholarship application and award process.

#### SEC. 2932. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—An eligible institution participating in the scholarship program under this subtitle shall report not later than July 30 of each year in a manner prescribed by the Corporation, the following
- (1) Student achievement in the eligible institution's programs.
- (2) Grade advancement for scholarship students.
- (3) Disciplinary actions taken with respect to scholarship students.
- (4) Graduation, college admission test scores, and college admission rates, if applicable for scholarship students.
- (5) Types and amounts of parental involvement required for all families of scholarship students.
- (6) Student attendance for scholarship and nonscholarship students.
  (7) General information on curriculum,
- programs, facilities, credentials of personnel, and disciplinary rules at the eligible institution.
- (8) Number of scholarship students enrolled.
- (9) Such other information as may be required by the Corporation for program ap-
- (b) CONFIDENTIALITY.—No personal identifiers may be used in such report, except that the Corporation may request such personal identifiers solely for the purpose verification.

#### SEC. 2933. PROGRAM APPRAISAL.

- (a) STUDY.—Not later than 4 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Department of Education shall provide for an independent evaluation of the scholarship program under this subtitle, including-
- (1) a comparison of test scores between scholarship students and District of Columbia public school students of similar backgrounds, taking into account the students' academic achievement at the time of the award of their scholarships and the students family income level:
- (2) a comparison of graduation rates between scholarship students and District of Columbia public school students of similar backgrounds, taking into account the students' academic achievement at the time of the award of their scholarships and the students' family income level: and
- (3) the satisfaction of parents of scholar-
- ship students with the scholarship program.
  (b) PUBLIC REVIEW OF DATA.—All data gathered in the course of the study described in subsection (a) shall be made available to the public upon request except that no personal identifiers shall be made public.

  (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than
- September 1 of each year, the Corporation shall submit a progress report on the scholarship program to the appropriate congressional committees. Such report shall include a review of how scholarship funds were expended, including the initial academic achievement levels of students who have participated in the scholarship program.
- (d) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated for the study described in subsection (a), \$250,000, which shall remain available until expended.

### SEC. 2934. JUDICIAL REVIEW.

The United States District Court for the District of Columbia shall have jurisdiction over any constitutional challenges to the scholarship program under this subtitle and shall provide expedited review.

And the Senate agree to the same.

JAMES T. WALSH, HENRY BONILLA, JACK KINGSTON, RODNEY P. FRELINGHUYSEN, MARK W. NEUMANN,

BOB LIVINGSTON, Managers on the Part of the House.

JIM JEFFORDS, BEN NIGHTHORSE CAMPBELL, MARK O. HATFIELD, Managers on the Part of the Senate.

After debate.

By unanimous consent, the previous question was ordered.

Mr. DIXON moved to recommit the conference report on H.R. 2546 to the committee of conference with instructions for the managers on the part of the House to amend the conference report to delete the following provisions: \$5,000,000 for low-income scholarships under the heading "Federal Contribution for Education Reform", \$5,000,000 for the District of Columbia Scholarship Corporation under the heading "Education Reform", and the entire text of "Subtitle N--Low-Income N--Low-Income Scholarships" of Title II authorizing scholarships for low-income students.

By unanimous consent, the previous question was ordered on the motion to recommit with instructions.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House recommit said conference report?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, announced that the nays had it.

Mr. DIXON objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

Yeas ...... 180 When there appeared Nays ..... 232

#### ¶10.19[Roll No. 22] YEAS-180

Abercrombie Durbin Kennedy (MA) Ackerman Edwards Kennedy (RI) Andrews Engel Kennelly English Kildee Baesler Baldacci Eshoo Kleczka Barrett (WI) Evans Klink LaFalce Farr Becerra Beilenson Fattah Lantos Bentsen Fazio Levin Fields (LA) Lewis (GA) Berman Foglietta Lincoln Bishop Boehlert Ford Lofgren Frank (MA) Bonior Lowey Borski Frost Luther Boucher Furse Malonev Brown (CA) Gejdenson Manton Brown (FL) Brown (OH) Gibbons Gonzalez Markey Martinez Cardin Gordon Mascara Clay Clayton Green Gutierrez Matsui McCarthy Hall (OH) McDermott Clyburn Coleman Hamilton McHale McHugh Harman Collins (IL) Hastings (FL) McKinney Collins (MI) Hefner McNulty Condit Hilliard Meehan Conyers Hinchey Meek Menendez Costello Holden Coyne Horn Mfume Danner Hoyer Miller (CA) Jackson (IL) Minge Mink DeFazio DeLauro Jackson-Lee Dellums (TX) Moakley Jacobs Deutsch Mollohan Jefferson Murtha Dingell Johnson (SD) Nadler Johnson, E. B. Dixon Neal Doggett Johnston Oberstar Öbey Dooley Kanjorski

Ortiz Orton Owens Pallone Pastor Payne (NJ) Payne (VA) Pelosi Peterson (FL) Peterson (MN) Pickett Pomeroy Poshard Rahall Ramstad Rangel Reed Richardson Rivers Roemer

Roybal-Allard Thurman Rush Torkildsen Sabo Torres Sanders Torricelli Sawyer Schroeder Towns Traficant Schumer Velazquez Scott Vento Visclosky Serrano Sisisky Volkmer Skaggs Ward Skelton Waters Slaughter Watt (NC) Spratt Waxman Stark Wise Stokes Woolsey Studds Wvnn Tejeda Yates Thompson Thornton

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Allard Franks (NJ) Archer Frelinghuysen Armey Frisa Bachus Funderburk Baker (CA) Gallegly Baker (LA) Ganske -Ballenger Gekas Barcia Gilchrest Gillmor Barr Barrett (NE) Gilman Bartlett Goodlatte Goodling Barton Goss Graham Bateman Greenwood Bereuter Gunderson Bilbray Gutknecht Hall (TX) Bilirakis Bliley Hancock Blute Hansen Boehner Hastert Bonilla Hastings (WA) Bono Havworth Hefley Brewster Browder Heineman Brownback Herger Bryant (TN) Hilleary Bunn Hobson Bunning Hoekstra Hoke Burr Burton Hostettler Buver Houghton Callahan Hunter Calvert Hutchinson Camp Hvde Campbell Inglis Canady Istook Johnson (CT) Castle Chabot Johnson, Sam Jones Kasich Chambliss Chenoweth Christensen Kelly Chrysler Kim Clinger King Kingston Coble Klug Knollenberg Coburn Collins (GA) Combest Kolbe LaHood Cooley Cox Latham Cramer LaTourette Crane Laughlin Lazio Crapo Lewis (CA) Cremeans Cubin Lewis (KY) Cunningham Lightfoot Davis Linder de la Garza Lipinski Livingston Deal Diaz-Balart LoBiondo Doolittle Longley Dornan Manzullo Dreier Duncan Martini Dunn McCollum **Ehlers** McCrery Ehrlich McDade Emerson McInnis Ensign McKeon Metcalf Everett Ewing Meyers Fawell Mica Miller (FL) Flanagan Foley Molinari Montgomery Forbes Fowler Moorhead Moran

Franks (CT)

Morella

Mvers Myrick Nethercutt Neumann Ney Norwood Nussle Packard Parker Paxon Petri Pombo Porter Portman Pryce Quillen Quinn Radanovich Regula Riggs Roberts Rogers Rohrabacher Ros-Lehtinen Roth Royce Salmon Sanford Saxton Scarborough Schaefer Schiff Seastrand Sensenbrenner Shadegg Shaw Shays Shuster Skeen Smith (MI) Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Solomon Souder Spence Stearns Stenholm Stump Stunak Talent Tanner Tate Tauzin Taylor (MS) Taylor (NC) Thomas Thornberry Tiahrt Upton Vucanovich Waldholtz

Walker

Walsh

Weller

White

Wicker

Wolf

Zeliff

Zimmer

Whitfield

Young (AK)

Young (FL)

Wamp Watts (OK)

Weldon (FL)

Weldon (PA)

Olver

Kaptur

Doyle